"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Unsettled, probably rains to-day; fair, colder to-morrow; variable to north winds.
For full weather report see Page 10.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,465. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1914.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

FEDERAL INQUIRY AIMS AT PRINTERS

Grand Jury Calls Union Heads to Tell of Alliance Among the Trades.

THE MOVE IS A SURPRISE

Photo-Engravers Asked to Testify First About Their Relation with Council In This City.

The Federal Grand Jury began yesterday an investigation into the affairs of the Allied Printing Trades Council of New York City. It is being directed by Assistant District Attorney Harold Harper, and it is understood that it is intended to discover whether the relations which exist among the different branches of the printing trade constitute a breach of the Sherman law against combinations in restraint of trade.

George Stein, Acting Secretary of the Allied Printing Trades Council, and David Walsh, Secretary-Treasurer of the State Council, were summoned to appear, and in addition some of the officials of the Photo-Engravers Union No. 1 were examined. After they had been questioned briefly they were dismissed under subpoenas to return again to-day, bring with them the books of their organizations.

The action of the Government seems to have come to the printing trades like a bolt from a clear sky. Officials of the Allied Printing Trades Council last night professed absolute ignorance of the intentions of the Government, and James R. Thomson, Treasurer of the Typothetae, the employers' organization, said last night that he had heard nothing of this move on the part of the Governments, but it is believed that the alleged offense of the organization lies in its exercise of authority over the use of union labels.

The unions which make up the Allied Printing Trades Council are Typographical Union No. 6, German-American Typographical Union No. 7, Hebrew-American Typographical Union No. 83, Photo-Engravers' Union No. 1, International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, Local No. 1; Bohemian Typographical Union No. 131, Mailers' Union No. 6, Pressmen's Union No. 51, Franklin Association No. 28, Stereotypers' Union No. 1, Local Paper Rulers' Union No. 8, Newspaper Web Pressmen's Union No. 25, Italian Typographical Union No. 231, Job Press Feeders' Union No. 1, Hungarian Typographical Union No. 440, Electrotypers' Union No. 100, Bookbinders' Union No. 6, Bookbinders' Union No. 22, Newspaper Writers' Union No. 4, and Women's Bindery Union No. 43.

The Government has set in motion several times of late the Sherman law against combinations of trades unions. Recently the Anti-Boycott Association achieved a victory in relation to the carpenters' organizations, which the Federal courts held were so strong in Manhattan as to amount to a conspiracy to restrain trade, and, as no official announcement had been made, it was presumed yesterday that the Government was seeking to show that through the Allied Printing Trades Council the printers and their associates had also been able to restrain trade.

It was, however, pointed out by the officials of the council last night that there had not been for some time any change in the general situation. The big strike of a few years ago resulted in the establishment in this city of a number of non-union shops alongside the regularly unionized ones, and they have continued to exist. In the last few months, it was said, some of the largest of the open-shop employers had taken the attitude that they had ceased to care whether their men belonged to the union or not, and so the hope had been raised in the minds of the unions that before long they would have practically every printer in the important shops, whether the employers recognized it or not, but this process has been a gradual one and has caused no disturbance.

From the fact that the photo-engravers was the only one of the trades represented on the council singled out for a subpoena, it is presumed that the Government has been attracted especially by the relations existing between them and the printers, and that at first at any rate the investigation will turn on the nature of that alliance.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—At the Department of Justice this evening it was said that the Federal Grand Jury's investigation in New York of the Allied Printing Trades Council and the photo engravers was altogether in the hands of the District Attorney, It could not be recalled that the subject had been referred to the department, and no information was on hand showing whether the investigation extended to Philadelphia.

ALL HIS FOOD TO HIS DOGS.

Aged Recluse Found Dying of Hunger and Cold.

Special to The New York Times.

PARSIPPANY, N. J., Feb. 3.—Amos Morgan, an eighty-three-year-old hermit, was found dying of hunger and cold today in his log cabin in the woods here. In the severe weather of two weeks ago he slipped and sprained his ankle at the door. Unable to walk, he broke up what furniture he had in the house to keep the stove going. He gave all his food to his two collies, and went hungry himself.

After the supply was exhausted Morgan crawled to his door and opened it. There was a good-sized pig in a pen near by, and he ordered the dogs to bring it out. This they did, and food for another week was obtained.

The aged recluse finally became unconscious. The howling of the dogs attracted Abram Hettiger, a farmer near by, and with others he went to the hut to find the aged man nearly dead. It is thought he cannot recover.

TRAIN HELD FOR HURT BOY.

Sufferer Rushed from Monticello to Mt. Sinai Hospital Here.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., Feb. 3.—The Chicago Limited of the Ontario and Western Railroad was held at Fallsburgh station, Sullivan County, for fifteen minutes last night to await the arrival of an automobile containing seven-year-old Harry Orloff, who had been seriously injured at Monticello.

The lad was coasting down a steep hill, when he lost control of his sled and it crashed into a building. His left hip was fractured. Dr. J. F. Curlette was summoned, and he ordered that the boy be taken to a New York hospital immediately. Word was telephoned to Fallsburgh to hold up the Limited. On the arrival of the train in New York the injured lad was taken to Mount Sinai Hospital.

Latest Shipping News.

ARRIVED—SS Colombo, Marseilles, Jan. 9. SS Northiowa, Port Arthur, Jan. 23. SS Marcona, Port of Spain, Jan. 27.

GIRLS WIRELESS THE TIMES.

Greetings from Party on Way to Cornell Sent from Lackawanna Train

A demonstration of wireless telegraphy on a moving train was given yesterday for 143 young women, who left in the morning on the Lackawanna Limited to attend the Junior Prom at Cornell University last night. Many messages were sent and received while the only train in the world equipped with wireless telegraph apparatus sped between Hoboken and Owego, the junction station for Ithaca.

George A. Cullen, Passenger Traffic Manager of the Lackawanna, was in charge of the party, and he sent a wireless message to THE NEW YORK TIMES. It read:

On Board the Lacakawanna Limited,
Thirty Miles West of Scranton.
To THE NEW YORK TIMES:
Wireless greetings from 143 young ladies en route to the Cornell Junior Prom.
G. A. CULLEN.

The train was going at an approximate speed of sixty miles an hour and the message was sent to the Lackawanna's wireless station at Scranton, from which it was relayed by wireless to the Marconi station on the Wanamaker Building. It was delivered in THE TIMES office shortly afterward.

The radius of wireless efficiency from the moving train has been increased from fifty miles to eighty-five by adding another wire to the aerial, and a new generator has been installed that unfailingly supplies abundant current.

REJECT SUFFRAGE PROJECT.

No "Votes for Women" Committee for House, Caucus Decides.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The effort to obtain Congressional sanction of the woman suffrage cause received another setback to-night when the Democratic members in caucus declined to agree to the proposition that a committee on woman suffrage be created by the House. By a vote of 123 to 57 the caucus adopted a resolution that equal suffrage was a question pertaining to the States and not to the national Government.

This action was taken to be an answer to the threat made by the radical element of the suffragist cause that if the Democratic Party in Congress did not declare in favor of "Votes for women," a contest would be made against Democratic candidates for Congress in every doubtful district.

A movement was started among Democratic members to-day not to attend the caucus, and thus, by breaking a quorum, prevent action. But Mr. Underwood, the floor leader, nipped this scheme. He told the leaders the suffrage question must be met squarely. There was a very full attendance at the caucus.

John E. Raker of California led the forces for suffrage. Thomas L. Heflin of Alabama, a bacnelor, led the opposition and was supported by Thomas W. Hardwick of Georgia. Mr. Heflin argued that the matter of suffrage was one that affected the States.

Practically all of the Democratic leaders voted for the Heflin view. Among them were Speaker Clark, Mr. Underwood, and A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania, the Chairman of the caucus.

WIN NEW JERSEY HOUSE.

Suffrage Resolution Passes—"Too Much Mrs. Colby," Says Opponent.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Feb. 3.—The House passed the resolution providing for an amendment to the Constitution giving women the right to vote this afternoon. Forty-nine of the members favored the measure and only four, all Democrats, opposed it.

The resolution will now go to the Senate, and, if adopted, will go before the Legislature again next Winter. If it is passed again it will be submitted to the electorate for ratification. The resolution was passed last Winter, but there was an error in the required advertising and the action failed.

Assemblyman Charles A. Nutting of Essex County in opposing the measure spoke of Everett Colby's campaign for the suffrage and said that it was conducted by the candidate's wife, who is one of the leading suffragists in New Jersey. The Assemblyman said that it was a case of "too much Mrs. Colby," and Speaker Beekman promptly declared him out of order. Nutting then attempted to criticise Mrs. McCormick, daughter of the late Mark Hanna, and was again called to order. He appealed from the Chair's ruling, but the other members unanimously supported the Speaker and Nutting was forced to his seat.

LIVE BABY BY PARCEL POST.

Dead Man's Ashes Sent by Same Accommodating Delivery Service.

WELLINGTON, Kan., Feb. 3.—Mrs E. H. Staley of this city received her two-year-old nephew by parcel post to-day from his grandmother in Stratford, Okla., where he had been left for a visit three weeks ago.

The boy wore a tag about his neck showing it had cost 18 cents to send him through the mails. He was transported 25 miles by rural route before reaching the railroad. He rode with the mail clerks, shared his lunch with them and arrived here in good condition.

RECORD DURATION FLIGHT.

German Airman Stays in the Air from 8 A. M. Till 10:15 P. M.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—A remarkable duration flight was made from the Johannisthal flying ground to-day by the German airman Langer. He started in a biplane at 8 A. M. and did not descend till 10:15 to-night.

He circled the ground for a couple of hours and then made cross-country flights, reappearing at Johannisthal in the evening. The ground was illuminated when it became dark. Most favorable weather prevailed throughout.

The flight constitutes a world's record. The previous best was the flight made by the French airman Fourny in September, 1912, when he was in the air 13 hours 18 minutes.

TWO AMERICANS ARRESTED.

Newspaper Woman and a Photographer Prisoners in Mexico City.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 3.—Victoria Hastings, an American newspaper woman, and Mr. Wallace, staff photographer for an American publication, were arrested here to-night. The charges against them have not been made public.

The American Embassy is endeavoring to obtain their release.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
THE STANDARD RAILROAD OF THE SOUTH. 4 Ltd. Trains Daily to Florida, Cuba. South: 9:15 A. M., 12:38 noon, 3:34, 9:30 P. M. 1116 B'way. Tel. Mad. Sq. 1400.—Adv.

TICKET WAR STARTS ACTION BY WHITMAN

Prosecutor Begins Inquiry Today Into Speculation and the Sale to Brokers.

PLAN TO ENACT NEW LAW

Proposed Ordinance Would Bar Sale Outside of Box Offices—A Tyson Secret Revealed.

Renewed warfare between the theatrical firms of Klaw & Erlanger and the Shuberts, which started when F. Ray Comstock, one of the Shubert lieutenants, purchased an interest in the ticket brokerage firm of The Tyson Company, has led to an investigation by the District Attorney's office. Mr. Whitman is understood to hope that he will be able to do away with ticket speculation and the sale of theatre tickets any where except in the box offices of theatres.

In order to find if there was any foundation for the talk about the sale of tickets by the theatrical managers direct to ticket brokers, Assistant District Attorney Arthur C. Train yesterday sent a letter to the Shuberts and to W. J. Fallon, President of The Tyson Company, asking them to call at his office and discuss the ticket situation with him. Just what turn the discussion will take is not known.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Hahlow, who in the past has made a study of ticket speculation in the city and took part in the last Aldermanic investigation of the matter, has been called into the present investigation and will work in harmony with the District Attorney's office.

The actual investigation will begin today. Other ticket brokers besides The Tyson Company will be asked to discuss the matter, and it is said that an effort will be made to obtain the enactment of an ordinance prohibiting the sale of tickets anywhere cutside of the regular box offices of the theatres.

Where Comstock Got Stock.

There was an unexpected development last night when the announcement was made by Mr. Fallon that the stock in The Tyson Company, which was bought by F. Ray Comstock, was 40 per cent. of the company's stock which was the brokerage firm which was involved property of Tyson & Co., the ticket in the recent scandal over the pledging of tickets for the Metropolitan Opera House. After that scandal Mr. Fallon and C. B. Zabriskie bought up the Tyson & Co. holdings in The Tyson Company, and turned the stock over to Comstock. At the time of the scandal it was denied that there was any connection between the two firms.

Mr. Comstock, who admits having the stock in The Tyson Company, saying that he saw a chance to acquire some stock at a price which gave him a chance to make money, said last night that the theatre managers had found that the public demanded that tickets should be sold in the hotel and other agencies.

"No one wants to run around to a lot of theatres trying to buy seats," said Mr. Comstock. "A man wants to know that he can telephone to his ticket broker and get any seats he wants immediately. I believe the Shuberts once became annoyed over some dealings with the agencies and announced that they would place no more tickets with one of the brokers but in a few weeks they found that the public wanted to buy seats through agencies as a matter of convenience, and so they went back to the old plan."

Lee Shubert said last night that he had not received any letter from the District Attorney's office.

Agencies Still Get Tickets.

The announcement made in the advertising columns of the newspapers by Klaw & Erlanger that no tickets for any of the theatres controlled by them would be sold through The Tyson Company has not made it impossible for that company to obtain tickets for Klaw & Erlanger's attractions and the attractions of the Klaw & Erlanger allies. The Tyson Company last night had seats on sale practically for every theatre in town, as did the other ticket brokers who have not been put under the ban by Klaw & Erlanger. The report that the Shuberts would withdraw their tickets from all agencies except those of The Tyson Company was not borne out, and although the box offices of most theatres yesterday seemed to have more seats "down in front" for sale than usual, all of the agencies continued to supply their patrons with seats at the customary advance in prices.

A humorous side of the situation developed yesterday when William Collier, who is playing under the management of Charles Frohman at the Hudson Theatre, a combination that is inimical to Klaw & Erlanger, inserted an advertisement in THE TIMES and other newspapers burlesquing the announcement of Klaw & Erlanger and the Klaw & Erlanger allies. It is said that Mr. Collier failed to impress the Klaw & Erlanger offices with the humor of his advertisement.

GIRL OF 16 DISAPPEARS.

Clues Indicate That She Intended to Return Home on Monday.

George H. L. Lawlor, a prosperous drug store proprietor, of Fourteenth Avenue and Sixtieth Street, Borough Park, Brooklyn, asked that a general police alarm be sent out yesterday for his sixteen-year-old daughter, Florence Barbara Lawlor, who left her home, 5,619 Fifteenth Avenue, on Monday morning to go to the Girls' High School on Nostrand Avenue.

The only trace of Miss Lawlor after she said good-bye to a girl acquaintance at Sixteenth Avenue and Gravesend Avenue was a pair of gloves. These arrived at her home yesterday, C. O. D., from a Fulton Street department store, and were her size. They indicated that she had stopped off on her way to school to do a little shopping and that when she did so she had a full intention of returning home. Hence the police of the Parkville Station admitted that all chance of adopting a theory of voluntary disappearance was destroyed.

Miss Lawlor is 5 feet 4 inches tall and weighs 135 pounds. She has blonde hair and gray eyes. She wore a black velvet Tam o' Shanter with a tall vertical feather, a brown dress, a blue coat with red buttons, tan shoes and black stockings. At the time she disappeared she wore several pieces of small jewelry, a Sigma Delta Phi sorority pin, with her initials engraved on its back, a diamond cluster ring, with six stones and a place for a seventh, a gold signet ring with the initials of her mother, "M. L." set with two small diamonds, and a gold neck chain with pearls suspended from it.

Selma Moody of 1,510 Fifty-seventh Street, a pupil of the Manual Training High School, met Miss Lawlor on Monday morning on a Sixteenth Avenue car. Miss Moody said she left the car at Gravesend Avenue to board a Culver Line train, and that Miss Lawlor told her she would remain on the car and transfer to the Fulton Street line to get to school instead of taking her usual shorter route via Gravesend, Reid, and Nostrand Avenues. The transfer junction where she intended to change cars for school is a stone's throw from the department store where she bought the gloves.

Lily Drinking Cups [illegible] They are made by the Public Service Co., Broadway at 42d St.—Adv.

Making Religion a Legislative Force

New militant organization called the Religious Citizenship League wants church members to get together for specific social reforms through legislative enactments.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

MISS BORDEN SUES GUINLE FOR $500,000

Wealthy Brazilian, Arrested for Breach of Promise, Must Give $50,000 Bail.

A suit for $500,000 for breach of promise was begun here yesterday by the sensational method of arresting the defendant on the ground that he was about to sail on the Olympic in order to avoid service. Bail was fixed at $50,000, and the defendant was held in the Sheriff's office for several hours because counsel for the plaintiff objected to a surety company bond.

Sheriff Grifenhagen informed the prisoner of his rights, and explained that he would have twenty-four hours in which to make what arrangements he could for obtaining bail. The two deputies who made the arrest will be his companions for that time. The defendant got into touch with a surety company and cabled to relatives in Rio Janeiro asking that $50,000 be cabled direct to him.

The plaintiff is Miss Monica T. Borden, who lives with her mother and sister at 668 Riverside Drive. The defendant is Octavio Guinle, a native of Brazil and a member of a large exporting concern that is largely interested in railways and in lighting and power plants in many South American cities. It has an office at 42 Broadway and other offices in London and Paris. The parent office is in Rio Janeiro.

Mr. Guinle is 27 years old and is the son of Eduardo Pallasin Guinle, who died about eighteen months ago, leaving a large estate. The complaint says his father left Guinle $5,000,000, besides $1,000,000 which was left him by a man named Gaffre, who was at one time his father's business partner. Guinle also has a large interest in the firm.

Miss Borden's complaint fills many foolscap pages. Justice Scudder in Brooklyn signed the arrest order and Deputy Sheriffs McDonnell and Zeltner hustled to the Ansonia, where Mr. Guinle has been occupying a suite of rooms that cost him $600 a month. He was arrested and taken to the Sheriff's office.

Mr. Guinle met Miss Borden for the first time in May last, and on July 5 he told her he could not live without her, according to the complaint. Mr. Guinle knew she was to sail for Europe on that day with her sister, Violet. Just before she sailed she got this letter from him:

My Darling and Sweet Mona: I am crazy. I do not know what to do without you. I have been crying since you left me alone without a soul to console me. You are the only woman I ever loved in all my life. I am willing to do anything for you. Come to me and I am sure I will make you happy. You are my love, my soul, my life. I adore you.

O. GUILNE.

Miss Borden remained abroad only six days, but these were filled with cables and wireless messages. Miss Borden says in the complaint: "I returned on the earnest solicitation of the defendant."

When the steamer reached the pier, Mr. Guinle was there to greet Miss Borden, and then, until October, he showed her many marked attentions, the papers say. Then he asked her, the papers say, to marry him. She accepted him and for some time after that, no matter where they went where mutual friends were, they introduced themselves as an engaged couple. A great deal of the time Mr. Guinle was with Miss Borden, and when he wasn't he wrote her fervent letters with sentences like this: "I could not live without your dear face and wonderful personality."

On Jan. 24, the complaint says, Miss Borden went with Mr. Guinle to the parish house of the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, where they saw Father Sheridan about their marriage, which was set for yesterday. The banns were published. Mr. Guinle said his mother might object to the marriage, but that he intended to marry Miss Borden anyway, because he was a man of honor.

On Jan. 29 Mr. Guinle got a cable from his mother telling him not to marry and threatening him with expulsion from the firm if he persisted. Mr. Guinle seemed to be overcome by this, but was disposed to obey his mother. He wrote her, Miss Borden says, that it was a great blow and explained how much suffering it would cause him. He also told her that it was impossible for him to marry her, and said that he would always be her friend.

This statement followed close on the heels of a cable from his mother that ran:

"Make no promises, but leave at once. We will talk it over here."

Once, while they were talking together, Miss Borden says Mr. Guinle told her of his wealth. He said his firm was a $35,000,000 concern. He also told her, she says, that when they were married he would allow her $50,000 a year for her household and traveling expenses and for the purchase of jewelry. Also he said, according to Miss Borden, that his income was $300,000 a year.

One reason why Miss Borden thought Mr. Guinle was going to sail away was because a short time ago he sent her all of the cooking utensils that he kept in his expensive rooms in the Ansonia.

MURDER CHARGE WON'T LIE.

Police Rushed Moore Into Court on Assault Charge.

Instead of facing a murder charge for causing the death of seventy-three-year-old Walter Tompkins, whom he struck over the head with an axe on Jan. 18, John Moore of 58 Liberty Street, Newark, is in the Essex County (N. J.) Jail awaiting sentence for simple assault, to which he pleaded non vult, a common New Jersey form for guilty without criminal intent. As the result of the police haste in arraigning him and rushing his prosecution on the assault charge while Tompkins lay dying in the Newark City Hospital, lawyers said yesterday that no murder charge could be pressed against Moore, since, within the meaning of the Constitution, he had already been placed "in jeopardy" for the offense.

Tompkins and Moore lived in the same house with a married daughter of Tompkins. In a dispute which concerned her according to the police, Moore seized an axe and rained blows on Tompkins's head, from which he died yesterday of oedema of the brain. Sergt. O'Gara, one of the policemen who arrested Moore, rushed him to court on a simple assault charge, alleging that Moore's blows had caused Tompkins "great pain and suffering."

County Prosecutor Hood was indignant when he learned of the situation yesterday, and said he would investigate the action of the police. He said Tompkins was taken to the hospital unconscious, and that Moore should have been held on an open charge to await the result of his victim's injuries.

OLD CAMPANIA TO GO TO THE SCRAP HEAP

Famous Record-Breaking Liner to be Sold After Aquitania Goes Into Service.

After buffeting the storms of the Atlantic Ocean for twenty-one years, the old record-breaker Campania of the Cunard Line is to be sold to shipbreakers next July, after the new leviathan, Aquitania, has made her first voyage to New York. During her long career the Campania has made 240 round voyages to this port and Liverpool and carried more than 100,000 first cabin passengers. She was built at the Fairfield shipyards on the Clyde in 1893 to beat the City of Paris and the City of New York of the American Line.

The Campania carries over 500 first cabin passengers, and for a long time after her advent into the Western ocean passenger trade she was looked upon as a greyhound. She has kept her time all the year around, arriving here early Saturday mornings, and sometimes in Summer she has docked on Friday afternoons. With her rakish masts and funnels and yachtlike lines the old Campania, in the eyes of mariners, is one of the most graceful ships entering the Port of New York.

Her fastest trip eastward was 5 days, 9 hours, 13 minutes on Oct. 15, 1894, and her record trip westward was 5 days, 9 hours, 6 minutes, at an average speed of 21.83 knots on Aug. 17, 1895. Her best day's run was 553 miles. Twenty years later the Campania made a westward trip in almost the same time as that of her first voyage, in 1893, averaging more than 21 knots.

The record of the Mauretania, which has not yet been beaten, from Queenstown to New York is 4 days, 10 hours, and 41 minutes, made Sept. 15, 1910, and eastward to Queenstown 4 days, 13 hours, and 41 minutes Sept. 15, 1909.

Her best day's run was 676 miles.

Commodore Henry Walker was the first Captain of the Campania, and was followed by the famous brothers, Alexander and Hugh McKay; John Ferguson, James Watt, John Pritchard, Henry Warr, and J. T. W. Charles.

In addition to breaking the speed record of the Atlantic in her day, the Campania broke the long record of the Cunard Line of never having lost a life. This occurred in October, 1905, on her west-bound passage from Liverpool, when five steerage passengers were washed off the forward deck by a huge Atlantic roller in the midst of a westerly gale. She was commanded then by Capt. Henry Warr. Up to the present time that is the only occasion on which any passengers' lives have been lost by the Cunard Line.

The Directors expect to get about $200,000 from the ship breakers who will tow the Campania on her last voyage to the scrap heap where her sister ship, the Lucania, went three years ago, after she caught on fire at her dock in Liverpool. The fittings in the Campania were made to stand for all time, and the solid Spanish mahogany in her handsome dining saloon was in good condition as the day it was fitted in. She is the last of her type of ocean greyhound and will be missed in the Hudson and the Mersey by mariners and old-time pilots.

Compared with the liners of to-day the Campania is a small ship. She is 601 feet long, 65 feet beam, 12,950 gross tonnage, and 30,000 horse power. Her old twin-screw engines are still capable of driving her at an average of 20 knots, but her coal consumption is very costly for her size and speed.

MAUSOLEUM AT IDLE HOUR.

Body of Samuel Stevens Sands Is Laid at Rest.

Special to The New York Times.

OAKDALE, L. I., Feb. 3.—A magnificent marble mausoleum has just been erected on the Idle Hour estate of William K. Vanderbilt here, and with simple ceremonies the body of Samuel Stevens Sands, stepson of Mr. Vanderbilt, was laid at rest in it a few days ago. The mausoleum stands in a shaded part of the grounds very near the imposing Idle Hour mansion.

Mr. Sands met his death on July 2 last while driving his racing car over the South Country Road near Westhampton, L. I., on his way to his country home at Southampton. In turning into the Old Mill Road a front tire burst.

It is understood that the body of G. Winthrop Sands, another son of Mrs. Vanderbilt by her marriage to her former husband, Samuel Stevens Sands, and who also met his death while driving a racing car, will shortly be brought to the Idle Hour estate to rest in the mausoleum. G. Winthrop Sands was killed in the Summer of 1908 near the Vanderbilt country home, at Chateau St. Louis de Poissy, twenty miles from Paris.

TOOK REVOLVER TO SCHOOL.

Teacher Hears of Threat to Shoot Her Several Days Later.

"If my teacher leaves me back, I'll shoot her with this," said eleven-year-old Gerald De Marto, in Miss Sadie J. Kirby's class at Public School 23, Tinton Avenue and 165th Street, the Bronx, according to one of his young classmates, who said he accompanied the threat with the display of a loaded revolver. The boy ran home and told his mother. She wrote Supt. William H. Maxwell, who, in turn, communicated with District Supt. William J. Dwyer. Dwyer got Principal Bella Carpendale to make an investigation yesterday and young De Marto admitted that he had had a revolver and had brought it to school one day last week. He said he had been promoted and had buried the the revolver in a vacant lot. Mr. Dwyer sent him to get it, and when he brought it back sent for Detective Schuesing of the Morrisania Police Station, who arrested the boy and charged him with juvenile delinquency.

The revolver was unloaded. Young De Marto said he had extracted the cartridges which were in it when he found it. His father, Dominick De Marto, a retail ice and coal dealer of 833 Home Street, took his son from the station. He said the boy's mother had died some years ago.

WILSON LIFTS THE EMBARGO ON ARMS; HUERTA SILENT, VILLA IS JUBILANT; AMERICANS LEAVING MEXICO CITY

Wilson's Order That Lifts The Embargo.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, By a proclamation of the President, issued on March 14, 1912, under a joint resolution of Congress, approved by the President on the same day, it was declared that there existed in Mexico conditions of domestic violence, which were promoted by the use of arms or munitions of war procured from the United States; and,

Whereas, By the joint resolution above mentioned it thereupon became unlawful to export arms or munitions of war to Mexico except under such limitations and exceptions as the President should prescribe;

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, hereby declare and proclaim that, as the conditions on which the proclamation of March 14, 1912, was based have essentially changed, and as it is desirable to place the United States with reference to the exportation of arms or munitions of war to Mexico in the same position as other powers, the said proclamation is hereby revoked.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington this 3d day of February, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and thirty-eighth.

[Seal.] WOODROW WILSON.
By the President,
W. J. BRYAN, Secretary of State.

An Act of Justice, Says Gen. Villa.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Feb. 3.—Raising the embargo on arms is an act of justice on the part of the American Government toward the people of Mexico, and signifies the prompt pacification of the Republic. Within three months the war will have ended.

GEN. FRANCISCO VILLA.

CAPITAL UNEASY AS HUERTA WAITS

President Tells O'Shaughnessy, However, He Will Not Give Him His Passports.

NOR CHANGE HIS ATTITUDE

Appears to Think Wilson's Decision Unimportant—Promises to Protect Americans.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 3.—While the views of Government officials concerning President Wilson's action in lifting the embargo on the shipment of arms into this country have not been made public, prominent Mexicans in private life and foreigners look upon the situation with some apprehension, fearing that serious developments are possible.

There was considerable discussion among Mexicans to-day as to their attitude toward Americans. Many favored such discrimination against them as would force them to leave the country.

A conference took place to-night between Señor Moheno, Minister of Foreign Relations; Señor Lozano, Minister of Communications, and President Huerta. After this Señor Moheno said:

"I am Minister of Foreign Relations, but the President has ordered me to remain silent, so I shall have nothing to say. Possibly some statement will be made to-morrow or next day."

Gen. Blanquet, the Minister of War, when seen to-night, refused to make any statement on the matter, stating that he was not informed regarding the affair.

One prominent politician said this afternoon:

"I am glad President Wilson has finally decided to come out openly in favor of the rebels and discard the hypocritical attitude he has observed so far in favoring the insurgents and fearing to come out and say so. The Mexicans will now be able to see what the attitude of Wilson has been throughout this affair and give him the consideration he deserves.

"In my opinion, this action will do much to rally thinking Mexicans around President Huerta. The official lifting of the embargo is merely a matter of form, since President Wilson has been allowing the rebels to get arms from the United States all the time."

Many persons acquainted with the situation believe the action of President Wilson will tend to strengthen Huerta in many ways. They argue also that it will put upon Washington the moral responsibility for the acts of vandalism committed by rebels. They also think that foreign Governments will hold the United States responsible for any loss or injury suffered by their nationals. In their view the conditions in Southern Mexico will become rapidly worse, and many irresponsible bands will spring up. It is hinted that Huerta will henceforth refuse to weaken his garrison to protect American lives and property.

Although he will not authorize any persecution, it is suggested that some minor authorities may wink at acts done against Americans and their property.

The lifting of the embargo is taken much more seriously by Europeans than by Americans.

The foreign defense organizations are already taking measures to protect their nationals here, ordering their members to be prepared to gather at the defense quarters at a moment's notice. Guards will probably be maintained at the legations to-night.

A general order was issued this afternoon keeping all foregin women off the streets at night and as much as possible during the day unless they are accompanied by men.

It is evident that some of the leaders among the foreigners are expecting recriminations by mobs against Americans and other foreigners who are indistinguishable from them.

The dispatch of the Fifth Regiment yesterday, which weakens the garrison still further, has added to the disquiet of foreigners, many of whom are planning to leave the country.

The majority of the Europeans are awaiting definite indications from their governments as to the action they shall take.

Won't Retaliate, Says Huerta.

Dispatch to The Associated Press.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 3.—President Wilson's decision to give both factions in Mexico liberty to obtain war material from the United States will not cause President Huerta to deliver to the American Chargé his passports, nor will it affect in any way his attitude toward the United States or toward Americans in Mexico. This assurance was given by Gen. Huerta to-night.

The Mexican President made practically no other comment on the action of President Wilson, and he appeared to attach no small importance to the matter.

Mr. O'Shaughnessy, the American Chargé, called on President Huerta late to-night but the question of lifting the embargo on arms was mentioned only incidentally or briefly, according to Mr. O'Shaughnessy. They were together half an hour, and President Huerta reiterated to the Chargé that President Wilson's revocation of the Proclamation of 1912 would not cause him to adopt retaliatory measures. He assured Mr. O'Shaughnessy that he had in the capital a sufficient number of troops to suppress any anti-American demonstration that might be begun.

The news that President Wilson intended to raise the embargo on arms had been no secret at the American Embassy for several days, nor in President Huerta's office. But the receipt of cablegrams this afternoon stating that it was an accomplished fact caused a stir in both offices and came as a shock to that small part of the public to whom it became known during the day.

President Huerta talked over the telephone with Señor Moheno regarding the matter this afternoon, and later the Foreign Minister was summoned to the President's office for a conference. Late this evening the British Minister, Sir Lionel Carden, called at the Palace and talked with Huerta for an hour.

The American Chargé, under instructions from the State Department, informed the American residents, and tonight the news was widely disseminated among the foreigners.

The Government's information was not made public until a late hour, and not more than 1 per cent. of the Mexican people were cognizant of what practically all the Americans, many English, and most of the other foreign residents were discussing with lively interest at their offices and clubs.

Many Americans are planning to leave to-night for Vera Cruz, the only port by which they can leave the country, and reservations on trains have been so great as to necessitate extra cars. Mrs. O'Shaughnessy will remain with her husband at the embassy.

Mexicans holding official positions and friends of the Huerta administration generally profess to believe that President Wilson has not improved the position of the rebels very much by lifting the embargo on arms and ammunition, but the fear that financial assistance might also be granted them was frankly expressed to-night by Querido Moheno, the Minister of Foreign Affairs. He expressed the view, however, that foreigners in Mexico City had nothing to fear.

Although there is no disposition to regard President Wilson's act as actual recognition of the belligerency of the rebels, those at the National Palace asserted to-night that it would have practically the same effect. The fact that the removal of the embargo permits the free exportation of arms from the United States to either faction brings from the officials a sneer, and they point out that the proximity of the rebels to the United States, and the admitted poverty of the Federal Government, leaves no doubt as to which side will be the greater beneficiary.

President Huerta said a few days ago that the lifting of the embargo would not improve the rebels' position much because, in his opinion, they were getting from the United States all the arms and ammunition they were able to pay for in spite of the apparent efforts of the American Government to prevent the smuggling of war material. He added that money was the thing the rebels needed more than anything else, and this they could not get. According to reports, he still holds this view.

THE ALLTOGETHER POUCH
Holds pipe and tobacco. At Schultz's Stores.—Adv.

Washington Now Sees Speedy End of the Mexican Crisis.

RECOGNITION NEXT STEP?

Drastic Action by Mexican Dictator Might Result in Our Acceptance of Carranza.

REBELS' TRIUMPH EXPECTED

Lifting of Embargo, in Wilson's Opinion, Ends Anomalous Position That Aided Federals.

FOREIGN NATIONS INFORMED

With Both Sides on Equality, They Can the More Swiftly End the Present Conflict.

BIG ARMS SHIPMENTS READY

But Officials in Mexico Profess to Doubt Whether Our Action Will Help Rebels Much.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—President Wilson issued late to-day a proclamation rescinding the embargo placed on the exportation of arms and ammunition from the United States into Mexico. Through the removal of these restrictions the Constitutionalists will be able to obtain munitions of war from this country and will have an opportunity to make good their assertion that, with the embargo raised, they will drive Huerta from power in short order.

With free shipments of arms permitted, the matter of withdrawing a large part of the American regular troops on the Mexican border is said to have been considered.

Speculation as to the response President Huerta will make to the lifting of the embargo is varied, but a general view is that the head of the Mexican Government will hand his passport to Mr. O'Shaughnessy and probably to John Lind, President Wilson's special confidential agent, who is at Vera Cruz.

To hand a diplomatic officer his passports is an order to leave the country. Should Mr. O'Shaughnessy receive his passports, that act would be equivalent to breaking off relations between Mexico and the United States and would be an incentive to the recognition of the Constitutionalists as de facto authority in the Republic by the Washington Government. President Huerta would be expected to emphasize his course by directing the Mexican Chargé here to withdraw from the United States. If he should fail to do so the State Department might feel called upon to direct him to leave.

A very embarrassing situation would be presented if this Government had no diplomatic representative in Mexico. There would be no person there to whom American citizens could apply for advice or assistance or upon whom they could rely to intercede for them with the Mexican Federal authorities if their lives or property interests were in danger. It is likely that the Government would protest against any effort to force Mr. O'Shaughnessy to leave Mexico.

Text of the Proclamation.

The President's proclamation is as follows:

Whereas, By a proclamation of the President, issued on March 14, 1912, under a joint resolution of Congress, approved by the President on the same day, it was declared that there existed in Mexico conditions of domestic violence which were promoted by the use of arms or munitions of war procured from the United States; and

Whereas, By the joint resolution above mentioned it thereupon became unlawful to export arms or munitions of war to Mexico, except under such limitations and exceptions as the President should prescribe;

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, hereby declare and proclaim, that, as the conditions on which the proclamation of March 14, 1912, was based have essentially changed, and as it is desirable to place the United States with reference to the exportation of arms or munitions of war to Mexico in the same position as other powers, the said proclamation is hereby revoked.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this third day of February, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and thirty-eighth.

[Seal.] WOODROW WILSON.
By the President.
W. J. BRYAN, Secretary of State.

Meant to Encourage Rebels.

A statement explaining the President's action, which was taken after conference with the Cabinet, was handed to correspondents at the White House at the same time that copies of the proclamation were given out. This statement shows that the Administration intends the lifting of the embargo to be regarded as an encouragement to the revolutionists to wage more active warfare against Huerta. The statement reads:

The

against the regularly constituted authorities of Mexico.

Since that order was issued the circumstances of the case have undergone a radical change. There is now no Constitutional Government in Mexico; and the existence of this order hinders and delays the very thing the Government of the United States is now insisting upon, namely, that Mexico shall be left free to settle her own affairs and as soon as possible put them on a constitutional footing by her own force and counsel. The order is, therefore, rescinded.

The Administration's Position.

The Administration viewpoint on the action taken to-day, as gathered from those familiar with the President's attitude, may be summed up as follows:

"No one outside Mexico can now accommodate her affairs. The withdrawal of all moral or material support from without is the indispensable first step to a solution from within. From many sources which it deems trustworthy the Government of the United States has received information which convinces it that there is a more hopeful prospect of peace, security of property, and early payment of foreign obligations if Mexico is left to the forces, now reckoning with one another there, than there would be if anything like a mere change of personnel were effected at Mexico City.

"There are no influences at Mexico City that can be counted on to do anything more than try to perpetuate and strengthen the selfish oligarchical and military interests which it is clear the rest of the country can be made to endure only by constant warfare and a pitiless harrying of the north.

"The President is so fully convinced of this that, after months of the most careful study of the situation at close range, he no longer feels justified in maintaining an irregular position as regards the contending parties in the matter of neutrality.

"The intent is, therefore, to remove the inhibition on the exportation of arms and ammunition to Mexico from the United States. Settlement by civil war carried to its bitter conclusion is a terrible thing, but it must come now, whether we wish it or not, unless some outside power is to undertake to sweep Mexico with its armed forces from end to end, which would be the mere beginning of a still more difficult problem.

"By removing the inhibition on the exportation of arms and ammunition into Mexico the Government of the United States puts itself, and intends to put itself, in the same position as other nations whose subjects have all along been at liberty to deal as they pleased with Mexico. The Government of the United States deems it essential to the settlement of her present difficulties that Mexico should be treated as any other country would be, which was torn by civil war.

"The circumstance that Mexico is for the time being unable to meet her financial obligations creates no novel or exceptional international rights; and she will be the sooner able to meet her obligations and resume her full international responsibilities if she is left to determine her own affairs, first by domestic force and then by domestic counsel."

American Embassies and Legations abroad were instructed last Saturday to inform foreign Governments of this decision. Secretary Bryan informed the members of the diplomatic corps here late yesterday. This was in line with the policy announced at the beginning of the present Administration of keeping the nations informed of developments in the Mexican policy of this Government.

Big Shipments Ready on Border.

Constitutionalist agents here were elated over the President's action. They said that they had anticipated the removal of the embargo by making preparations to ship arms across the border without delay. One of the Constitutionalist representatives said that 4,000,000 rounds of small arms ammunition was already on the border, and would be shipped into Mexico immediately. Twenty thousand rifles had been bought, he said, for the Constitutionalist forces. It was asserted also that contracts for supplying additional rifles had been made, and that the rifles were in New York awaiting orders for their transportation to Mexico.

What the Constitutionalists required most, said this representative, was ammunition for machine guns. There were many of these guns in the possession of the Constitutionalists, who had captured them from the Federals. Arrangements would be made at once, he said, to obtain the necessary ammunition. It was asserted that the Constitutionalists had determined that as soon as the embargo on the exportation of arms from the United States was lifted, they would attack ports on the west coast now held by the Federals, and try to prevent entrance of arms sent to the Huerta Government by the Japanese contractors from whom it has made purchases. An effort will be made to supply the revolutionary forces with distinctive uniforms also.

Senators Approve Action.

News of the President's proclamation was received with general favor by Senators, though few seemed to expect any immediate triumph for the Constitutionalists as a result. The Committee on Foreign Relations has for many months favored lifting the embargo in favor of the rebels. President Wilson and Secretary Bryan at first opposed anything that might be construed as facilitating the shedding of blood in Mexico and that is believed to be Mr. Bryan's attitude still. The President, however, has shown a gradual change of view on the subject and gave a plain hint of his purpose at his "foreign clearing house committee meeting" at the White House on Monday night, Jan. 26.

Said Senator Lodge, Republican, to-night:

"I would rather not comment on the announcement, but I try to sustain the President in his foreign policy."

Senator Root, another Republican leader, commended the step, as did Democrats generally.

Senator Hitchcock, one of the Democrats of the Foreign Relations Committee, when informed of the President's decision, said:

"I think that lifting the embargo is the wisest thing to do. Of course the time has not yet come for this Government to recognize the Constitutionalists as belligerents."

Senator Borah of Idaho, who as far back as last August urged that the embargo be lifted, said that many other members of the Foreign Relations Committee had come to that same conclusion since that time.

"I believe that to raise the embargo is the only thing to do. I believe that it will bring peace in Mexico much sooner than it could otherwise be brought," said he.

Perhaps it is not too much to say that at the Capitol as much interest centred in the bearing of the proclamation on the Japanese question as in any other of its aspects. Some members of the Committee on Foreign Relations got the impression in their conference with the President that the Japanese question was the most serious cloud on the diplomatic horizon.

These Senators seem to think that the proclamation will not dissipate that cloud. They felt a week ago that the President's plan to lift the embargo was largely designed to offset the heavy shipment of Japanese rifles to Huerta. The language of the proclamation, declaring the President's purpose to put the United States on a footing of equality with other nations may tend, some think, to emphasize this supposed purpose in too formal a manner.

A Hint to Japan and Others.

The statement in the proclamation that "it is desirable to place the United States with reference to the exportation of arms or munitions of war to Mexico in the same position as other powers" is apparently intended as a hint to the Governments that have permitted their subjects or citizens to ship arms to Mexico for the use of the Federal forces that this course is displeasing to the United States. Austria and France, as well as Japan, have been accused of allowing sales of munitions of war to Huerta. It is asserted that there have been shipments of arms to Mexico from Cuban ports also.

Army officers are not pleased over the lifting of the embargo. They have taken the position all along that it would be a dangerous experiment to permit the unrestricted shipment of arms and ammunition into Mexico for the Constitutionalist forces. Their argument is that if occasion should arise for intervention in Mexico by the United States the Constitutionalists would probably join forces with the Huerta following and use against the American troops the arms that had been supplied to them through American sources.

Naval officials said this afternoon that the lifting of the embargo on the shipment of arms would not cause any change in the department policy concerning Mexico. All the battleships and other war vessels in Mexican waters would be retained there, it was explained, for the protection of American interests.

The department made the fact known that it had been decided to retain on ships in Mexican waters the 400 marines recently sent there from Panama. The department recently announced that these marines, who had been on tropical service for a long period, would be brought to naval stations in the United States.

One of the large naval transports will be sent to Vera Cruz for the accommodation of the Panama contingent of marines.

When President Taft in March, 1912, proclaimed an embargo against the exportation into Mexico of arms and ammunition such as were intended to be used by the forces of the regularly constituted authorities, it was intended to prevent the extension of aid to the rebel forces then seeking to overturn President Madero. The proclamation was issued eleven months prior to the accession of Huerta to the Presidency. Although hostile to the Huerta administration, President Wilson permitted the restrictions laid down in the Taft proclamation to remain effective.

Very recently, however, a change of policy was put into effect, but no formal announcement was made. This change took the form of instructions to army commanders, collectors of customs, and other officers along the border to refuse to permit shipments of arms and ammunitions into Mexico for the use of the troops of the Huerta Government. By to-day's action of the President the bars are thrown down and both Federals and Constitutionalists will be able to get munitions of war from the United States without restriction.

More Drastic Action Expected.

Further important developments in the Mexican situation are expected soon. The recognition of the Constitutionalists as in de facto control of the territory they occupy will be the next natural step. To-day's proclamation is, in effect, a recognition of the Constitutionalists. It is regarded here as a demonstration of the Administration's sympathy with the revolutionary cause and as marking the beginning of more drastic measures by President Wilson in his effort to drive Huerta from his position and bring Mexico's troubles to an end.

Even with the embargo raised, some Senators familiar with Mexican conditions do not believe that Villa will be able to strike into the heart of the territory south of Chihuahua. If he captures Torreon, he cannot proceed against the City of Mexico until he has besieged and taken Piedras Negras, Saltillo, and Monterey, as any one of these would menace his rear if left in Federal hands.

Some members of Congress believe also that Huerta correctly stated the position of the Federal leaders when he said that the lifting of the embargo would be of no tangible value to the rebels unless they thought to be getting arms from the United States already with Washington's silent consent. At the same time, according to some, the open favor to the Constitutionalists may tend to solidify the Federalists and give a strong indication of his contention that he represents Mexican nationalism against a combination of rebels and Americans.

VILLA WAVES HIS HAT IN JOY.

War Will Soon Be Over, Shouts Rebel Commander.

JUAREZ, Feb. 3.—"The Mexican war will not last much longer."

Gen. Francisco Villa and other rebel leaders made this comment on the announcement from Washington to-day that President Wilson had lifted the embargo against the shipment of arms and ammunition into Mexico. Gen. Villa was confident that his ability to procure unlimited amounts of arms would multiply the rebel victories, and was equally confident that the news from Washington would demoralize the Federal troops so that a speedy termination of the conflict would result.

Half the strength of the Huerta forces, Gen. Villa said, depended upon their ability to obtain arms from foreign countries, while the rebels had no such privilege. Smuggling had never brought satisfactory results, he said, and the rebels have had to capture most of their fighting weapons from the Federals as was done at Ojinaga.

The immediate effect of the lifting of the embargo, it was admitted, would be the ordering of great quantities of ammunition, cannon, and modern rapid-fire pieces.

Negotiations had been opened with manufacturers of arms in the United States for the purchase of supplies in the event that the embargo should be lifted. The rebels say they have money to make purchases.

Nothing but the resignation of Huerta or formal recognition of the rebels by the United States could have caused more joy to Gen. Villa. Had the action been taken a few months ago, he said, the war would probably have been over by now.

When he heard the news Gen. Villa at first was incredulous, but when the details were imparted to him he embraced his informant and, waving his cap in the air, cried:

"The war will soon be over! The war will soon be over!"

He said later:

"While the lifting of the embargo applies equally to us and to the Huerta army, it really is a victory for us, because Huerta has been able to obtain arms in spite of the United States and we had not. I think President Wilson is the most just man in the world. All Mexicans will love him now, and we will look upon the United States as our greatest friend, because it has done us justice."

To-day's development will cause no change in the rebel plans to attack the Federal army at Torreon, except that if possible more field pieces will be sent to open the siege. Gen. Villa himself may delay here to buy more ammunition.

Next to learning about the lifting of the embargo, the rebels were anxious to have the news reach the Federal lines. They thought the information would demoralize the Torreon Federals, and might even cause them to evacuate that city at the opening of the attack.

On the American side the customs officials, Department of Justice and United States Marshal's staff will be relieved of much responsibility and extra work by the lifting of the embargo. It will also relieve the army of much work.

CARRANZA ELATED.

His Followers Predict the Early Elimination of Huerta.

CULIACAN, Sinaloa, Mexico, Feb. 3.—Gen. Carranza and the Constitutionalist officials here are elated over the action of President Wilson in lifting the embargo on munitions of war shipped from the United States into Mexico, and the receipt of a telegram by the Constitutionalist Chief announcing the news was the signal for a demonstration.

Along the frontier the impression was that the action of the Washington Government was in no way the result of a compromise with the revolutionary party of Mexico, and that it had been accomplished only through natural effort in Washington.

It was said that Gen. Carranza had no direct dealings with the Wilson Administration since the breaking off of negotiations conducted two months ago at Nogales, Sonora, through William Bayard Hale. Since that time, it was understood, Gen. Carranza had assumed a waiting policy, and made absolutely no attempt toward a renewal of negotiations.

The first news here was received in a telegram from Luis Cabrera, the Constitutionalist representative in Washington, and immediately produced an air of optimism on all sides. It was asserted that with the free importation of arms the campaigning in all quarters would be pushed, and that Huerta would be eliminated in a short time. It is expected that the arms and ammunition confiscated in the United States will be turned over to the Constitutionalist officials.

VILLA WARNS SPANIARDS.

All Who Take Up Arms Against Him Will Be Banished or Shot.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Feb. 3.—A warning was issued by Gen. Francisco Villa today that all Spaniards captured in the Torreon campaign would be summarily dealt with. Gen. Villa said he had positive proof that many Spaniards in Torreon had taken up arms against the rebels and added that all such would be shot. Others, he said, would be banished from the country.

"In conformity with my conception of justice," said Gen. Villa, "I wish to notify all foreign Governments that I have positive information that the Spanish residents of Torreon have sided with the Federal forces there and that it is my purpose to execute these Spaniards if we capture them. I am making this statement now so that no surprise will be expressed later and to give such Spaniards a chance to leave the country before they fall into my hands. I hope this notice to the United States and Spain will be accepted as a friendly warning.

"The last time we took Torreon I captured seventy-one Spaniards. Each of them promised never to take up arms against me again. But now I find that all Spaniards in Torreon have armed. Therefore I say they will be shot if captured. Those against whom I have no positive proof will be banished from the country, as other Spaniards were from Chihuahua.

"In this connection let me say that Americans may have no fear. I regard the high dignity with which Americans have conducted themselves during this revolution as a friendly act toward our cause. I feel the deepest friendship toward the United States. All American property will be protected."

VILLA'S GAIN GREATEST.

Daily Chronicle Thinks Free Arms May Hamper American Action.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Feb. 4.—The Daily Chronicle, in an editorial on President Wilson's removal of the embargo on the importation of arms into Mexico, says it will immediately strengthen the rebels against Huerta, but will also contingently strengthen Mexico against any American invasion.

"While it is absurd," says The Chronicle, "to make fine distinctions between the conduct of rival Mexican Generals, one is inclined to say broadly that of the whole number now occupying the blood-stained stage Gen. Villa has, in respect of savage cruelty and treachery, shown himself easily the worst. He is not at all the stuff out of which constitutional Presidents of a free people can be made, according to the White House prescription; yet he is the principal person who will strengthen his position as the result of President Wilson's new action. It might, indeed, be better to have him as President than to have in fact no President at all; but that is hardly a view consistent with the past year's American policy."

LONDON, Wednesday, Feb. 4.—Few of the London newspapers this morning comment on President Wilson's proclamation lifting the embargo on arms at the Mexican frontier.

The Daily Telegraph, however, describes the proclamation as a grave step, which finds no parallel in modern history.

FIGHTING NEAR TAMPICO.

Report That Federals Are Being Beaten Back by Rebels.

VERA CRUZ, Feb. 3.—Wireless reports from Tampico say that fighting continued this afternoon at a point between Altamira and Tampico, but with what result is not known. Many wounded Federals had been taken to Tampico, and it was believed by those near the scene of the operations that the Federals were in retreat.

The transport Progreso sailed from here this afternoon with reinforcements for the defense of the city.

The British cruiser Suffolk, flagship of the British squadron in Mexican waters, started for Tampico to-day in consequence of the reports of fighting near there.

CALLS A PEACE CONFERENCE.

De la Garza Hopes to Reconcile Warring Mexican Factions.

Emeterio de la Garza, Jr., for many years a member of Congress in Mexico, has undertaken to organize the National Union to call a peace conference to mediate between the two factions in Mexico, as well as between Mexico and this country, to settle all national and international disputes. Speaking of this recently, Mr. de la Garza said:

"Fifteen millions of peaceful, blameless inhabitants, for whom there seems to be no mercy, are enduring in Mexico the burning sorrows of war and misery because of the gross mistakes of a few politicians. Unfortunately, well-known highwaymen suddenly changed into heroes of bloody orgies, professional murderers, fill to-day the most prominent places of my country and are exercising unlimited authority over a frightened and defenseless society.

"Whether Gen. Huerta remains in office or not, he can be nothing more than the Provisional President, and must finally call the people to elections. Señor Carranza, or any other person, may or may not succeed, but he can be nothing more than the Provisional President, and must convene the people for elections. So you can readily understand how certain it is that the solution of this question does not lie in the triumph of either of these leaders.

"If we wish to restore peace in Mexico, we must first solve the financial problem, not with limited extraordinary resources which at times bring in their train disastrous consequences, but with plentiful means which could solve the stringency, leaving a solvent margin and affording time to the country to discharge its obligations. Then it is necessary to solve the agrarian problem, dividing the lands among the Indians, for whom the sole ambition and supreme happiness would be to reach that state in life in which they could be small landowners."

DIAZ REPUDIATES GUZMAN.

Didn't Know Man Whom Villa Put to Death, He Says.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Feb. 3.—Gen. Felix Diaz denied to-day that he had sent Francisco Guzman, whom Villa shot yesterday, on a secret mission to the Mexican leader.

"I have never known Guzman or heard of him before. It is untrue that he participated in the Ciudadela affair. The report is also untrue that I have sent Sandoval on a secret mission. He has simply gone to get his family. I have no idea where he is."

Asked his opinion about Villa's summary execution of Guzman, he replied: "Such action is best for the man in that he does not suffer the suspense of awaiting sentence."

Bank Cashiers!

Here is a letter from a New York bank which should interest you:

"We have been using Ellis machines in our office for the last two years and find that for debit and transit work they meet our requirements better than any of the machines on the market, and can therefore recommend them to any one having use for that style of machine."

Please note that statement:

For debit and transit work they meet our requirements better than any other machine on the market.

If you, Mr. Bank Cashier, have use for "that style of machine"—a machine for debit and transit work, please give us an opportunity of showing you what the Ellis Adding-Typewriter will do.

Say the word and we'll put one in on trial. Free!

ELLIS

206 Broadway (third floor) Phone Cortlandt 3673

REPUBLICANS LIMIT THEIR GRAFT HUNT

Confined by Conference to the Highway Department and Remedial Legislation.

INSURGENTS PLAN REVOLT

May Combine with Moose to Broaden Inquiry — Sulzer in Assembly Alleges "Graft, Graft, Graft."

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 3.—At a conference of the Republican Senators and Assemblymen this evening a resolution was adopted for an investigation of the State Highway Department by a special Assembly Committee of eight, to be appointed by Speaker Sweet. The resolution was sent to the Ways and Means Committee, and when reported will come before the Assembly as a committee measure.

The resolution does not go nearly far enough to please the more progressive Republican Assemblymen. It empowers the committee to "collate as speedily as possible the proofs of inefficiency, waste, and corruption already taken" and to "make such further full and complete investigation of the organization and administration of the Highway Department and the construction and maintenance of highways and all acts of any and all persons or corporations in connection with said Highway Department, its organization, expenditures of money, and all details of administration of highway matters" as the committee shall deem necessary and proper for the framing of a report looking toward remedial legislation.

Originally, the resolution was confined to waste or wrongdoing in the Highway Department, but as a result of vigorous protests from the progressive element a rider was added authorizing the committee to investigate other State Departments if the public interests should require. The committee must report at least three weeks prior to the final adjournment of the Legislature. This will give it about a month in which to complete its work.

There is not a word in the resolution about punishing grafters, and a small group of Progressive Republicans tonight are laying plans for a vigorous fight, looking to a broader investigation, when the resolution comes before the Assembly for action. The men concerned in this movement are prepared, if necessary, to join hands with the Bull Moose element in the lower house to force a sweeping investigation.

Horton as an Insurgent.

Assemblyman Clinton T. Horton of Erie, who was the candidate the anti-Barnes element in the Republican organization really wanted to see elected Speaker, in the conference this evening introduced a resolution calling for an investigation of all the State departments. Only six members voted with him for this resolution. Mr. Horton finally voted in the affirmative on the resolution providing for the more limited investigation, but reserved the right to offer amendments to the resolution from the floor of the Assembly. The resolution adopted was prepared by the Steering Committee appointed by the conference, and composed of Senators Brown and Hewitt, Speaker Sweet, and Assemblymen Sullivan, Cristman, Burlingame, and Wheeler.

William Barnes, Republican State Chairman, visited Harold J. Hinman, majority leader of the Assembly, in the latter's room at the Capitol a few minutes before the conference was scheduled to begin. When the newspaper correspondents entered the majority leader's room to ascertain the purpose of Mr. Barnes's visit, Mr. Hinman had gone to the conference, and Mr. Barnes occupied the large chair at Mr. Hinman's desk.

"Did you point out to Mr. Hinman that the investigation should be limited to what is necessary for the purpose of framing remedial legislation?" Mr. Barnes was asked. Editorially in his newspaper and in a recent signed statement Mr. Barnes had voiced that view.

"Why put it that way?" said Mr. Barnes, hotly. "My only interest in this matter is to see that they get going and do something. With the method I do not consider myself concerned."

Before the Republican conference acted, the Assembly had spent a busy day debating and defeating a motion made by the Bull Moose leader, Michael Schaap, for the purpose of wresting his resolution for a Statewide graft probe investigation, with John A. Hennessey in charge, from the firm grip of the Ways and Means Committee. The motion was defeated, 76 to 30, only the Progressives voting with Mr. Schaap.

Sulzer Heard on Graft.

While the debate was in progress William Sulzer made his maiden speech in the present Assembly. He assailed "invisible government," urged his colleagues to rise above politics in the proposed graft hunt and voiced the conviction that either Theodore Roosevelt or himself would be the next Governor unless the Republicans did their duty.

"There are no politics in graft," he exclaimed. "All crooks look alike to the taxpayer. It had been my intention, after a reasonable delay, to move for the discharge of the committee from consideration of my own resolution for a State-wide investigation of graft, graft, graft. No man in the State knows more about it than I do. No man in the history of our commonwealth has been a greater victim in the iniquity which honeycombs almost every department in the State."

HUPPUCH AS ROAD BOOSTER.

Work a Fiasco, Says Peabody—Contractor Gave $4,500 to Democrats.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 3.—George Foster Peabody, a witness this afternoon before James W. Osborne, Gov. Glynn's special graft investigator, shed additional light on the relationship between campaign contributions and road contractors.

A sixty-eight-thousand-dollar contract for resurfacing a road between Bolton and the village of Lake George in the Spring of 1912 was up for consideration when Mr. Peabody took the stand. The contract on this seven-mile stretch of road had been awarded without public bidding to the firm of Flood & Van Wirt, a member of which testified before Mr. Osborne last week that he had contributed $4,500 to "Bagman" Fowler for the Democratic State Committee in 1912.

Mr. Peabody, whose estate is situated on the Bolton road, corroborated several expert witnesses who had testified as to the poor condition of the road after the repair work had been completed and then startled Commissioner Osborne and the spectators by declaring that Winfield A. Huppuch, business partner of ex-Gov. Dix, once Chairman of the Democratic State Committee and in 1912 a Public Service Commissioner, had urged him to certify to the excellence of the work in order that the contractors might be able to get paid for their work by the State.

"I wrote to State Engineer Bensel, who at that time was one of the three Highway Commissioners, that I thought the State's money was being wasted in the repair work on this road, and that he ought to look into it," Mr. Peabody testified. "He sent Deputy Supt. Foley to see me. Mr. Foley told me they were using a new and improved method of resurfacing the road, and that I was quite mistaken in my judgment. But he admitted that before he was appointed Deputy Superintendent he had no knowledge of road materials or road construction, and that he had been appointed as a result of political influence.

"Did you have any correspondence with anybody else about this road?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"Mr. Huppuch, I think, wrote me and asked me, if I felt sufficiently confident respecting the character of the work, to certify that [illegible] 20th. I assumed what [illegible] that he wanted the contractor, whose identity I did not then know, to be paid something under the contract.'

Mr. Peabody testified that the work was done in April. In July, when he returned from the Baltimore convention, the road had already begun to go to pieces.

"The road was worse after repairing that it had been before," Mr. Peabody testified. "The whole thing was done wrong. In my opinion the State lost every dollar it put into that repair work."

John N. Carlisle, the present Commissioner of Highways, produced his "pie book," to which Mr. Osborne's attention had been called by ex-Representative Theron Akin. Mr. Carlisle offered to explain the book, but Mr. Osborne refused to permit him to testify until he had signed a waiver of immunity. The book contains the names of Senators and Assemblymen, Chairmen of the Democratic County Committees, and State Committeemen.

Mr. Carlisle explained that as one of these men recommended some one for a position in the Highway Department he set down the name at the side of the official. He also indicated those who had received positions. He said the number of those recommended greatly exceeded those appointed.

Clean Bill for Bensel.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 3.—It took the Frawley Committee less than twenty minutes this afternoon to give State Engineer John A. Bensel a clean bill of health in connection with the inquiry regarding barge canal construction delays and expenditures which was instituted last December, after Assemblyman Harold J. Hinman had introduced a resolution calling on the State Engineer to furnish detailed information on these subjects.

RE-PASS WORKMEN'S BILL.

Vote in Senate 35 to 4—Republican Assembly's Action Under Discussion.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 3.—Under a suspension of every rule established to insure deliberation and care in the making of laws the Senate to-day passed again the Workmen's Compensation bill in precisely the form in which it was enacted and approved by Gov. Glynn last December. When the final vote was taken the bill in its printed form was not before the members, the measure having been introduced only yesterday. Ordinarily a bill must be printed and on the desk of members for three legislative days before it can be taken up for action in either house.

The re-enactment of the bill is for the purpose of forestalling the anticipated attack on the constitutionality of the law in the courts, owing to the fact that it was enacted before the constitutional amendment, authorizing a compulsory workmen's compensation plan had gone into effect.

The vote stood 35 to 4. Republican Senators Argetsinger, Brown, Bussey, and Coates voted against it.

Senator Brown attacked the bill, declaring it had been put through for political expediency.

The Republican legislators in conference this evening discussed the question of the Assembly's action upon the bill. The question was referred to a committee composed of Assemblymen Hinman, Sullivan, and Phillips and Senator Brown and another Republican Senator not yet selected.

Assembly Opposes the Burnett Bill.

ALBANY, Feb. 3.—The Assembly put itself on record this morning as being opposed to the Burnett Immigration bill pending in Congress. The Sufrin resolution, condemning the measure and calling upon New York's national representatives to oppose its passage, was adopted with practical unanimity.

LIGHT ON STRATHCONA GIFT.

Reported Request That Yale Favor Great Northern Railroad Employes.

It was learned yesterday through a friend of the late Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal who had been in communication with representatives of the estate since Lord Strathcona's death on Jan. 21, that his will, which left $500,000 to Yale, requested that Yale make special conditions to enable employes and sons of employes of the Great Northern Railroad to enter that university.

A large part of the fortune of Lord Strathcona, which was estimated at his death at $25,000,000, was made through his investment in Great Northern. His bequest to Yale and the request with which it was accompanied, it was said yesterday, was intended as an expression of gratitude to the United States and in particular to the railroad employes who had contributed to his fortune.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 3.—"It is interesting to us to hear that Yale University is to receive $500,000 by the will of Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal," said Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., secretary of the university, to-day. "We have had no information bearing upon this gift, and we are curious to know whether the money comes unrestricted. It recalls the bequest for a similar sum a few years ago in the will of Archibald Blount of England, who lived not far from the birthplace of Elihu Yale. This was unrestricted. The university never has been able to trace the reason for the Blount gift."

Secretary Stokes thought it was possible that Lord Strathcona remembered Yale through his will partly by reason of an honorary degree conferred upon him at commencement in 1892. It was Lord Strathcona's only degree from an American university. At that time he was President and Chancellor of McGill University.

President Hadley said he had long known that Lord Strathcona had a strong interest in Yale. The gift, he added, was of greater value than represented by mere figures.

GIFTS IN "BIG TIM'S" NAME.

Relatives Give Away 2,750 Pairs of Shoes and Socks to the Bowery.

The annual distribution of socks, shoes, pipes, and tobacco that the late "Big Tim" Sullivan was accustomed to make on Feb. 3 in commemoration of the death of his mother was carried out by his relatives and friends yesterday afternoon at the headquarters of the Sullivan Association, 259 Bowery. The line of men waiting for the gifts at 4 o'clock extended along the Bowery and around the corner of Houston Street. By 8 o'clock 2,750 pairs of socks and shoes had been distributed to the men in addition to pipes and tobacco. Twenty cases of shoes that were not distributed will be given away to-day to those who were unable to get them yesterday.

The distribution was made by Harry Applebaum, ex-Assemblyman Harry Oxford, Patrick A. Sullivan, a brother of "Big Tim"; James F. Reilly, called "Sarsaparilla" Reilly, and Larry Mulligan, a half-brother of "Big Tim." The purpose of the distribution was explained in a pamphlet, bound in a cover of mourning, which was given to each of the men with their socks and shoes. The pamphlet closed with the words:

"May God rest 'Big Tim's' soul."

Godley Takes Brooklyn Police.

After he had been sworn in, Leon G. Godley, the new Third Deputy Police Commissioner, accompanied by Commissioner McKay, went to the headquarters in Poplar Street, Brooklyn, and entered upon his duties. He will be in charge of the force in Brooklyn. Mr. Godley was asked whether there was to be a reorganization of the Detective Bureau. He replied that he could not discuss the probability of changes until he had studied conditions.

GRAFT JURY INDICTS S. K. KELLOCK TWICE

Long-Time Associate of C. H. Hyde Is Accused by a State Contractor.

MONEY DUE GOES ASTRAY

New Trail Is Opened by Whitman —W. A. Larney to Explain to the Jury To-day.

Samuel K. Kellock, known for years as a business associate of Charles H. Hyde, the former City Chamberlain, was accused in two indictments handed up late yesterday afternoon by the Special Supreme Court Grand Jury to Justice Davis in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court. The indictments were obtained as the result of the information which sent Assistant District Attorney William Dean Embree to Albany on Saturday last. The two indictments, it is understood, charge grand larceny in two transactions. In all the Special Grand Jury, which is investigating graft, has found eight indictments.

The alleged illegal transactions of Kellock bear no direct relation to the highway, barge canal, and Catskill Aqueduct graft cases which the Grand Jury has been considering. They, however, involve well-known politicians and, it is expected, will lead to important developments in the fight of District Attorney Whitman against the "graft ring." It was with this object in view, it is understood, that the Grand Jurors delved into the charges against Kellock.

Kellock for eighteen years was employed in the law offices of Charles H. Hyde, but he never was Hyde's partner in the legal sense of the word, according to the information which reached the District Attorney's office. His name, however, appeared on Hyde's office doors for many years. Kellock never entered the bar, it is understood. When Hyde got into difficulties over the Carnegie Trust Company failure Kellock went into the automobile business. He now maintains an office at 1,928 Broadway.

William A. Larney, who was Secretary of the Fire Department under four administrations, and was removed by Rhinelander Waldo in 1911 to make way for Daniel E. Finn, Tammany district leader, is to be called as a witness. Larney denied yesterday that he was mixed up in any wrongdoing. He will appear before the Grand Jury to-day to offer his explanation.

"I assume all responsibility. There is nothing to this," he told the reporters. Then he added as an "aside": "If I get in wrong for this I'll make somebody else suffer."

William Henderson, a building contractor of 507 Fifth Avenue, was the complaining witness before the Grand Jury. Henderson, it seems, had a small office at 507 Fifth Avenue. There was desk room for a stranger, and when Larney, who had just lost his $4,800 job, came along, Henderson took him in and permitted him to put his name on the door. According to Larney, Henderson took him into partnership. According to Henderson, no partnership ever existed.

At any rate it was stipulated that Larney should use his "political influence" for the good of the contracting business. Henderson in May, 1911, obtained a State contract for $7,000 to build a laundry on the grounds of the State Hospital at Central Islip, L. I. Henderson needed money to carry out the contract and Larney introduced him to Samuel K. Kellock of Hyde's office. Kellock advanced $1,400 to Henderson in July, 1911, and took as security an assignment of the claim against the State. By December, 1911, according to Henderson, he had repaid Kellock with the money he obtained from the State and paid him in checks. Some of these checks bear the indorsement of Charles H. Hyde.

When the $1,400 loan was paid in full, according to Henderson, Kellock did not return the assignment which he had accepted as security. At the time that Kellock failed to return the assignment, according to Henderson, the State still owed Henderson $721.66 on the contract and an additional $1,588 which had been deducted for penalties, which amount Henderson asserted in justice was due him. Henderson in July, 1913, wrote to S. Louis Schnitzer, Treasurer of the State Hospital at Albany, saying:

"If you can't release the whole amount due me, send the first claim of $721.66."

President Schnitzer replied that according to the terms of the assignment the $721.66 had been paid to Samuel K. Kellock in May, 1913. Henderson, according to his story, went to Kellock and asked him to explain. Kellock, according to Henderson, denied filing the assignment.

It is this alleged misappropriation of $721.66, it is understood, which furnished the basis for the first indictment. A check for that amount was made out by the State Hospital Commission in May, 1913, to Samuel K. Kellock. The check, which was put in evidence yesterday, bears the indorsement of "Samuel Kellock, Assignee of William Henderson," and also the indorsement of "William Larney" and "Adolph J. Grunderman." Grunderman is said to be a baker at Twenty-sixth Street and Sixth Avenue.

When Henderson saw that he had lost $721.66, he determined to get the remainder of his claim, $1,588. In November, 1913, he wrote to the treasurer of the State Hospitals, saying: "I hear a rumor that Kellock is trying to collect $1,588."

Treasurer Schnitzer replied:

"That $1,588 was paid on Aug. 8, 1913, to George T. Kelly, a lawyer of Albany, who has filed in my office a power of attorney to act for Samuel K. Kellock."

Assistant District Attorney Embree, while in Albany, found that Kelly was a friend of "Packy" McCabe, Clerk of the Senate. Kelly, he found, had tried as recently as July, 1913, to obtain the $1,588 due Henderson. It was not until Aug. 7, however, that the amount due was paid to Kelly by the State Hospital Commission. This check, which, it is understood, furnished the basis for the second indictment, bears the indorsement "Samuel K. Kellock, Assignee," and also the indorsement of "George T. Kelly."

Kellock appeared at the Criminal Court Building yesterday afternoon in response to a telephone message. He had been invited to testify, but no subpoena was served on him. He had a short talk with Mr. Embree, and then he excused himself on the ground that he desired to telephone to a friend. He did not return. He could not be found last night. Kellock, according to the Telephone Directory, lives at Bay Shore, L. I. Telephone connection with his house had been discontinued, it was said last night.

Mr. Embree learned that the power of attorney by which Kelly, it is alleged, collected the second of the Henderson claims was executed at 2 Rector Street. It is this circumstance, it is understood, which gave the District Attorney of New York County jurisdiction in the case.

Just before the Grand Jury adjourned H. S. Kerbaugh, a barge canal and Catskill Aqueduct contractor, was sworn. He will go on the stand again to-day, when District Attorney Whitman will ask him to tell about being "sandbagged" for large campaign contributions. Kerbaugh, it is expected, will be asked to throw light on the Stewart-Gaffney incident. Kerbaugh was represented by ex-District Attorney Jerome, and on Jerome's advice, refused to sign a waiver of immunity.

"He can't give any information. He hasn't any to give," said Mr. Jerome. Mr. Whitman thinks otherwise.

Attorney General Carmody, who it was expected would be a witness yesterday, telegraphed from Albany that he was unable to come. It is expected that he will be a witness later in the week.

SmokyFireplaces Made to Draw Cooking Odors Carried Out of the House

Payment Conditional on Success.

FREDERIC N. WHITLEY Engineer and Contractor

211 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Heating--Ventilating--Air Filtration

TAX JOHN D. $12,000,000.

East Cleveland Claims Him as Resident and Orders Him to Pay.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 3.—John D. Rockefeller, because of his prolonged stay at Forest Hill, ought to pay taxes aggregating $12,000,000, according to the figuring of Tax Commissioners John J. Fackler and William Agnew.

The Commissioners called on Mr. Rockefeller this morning and left a notice stating that he is considered a legal resident of East Cleveland under the new Warnes tax law, and has five days in which to pay taxes on his personal property, including stocks and bonds in foreign corporations and other securities, valuables, and moneys.

The Tax Commissioners figure that his personal property valuation will total $900,000,000. They declare they have reliable information concerning the details of his holdings. They also declare that if the tax is not paid within the stipulated five days, as allowed by law, a penalty of 50 per cent. will go into effect.

The Warnes law provides that a person who remains in the county for the greater part of the year preceding the annual tax levy, shall be considered a legal resident of the county.

Virgil P. Kline, Mr. Rockefeller's attorney, ridiculed the move on the part of the Tax Commissioners.

"Mr. Rockefeller will fight this to the highest court in the land," he said. "It is preposterous to suppose that just because he was forced to remain here during the Winter by the illness of his wife, he has acquired a legal residence. He has already paid his taxes for this year in New York, his legal residence."

Residents of East Cleveland have visions of great public improvements and the lowering of their personal taxes almost to nothing as the result of adding Mr. Rockefeller's wealth to the tax duplicate. It is figured that East Cleveland's share of the tax would amount to $9,000,000, Cuyahoga County would get $2,000,000, and the State about $1,000,000. Mr. Rockefeller at present pays personal taxes of $71.91 in Cuyahoga County, on a valuation of $5,100.

ROOF BILLBOARDS DANGER.

Lyric Hotel Fire Adds Amendments to Proposed Ordinance.

The hindrance and danger to firemen caused by the double-decker bill boards on the roof of the Lyric Hotel in Times Square when it was burned last Sunday put two new amendments yesterday into the ordinance for the regulation of bill boards which will be submitted to the Board of Aldermen next Tuesday. One provides that double-decker bill boards shall not be allowed on any non-fireproof building, and the other provides that all bill boards erected on roofs shall be so constructed that they will not hinder the work of firemen.

Robert S. Binkerd, Secretary of the City Club, under whose direction the proposed bill-board ordinance is being put into final shape by a committee of Aldermen and the Mayor's bill board commission, said yesterday that except for the two amendments suggested by the

BY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE TO THE TIMES

PERSIAN EX-SHAH TO VISIT AMERICA

Mohammed Ali Mirza Said to be Coming to Look Into Investment Opportunities.

HE HAS BEEN IN GERMANY

Presence at a Private Hospital in Berlin Was Long Kept Secret —To Arrive in the Spring.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—The ex-Shah of Persia intends to visit the United States in the coming Spring or early Summer. His plans to that end have been arranged with a well-known Berlin specialist, Dr. Nicolai Cahn, at whose private hospital the former "King of Kings" underwent a cure for diabetes at the end of last year.

Dr. Cahn himself expects to reach New York in April and to meet his former imperial patient there shortly afterward. Speaking to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent to-day, Dr. Cahn said:

"The ex-Shah arrived in Berlin incognito early last Summer, for the purpose of placing himself in my hands. His identity remained a profound secret, and I was able to discharge him as cured without anybody having heard of his presence.

"A few days before Christmas, feeling that he needed another overhauling, he returned to my hospital. I had invited him to attend a New Year's Eve ball at my residence, but it leaked out that he would be among the guests, and in order to avoid annoyance he left Berlin the first week of January, and is now on the Riviera."

Dr. Cahn could not supply any information in regard to a report that the ex-Shah's object in visiting America is to investigate investment opportunities.

The cable message telling of the intended visit to this country of the ex-Shah of Persia was confirmed last night by Haigazoun H. Topakyan, the Persian Consul General in this city. When the cablegram was read to him he said:

"Yes, I have heard that the ex-Shah is going to visit this country, and I understood that he will arrive here some time next May."

"Do you know for what purpose he is coming?" was asked.

"I have an idea that he simply wishes to visit America. Perhaps he will come to this city first and then travel all over the country, going to Chicago and finally to San Francisco. I know of no other reason for his visit here," said Mr. Topakyan.

The Consul General said he was informed of the ex-Shah's plan first by a Russian nobleman who was here several months ago, and had previously talked with the ex-Shah in Odessa.

Information concerning the ex-Shah's plans to visit America came first from John D. Gluck, whose offices are at 347 Fifth Avenue. Mr. Gluck said that the Persian ex-ruler was coming to America for the purpose of investigating certain investment opportunities, and that he (Mr. Gluck) would represent the ex-Shah.

Mohammed Ali Mirza succeeded his father, Muzaffar-ed-Din, as Shah of Persia in 1907, when he was thirty-five years old. He was the first Persian monarch to rule under a constitution. At the end of two years of sovereignty he was deposed. He went to Russia and lived in Odessa until June, 1911, when he returned to Persia and made a desperate but unsuccessful attempt to regain the throne.

He fought several battles, and won several victories, but the number of his followers was not sufficient for an extensive campaign, and consequently he soon found himself in danger of capture.

The problem of disposing of the deposed Shah was a matter of concern to England and Russia. Both countries discussed the advisability of having Persia make some kind of terms with him to keep him out of the country. After considerable delay an agreement was reached.

In 1912 reports reached this country that the deposed Shah had gathered together some two hundred desperadoes and several vessels fully equipped for plundering on the Caspian Sea. In May of that year he was believed to be occupying an impregnable stronghold on the west coast to which two of his vessels, laden with booty, had returned. In company with Malik, his uncle, and Itazed, his brother, the former Shah was reported to have captured a party of Persians, including a nobleman, for whose release he demanded a ransom of $200,000.

FEARS RUIN OF EUROPE.

Sir Edward Grey Deplores the Nations' Armament Competition.

MANCHESTER, Feb. 3.—Sir Edward Grey, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in an interesting address to-day before the Chamber of Commerce here on the subject of foreign policy and armaments, admitted that Great Britain was partly responsible and open to criticism for setting an example by building the first dreadnought. He believed, however, that at that time the idea of dreadnoughts was in the air and that they would have got into the sea in any event.

Moreover, said Sir Edward, the increase in the number of dreadnoughts was now proceeding without reference to British expenditure, and the remarkable thing was that, while an increase in one country provoked increases in other countries, slackening in one country, even when attributed to exhaustion, failed to produce slackening in the others. He therefore feared that a reduction in Great Britain's naval estimates would not influence European building programmes.

Announcing that he had known before hand and had indorsed all the suggestions made to other countries in favor of a reduction in armaments, the Foreign Secretary expressed the hope that the loud demands likely to be made in Parliament for a reduction would not be misinterpreted abroad as an indication of inability to stand the financial strain. Great Britain had felt that strain the least, but he had a foreboding that the competition in armaments would eventually lead to disaster and sink the ship of European prosperity and civilization.

"The foreign policy of Great Britain," said Sir Edward, "is devoted to keeping peace and order and preserving the open door and open markets. This is especially difficult in dealing with countries suffering from internal disturbances, like Mexico, where a revolution is proceeding on a scale absolutely beyond control, and we cannot interfere to protect the British market, which is ruined beyond repair."

Dutch Warship for Canal Opening.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 3.—The Netherlands Government to-day decided to send a warship to take part in the ceremonies at the opening of the Panama Canal.

15TH CENTURY BOOKS SOLD.

One That Belonged to Walpole and William Morris Brings $350.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—In the sale of the George Dunn library at Sotheby's to-day "Obsidionis Rhodie Urbis Descriptio," by Guillelmus Cavursin, a rare folio printed at Ulm in 1496, brought $350. It is the Horace Walpole copy, and has his "ex-libris" in the cover. It afterward belonged successively to Lord Crawford, M. Gennadius, and William Morris.

"Chorale cum Officio Sanctae Crucis," a manuscript on 113 vellum leaves, written in Gothic letters and containing twenty-one small painted and illuminated historiated initial miniatures, sold for $305. It is of later fifteenth or early sixteenth century execution.

Cicero's "De Oratore," small folio, Venice, Windelinus de Spira, circa 1470, a fine copy of a rare edition, was knocked down for $245.

"A Harmony of the Gospel," by Clement of Lanthony, translated into English presumably by John Wycliffe, a fourteenth century English manuscript on 222 vellum leaves, brought $295. It is written in English black letter. Wyckliffian manuscripts are rare.

"Dialogus Creaturarum Moralizatus" and "Gesta Romanorum," two works in one volume, both dated 1480, realized $305. The "Dialogus" is the most ancient edition known with a date. The "Gesta" is the first edition with a date. Both works came from the Sunderland Library.

A finely written and decorated manuscript, dated 1436, a translation from Greek, with Latin of Dionysius Areopagiticus, went for $335. It is a small folio in modern binding by Leighton.

The sale will be continued to-morrow.

$2,000,000 FOR A PEERAGE.

Immense Sums Said to Have Been Paid for English Titles.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The first number of The Candid Review, a new quarterly brought out by Thomas Gibson Bowles, the well-known ex-member of Parliament, makes an attack on the method of replenishing the political parties' war chests by the traffic in honors. It says:

"One person gave £50,000 ($250,000) to the party fund and was subsequently made a baronet. Another gave £150,000, another £200,000, and yet another £400,000 for peerages.

"Brokers in the City, we are told, have gone about shouting for buyers of baronetcies at £4,000 down and £6,000 to be lodged at a bank in two names, 10 per cent. commission to be paid to the first introducer of the customer."

CABLE PICTURES NEXT YEAR

Prof. Korn Promises Them for Opening of San Francisco Fair.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—In an interview with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent to-day, Prof. Korn, the inventor of "photo-telegraphy," who has now devised a system of transmitting photographs across the ocean, said:

"I have perfected my invention so as to permit the sending of pictures any desired length of cable or telegraphic wire. The plains I have worked out for employing the selenium method for transoceanic transmission will be made public for the first time before the Berlin Electro-Technical Society on Feb. 17, and will be accompanied by a demonstration.

"The first transmission between Europe and America and vice versa is planned for next year. The first pictures will be sent from Europe to New York and from New York to San Francisco on the occasion of the opening of the Panama-Pacific Exposition."

POLITICAL ARRESTS IN PERU.

Newspaper Offices Closed by Police —Talk of Revolutionary Plot.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LIMA, Peru, Feb. 3.—The offices of the newspapers La Prensa and La Cronica were closed by the police to-night, and twenty politicians, including several Congressmen, were arrested.

The crisis was precipitated by President Billinghurst's plan to dissolve Congress and call for a new general election on the ground that the election of the present Congress was unconstitutional.

Secret meetings have been held by the Opposition during the last week, and to-day's arrests lead to the conclusion that a revolutionary plot was discovered.

DISLIKE KNICKERBOCKERS.

Prussian Association Denounces Women's Winter Sport Costumes.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—The inhabitants of the Rhineland, Prussia's most Catholic province, have started an agitation against what are described as the unbecoming garments worn by women who engage in Winter sports.

An association in defense of "outraged morality" has been formed, and it invites hotelkeepers and restaurateurs to boycott women wearers of knickerbockers.

BECKER DECISION WAITS.

May Be Given Next Tuesday—Two Death Sentences Acted On.

ALBANY, Feb. 3.—No decision was handed down to-day by the Court of Appeals in the case of Charles Becker, convicted of the murder of Herman Rosenthal. The next decision day will be next Tuesday.

One death sentence was affirmed and another reversed by the court to-day. Pietro Rebacci must die for the murder of Antonio Narra in White Plains on Feb. 27, 1913. A new trial was granted to Dominick Gerdvine, sentenced to death for slaying Theodore Faller, a chef in the Middletown Hospital, Dec. 6, 1912. His defense was intoxication to the point of mental paralysis, making it impossible for him to commit murder in the first degree. The trial Judge refused to permit the jury to consider this plea.

NEW STEP BY YUAN TOWARD AUTOCRACY

Chinese President Issues a Mandate Dissolving the District Councils.

ASSEMBLIES MAY GO NEXT

Administrative Council at Peking Will Pass on the Virtual Order to Give Legal Color to It.

PEKING, Feb. 3.—The dissolution of all the district councils in the provinces of China is ordered in a Presidential mandate issued to-day by Yuan Shih-kai.

This is regarded in authoritative circles her as another important step toward the suppression of popular government in China.

The final move in this direction, it is said, will be the dispersal of the provincial Assemblies. A mandate for their dissolution is to be submitted to the Administrative Council in Peking for the purpose of giving legal color to Yuan Shih-kai's dictatorial action.

The Administrative Council which is to approve Yuan Shih-kai's decree consists of two representatives from each province, four Cabinet Ministers, a representative official from each Ministry, and eight members of the Presidential secretariat. The Council takes into consideration only those questions submitted to it by Yuan Shih-kai and the Government, and, owing to its composition, is said never to consider the questions, but to take them as orders.

To-night's mandate declares that the district councils interfere with the Administration and that the councilors intrigue with the rebels.

The district council in each province consisted of the chief official of the province, known as the Controller, who took the place of the Governor under the old rule. He was assisted by four administrative officials of the province appointed by himself and by ten members of the Provincial Assemblies elected by ballot.

The Councils' duties were to investigate bills passed by the Provincial Assemblies, and they possessed a veto over laws passed by these bodies, especially if they infringed on national laws.

The Provincial Assemblies, established under the Republican Government, consist of a minimum of fifty members and a maximum of 100 members, according to the population of the province. They have power to enact laws applying only to their respective provinces and not conflicting with national legislation. They also control the provincial budgets, ordain the method of collecting provincial taxes, and control the issue of provincial loans.

TO STOP CHINESE FLOODS.

Red Cross Intrusts $20,000,000 Project to J. G. White Company.

The financing and construction of the Hwai River works for the prevention of floods, the $20,000,000 conservation project recently committed by the Chinese Government to the American Red Cross, will be carried out by the J. G. White Engineering Corporation, of this city. The formal designation of the company as contracting and financial agent was made yesterday by Miss Mabel Boardman. Chairman, of the executive committee of the Red Cross. A commissioner from the Chinese Government is already on the way here, and five distinguished American engineers have been recommended to take charge of the project.

Three years have elapsed since the Red Cross first suggested that China, instead of spending millions to relieve the suffering caused almost annually by the overflow of the Hwai should make the river keep within its banks. The Chinese thought well of the plan, but on account of the international difficulties involved in raising the money and granting concessions for the work it hesitated to carry out the project unless the Red Cross would undertake general supervision.

This organization has agreed within a year to raise the $20,000,000 needed, and the designation of the J. G. White Corporation makes it certain that American money will finance the project and American brains solve the engineering problems involved.

SOCIETY EDITOR ARRESTED.

Frank Harris Sent to Jail for Reflections on Earl Fitzwilliam.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Frank Harris, editor of the weekly Modern Society, was, by order of Mr. Justice Horridge, arrested to-day and committed to Brixton Jail on the application of Earl Fitzwilliam. Harris is charged with contempt of court in printing certain articles commenting on the pending Melville divorce action, in which Lord Fitzwilliam is cited as co-respondent.

One paragraph complained of said, among other things, that the Melville petition was a final blow to the faith of the King and Queen in human kind, that if Lord Fitzwilliam were guilty he must be a "sly dog," and that he had always been regarded as one of the "untouchables" of the nobility.

The Judge, referring to other paragraphs in the paper, said they clearly suggested that Lady Fitzwilliam could tell a story about her husband, and that the Earl's father-in-law had declined to visit his house.

The Judge committed Mr. Harris to prison until he apologized.

MR. MORGENTHAU'S TRIP.

Ambassador Goes to Adrianople to Meet His Wife and Daughter.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 3.—United States Ambassador Morgenthau returned to-day, after a forty-hour trip to Adrianople, where he was joined by his wife and daughter from America.

Mr. Morgenthau is the first Ambassador to visit Adrianople in recent years. The Turkish Governor and the British Consul rendered him distinguished honors. Last night the Governor gave a banquet in his honor, the guests including the British Consul, the Military Governor, and the Mohammedan Mufti.

Mrs. Morgenthau's first act on arriving here was to arrange for a Summer home on the Bosphorus.

DIVORCE DINNER AND BALL.

Couple Celebrate Their Separation —Same Guests as at Wedding.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Feb. 4.—According to a dispatch from Christiania, Mme. Brun, wife of a well-to-do wholesale merchant there, recently obtained a divorce decree against her husband.

Neither regarded the severance as a domestic tragedy. During their six years of married life they had enjoyed much happiness together. They therefore resolved to celebrate the divorce with a dinner and ball, so that all the world might know that they parted friends.

With this object the divorce celebrations was held at the same hotel where, six years ago, the wedding feast had taken place. Every guest who attended the feast that inaugurated the marriage, was also bidden to the feast that celebrated its termination.

Daintily printed cards of invitation bearing the usual inscription of wedding cards, were sent out, but instead of the phrase "to celebrate the wedding of," the word "divorce" was substituted.

At the conclusion of the dinner the ex-husband raised his glass to the future well-being of his former wife, thanking her from the bottom of his heart for the few happy years they had spent together.

BIG SUMS FOR PORCELAIN.

Pair of Chelsea Figures Is Sold for $2,625 at Christie's.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Good prices were realized at Christie's to-day in a sale of old English and Chinese porcelain and decorative furniture.

A pair of Chelsea figures of a shepherd and a shepherdess, wearing rich costumes, modeled by Roulilliac, thirteen inches high, brought $2,625.

Three Vienna vases, covers and stands, painted with Arcadian shepherds, &c., in oval panels on a deep pink ground, went for $1,100.

A pair of Chinese figures of storks, 11½ inches high—Kien-Lung—brought $500.

A pair of Chelsea figures of Vauxhall Players in fancy costumes with masks, 8¼ inches high, was knocked down for $605.

An old cylindrical Worcester mug, 6 inches high, realized $550.

A Chinese twelve-leaf lacquer screen carved with river scenes, 7 feet 6 inches, high—Kien-Lung—brought $1,600.

A pair of Chippendale mirrors, 6 feet 6 inches high, 3 feet 9 inches wide, sold for $760.

WIFE SUES C. L. LLOYD.

Gets English Decree for Restitution of Conjugal Rights.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Sir Samuel Evans in the Divorce Court to-day granted to Eleanor S. Lloyd of New York a decree for the restitution of conjugal rights against her husband, Charles L. Lloyd, also an American. The Judge ordered that the decree be obeyed within fourteen days after service.

Mrs. Lloyd on the witness stand stated that the marriage took place in St. Agnes's Church, New York, on Nov. 14, 1903. She and her husband lived in New York, and later in England, where Mrs. Lloyd now intended to reside. Last August Lloyd, who was described as having big business interests in America, had a quarrel with his wife, and had not returned to her.

OPPOSE NEW TRUST BILLS.

F. H. Levy and Seth Low Point Out Alleged Flaws at Hearings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Felix H. Levy of New York, who was one of the counsel for the Government in the Tobacco Trust case, and ex-Mayor Seth Low of New York, President of the National Civic Federation, testified to-day before the two committees of the House of Representatives in charge of the "Five Brothers" bills embracing the Administration programme for anti-trust legislation.

Mr. Levy appeared before the Judiciary Committee. He praised the Sherman law, opposed its amendment, and criticised certain features of the pending bill to define that statute.

Mr. Low appeared before the Interstate Commerce Committee and devoted his attention to the proposed Interstate Trade Commission. He and Mr. Levy favored only parts of the tentative bills representing the views of the Administration and the framers of the measures.

Mr. Levy opposed that section of the Trade Relations bill which proposes to prohibit so-called exclusive selling agency contracts, and asserted that this would be a dangerous proposition for the American business world. He said that this section would overthrow a long line of court decisions approving selling agencies where no element of combination in restraint of trade was present. He cited instances of hat concerns which maintain selling agencies in large cities. He thought that the prohibition, if included in the bill, should be restricted to concerns engaged in monopoly.

Mr. Low submitted a tentative draft of an Interstate Trade Commission bill. the Commerce Committee indicated a disposition to discard the pending Clayton bill entirely and proceed to formulate a new trade commission measure. Mr. Low contended that the Clayton bill would empower a commission with too drastic powers of search of corporations.

Would "Exchange" Business Men.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—The exchange professorship scheme between Germany and the United States inaugurated by the Kaiser in 1904 will be amplified, according to a proposal by Harvard University, so as to provide an "exchange" of business men. The Elder Merchants' Guild of Berlin is now inquiring into the practicability of the proposal.

Levy on a Woman Senator.

A judgment of $75 was rendered yesterday against Mrs. Helen Ring Robinson, a State Senator from Colorado, by Judge Sturgess and a jury in the Ninth Municipal Court at Madison Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, in favor of Miss Helen Dewey, who acted as press agent for Senator Robinson on a recent Eastern speaking trip. A City Marshal left a writ of levy at a hotel here where the Senator had stayed.

SAYS SOCIALISM COMES TOO HIGH

To Succeed It Needs Napoleons and Morgans, Says Dean Inge.

EXPLAINS PULPIT POLITICS

Many Clergymen Find In It a Refuge from Preaching Dogmas They No Longer Believe In.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Dean Inge of St. Paul's Cathedral, analyzing some currents of present-day thought in a speech delivered to-day, said that the current of social reform had invaded the pulpit for reasons upon which Christians could not altogether congratulate themselves. Many Christian ministers, he said, found in politics a welcome refuge from preaching dogmas which they no longer actively believed. A man must be either a saint or a humbug to preach the Gospel in its unalloyed form.

Discussing Socialism, he said:

"If such a system of government was ever possible, it could only be as an almost omnipotent bureaucracy, controlled by men of the Napoleon or J. Pierpont Morgan type. These gentlemen, judging from experience, are apt to demand rather high payment for their services. A nation so organized might be powerful and prosperous, but only on certain conditions. Discipline would have to be iron repression and very severe."

Speaking on the subject of the present revolt against pain, Dean Inge said that everybody felt Christian sympathy with those who perished on the Titanic; but surely the groan of horror that arose from the whole people, and the letters that were written asking how the disaster could be reconciled with belief in a good God, was carrying humanitarianism and dread of suffering and death to an extent much too far and too unmanly.

COHAN PLAY IN LONDON.

Mixed Reception Given to "Broadway Jones"—"Joseph" at Opera.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—George M. Cohan's "Broadway Jones" was produced at the Prince of Wales's Theatre to-night, with Seymour Hicks, Ella Line Terriss, and Thomas Meighan in the three principal parts.

The piece amused the audience and may achieve a success, although the reception given to it is not unanimously favorable.

Another distinguished audience was at Covent Garden for the first production in England of Mehul's "Joseph." Some critics greet the opera as a masterpiece and express regret that it was never before presented in London.

SHACKLETON'S NEW ROUTE.

Change Decided on After Consulting Well-Known Geographers.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Sir Ernest Shackleton has decided to abandon the route originally chosen for his journey across the antarctic continent.

This decision is announced in an article in The Geographical Journal, in which he writes that he has determined not to pursue the original route inside the Victoria chain of mountains. He consulted with the President of the Royal Geographical Society and other well-known geographers, and is prepared to adopt their opinion that more benefit would ensue if he took another route over to the eastward of Amundsen's track or between the Beardmore Glacier route, and the Amundsen Glacier route.

Thus the entire ground would be new.

MR. BREMNER SINKING.

Condition of Miss Quayle, Another Radium Patient, Is Critical.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 3.—At a late hour to-night Congressman Bremner, who has been undergoing radium treatment for cancer at Dr. Kelly's sanitarium, was barely alive. All hope for his recovery has been abandoned, and his wife, sister, and two brothers have been constantly at his bedside since early last night.

At times he sinks into a state akin to sleep, and then he calls out in his delirium some biblical quotation. Several times to-night he muttered "O, God of Bethel, by that hand which has led me"— the ending of the sentence not being intelligible.

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—The condition of Miss Margaret Quayle, daughter of Bishop Alfred William Quayle of St. Paul, who is in a hospital here, is critical to-night, according to Dr. Dudley Jackson, her physician. Dr. Jackson said that if physicians, after a consultation, thought it possible, Miss Quayle would be sent to her home in St. Paul on Friday or Saturday.

Miss Quayle was brought to a hospital here for a rest after her return from Baltimore, Md., where she was treated with radium for cancer of the knee. The radium treatment, physicians said, was successful in its effect on the cancer, but left Miss Quayle in a condition of nervous collapse. She had been unable to retain any nourishment, and had obtained little rest since reaching here.

TOO MUCH FAITH IN RADIUM.

Not Known to Have Cured One Advanced Case of Cancer, Says Reynolds

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 3.—A warning against blind faith in the cure of cancer by radium was voiced by Dr. Edward Reynolds of Boston at a public educational meeting of the American Society for the Control of Cancer in Soldiers' Memorial Hall here to-night.

Dr. Reynolds, who is Vice President for New England of the American Society, said that as yet there was no evidence that radium had cured a single advanced case of cancer. According to his views, the radium treatment of cancer is, up to the present time, a matter of experiment, and successful results have been obtained chiefly in the treatment of external cancers, particularly of the skin.

The first principle in the treatment of cancer, Dr. Reynolds said, was the extreme danger of delay, and thus far a thoroughly qualified operation seems to hold out the only hope for cure.

Frederick L. Foffman, statistician for a leading life insurance company, gives statistical evidence to support the warning to seek early operative treatment. Of deaths from cancer, Mr. Hoffman gives figures for the following cities: New York, 81 in every 100,000 of population; Pittsburgh, 67 per 100,000; Philadelphia, 90, and Chicago, 79.

MORE DOUBTS ON AIR RACE.

English Authority Says It Is Impossible with Our Engines.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The publication of fuller details regarding the proposed round-the-world-flight of motor-driven air craft in 1915 has not removed the doubts from the minds of English aeronautical experts as to the practicability of such a race by the time of the stipulated date. The editor of The Aeroplane says that with the machines we now have the project is absolutely insane. He cannot see how special machines of the type required could be made in twelve months.

As to the question of prizes, these, he thinks, are certainly not enough to tempt aeroplane firms to enter, as initial arrangements are likely to cost $100,000, and even if the prize ultimately is won there would be a loss. The only person likely to enter, he says, would be the "sporting millionaire," who would be willing to spend $150,000 to $200,000 on experiments and another $100,000 on organization and equipment.

The Aero Club of America received word from San Francisco yesterday that arrangements would be sought for policing the water legs of the course for the round-the-world aeroplane race.

The Panama Exposition Commissioners will ask the co-operation of this Government, France, Germany, Russia, and Japan in forming an international patrol. Japan and the United States will be asked to patrol the Pacific Ocean course with scout cruisers, and the United States, England, and France to establish the same sort of patrol on the Atlantic. Russia will be asked to distribute troops over the desolate wastes of Siberia and Manchuria.

MRS. DRUMMOND APPEALS.

Question of Income Tax on American Money Goes to Higher Court.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Mrs. Maldwin Drummond, formerly Mrs. Marshall Field, Jr., has entered an appeal against Mr. Justice Horridge's judgment, given last July, ordering her to pay $50,000 income tax on the money she received from America for the maintenance and education of her three children.

Mrs. Drummond's solicitor instructed Sir Robert Finlay, ex-Attorney General, to present the case to the appeal Judges. The Court of Appeal will sit this week, probably to-morrow, to decide the case, which raises the important point whether American money, "sent here for necessary purposes," is liable to British income tax.

CAPITAL GREETS McDEVITT.

"Millionaire for a Day" Throws Money to Washington Mob.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—John Jay McDevitt, self-styled "millionaire of a day," with his heroic-size statue in bronzed plaster of paris, a score of admiring Wilkes-Barre citizens and an ever-active moving picture operator, made a triumphal entry into Washington this afternoon.

The crowds that gather on any occasion were early at the Union Station to welcome the valiant hero of vainglory. They followed him and his band through the streets, crowding about his automobile and jeering at the statue, and clamoring for the occasional piece of money he threw to those in his wake.

McDevitt neglected nothing to attract the attention of the rabble. Hundreds of carnations were delivered to him at the station. These and pictures of the statue were distributed along the line of parade from the station to the Sterling Hotel. Every once in a while "Butch" threw away a $1 bill to the gamins, but before he did so he signaled the moving picture operator and raised the bill high in the air, so that the camera could catch it as well as the cheering, happy-go-lucky mob.

After an hour of triumph from his street admirers McDevitt reached the hotel. There he greeted by the curious, to whom he made a speech and again displayed his "bunch of money" to the extent of paying $3 for afternoon newspapers. When the demands of the newsboys for a piece of money became insistent McDevitt quickly concluded his talk and rushed into the hotel. His friends carried the statue inside and placed it in the corridor. Later it was locked safely in the apartment assigned to the miner.

"The only difference between Napoleon and myself is that Napoleon led an army and I did not," laughed McDevitt. "I have not done anything great, but you can never tell what I can do. The only difference between economy and insanity is $100,000, and I am nearly broke."

Afterward McDevitt went to a theatre, where he had an opportunity, between acts, until stopped by the attendants, to tell of his mission and retail his biography. He failed to tell on any occasion, however, where he obtained the $3,000 for the trip and what vaudeville circuit he would join after his experiences here.

McDevitt hopes to present the statue to Congress, which body, he knows, will graciously refuse it. But he does not care for that, for he will have had the advertising and the attention of the country for a two-day period. He will send a delegation to Speaker Clark to-morrow and ask for the privilege of addressing the House. Failing in that, he will make an effort to speak from the steps of the Capitol.

The monument, McDevitt says, will be unveiled in a hotel room, and there the tawny-haired adventurer will deliver the dedicatory speech, already prepared and distributed.

Dr. Finley at No. 40's Reunion.

Dr. John H. Finley is to address the Alumni Association of Public School 40, at its fourth annual reunion and dinner at the Hotel Savoy next Monday. There are 300 members of the association, comprising graduates and pupils prior to the year 1890. E. M. F. Miller, 40 Wall Street, is President. The school's first home was on East Twentieth Street, near Second Avenue. In 1865 it was moved to East Twenty-third Street, near Third Avenue. In 1899 it was moved back to the old site on Twentieth Street, where it occupies a modern building.

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'DON QUICHOTTE' HAS PREMIERE HERE

Massenet's Opera Given by Chicago-Philadelphia Company at the Metropolitan.

MARY GARDEN, DULCINEA

Work from Cervantes's Romance Fails to Make a Deep Impression —Vanni Marcoux as Hero.

La Belle Dulcinee	Mary Garden
Don Quichotte	Vanni Marcoux
Sancho	Hector Dufranne
Pedro	Minnie Egener
Garcias	Helen Warrum
Rodrigues	Emilio Venturini
Juan	Edmond Warnery
Le Chef de Bandits	Constantin Nicolay
Deux Valets	Charles Meyer, Francesco Daddi
Conductor	Cleofonte Campanini

The Chicago-Philadelphia Opera Company returns this season to the Metropolitan Opera House for its short series of performances, as it has in previous seasons, bringing new operas as it has before. Its first performance was given last evening; the opera was Massenet's "Don Quichotte," heard for the first time in New York. It had been performed before in Philadelphia on Nov. 15 of last year; and this was said at the time to have been the first performance in America. But they who reckon without considering New Orleans opera are surely destined to denunciation as falsifiers of the record. For New Orleans has risen up and declared that New Orleans, and not Philadelphia, heard Massenet's opera for the first time in America—namely, on Jan. 30, 1912.

The audience was large; it was interested in the new opera, and still more so in greeting the old friends, members of the cast who returned to New York. The enthusiasm was not generally hearty, though there were numerous recalls of artists, and, after the fourth act, of Mr. Campanini before the curtain. But the opera cannot be said to have made a deep impression.

"Don Quichotte" is one of the more recent of Massenet's operas, which he poured out so frequently all through his career as a lyric dramatist, and not only with no diminution in the later years of his life, but rather with greater copiousness. That the inspiration ran thin, that he economized severely with it, has been obvious to those who have heard his later operatic productions. But the French composer was one of those who had thoroughly mastered the technique of operatic composition; he had a sure sense of the stage and its effects, an easy command of the orchestra of vocal writing, of ensemble. These qualities are shown in "Don Quichotte" in a certain measure.

The opera is the latest of a long series that musicians and librettists have extracted from the pages of Cervantes's immortal romance, but never with distinguished success. Nor is it likely that Massenet's will share the immortality of its prototype in any measurable degree. The Spanish romance has served to provide the French adapters with material for an opera that has a few agreeable qualities, with a libretto that has some consistency if no great dramatic power or poetic expressiveness. Last SUNDAY'S TIMES recounted the tragic little story of the play on which it is based, the work of Jacques Le Lorrain, a "cobbler poet" of a French provincial town, who got his play produced in Paris just in time to see it before he died. Henri Cain has followed the cobbler poet rather than the Spanish romancer in his libretto.

Dulcinea is in this version a very worldly coquette, surrounded by a throng of admirers who greet the shabby Knight with derision when he makes his appearance on Rosinante, with his fat retainer Sancho Panza, in the fête which is represented in the first act. To rid herself of the ardent attentions of Don Quixote, she sends him on the supposedly impossible task of recovering her necklace from the bandits who stole it. In the second act Don Quixote and Sancho Panza are starting on their quest: the Knight improvises a song to his lady love. Sancho Panza philosophizes on the fickleness of women; they come upon the windmills and Don Quixote enters upon his famous fight with these giants, who worst him.

No other of the adventures related by Cervantes are depicted in the opera; in the next act the twain come upon the bandits who take them captive, and are about to put them to death, but are so touched by the knight's fearless courage and noble simplicity that they give him the necklace of which he is in search, and let him go with his esquire.

They return to Dulcinea's house and the festival that is in progress. Don Quixote proudly restores the necklace, and claims the hand of Dulcinea. She is delighted and touched; and gently tells her suitor that she is unworthy of him. He goes; and in the next act is seen with Sancho Panza, weary, resting in the forest at night; and as he waits for death, smiles sadly at his esquire that he can leave him as a legacy nothing more substantial than his island of Dreams. Death comes to him with the name of Dulcinea on his lips.

There is a certain amount of vulgarization of Cervantes in making Dulcinea the person she is in the opera. But it has a certain practical theatrical advantage—it gives an immediate purpose to Don Quixote's adventures, while at the same time it reduces those adventures to the level of conventional operatic material. Henri Cain has treated them, however, without too great irreverence, without a blighting touch of realism. Better still, he has succeeded in expressing at least something of the lovable quality of the Knight of the Rueful Countenance, his nobility, tenderness, simplicity, pathetic humanity, and idealism, even if these qualities are only suggested in outline.

Strange that the composer has taken no fuller advantage of what opportunities are offered him in this libretto. The general quality of his music is thin, pale, and diluted. Cervantes's tale inspired him to nothing that at all meets it in poetic feeling, dramatic suggestion, or moving power of any sort. Nor have the characters that have charmed and delighted so many readers among all sorts and conditions of men suggested to his mind any music that in the least characterizes them or suggests any of their feelings, passions, motives. The music, in fact, through most of these five acts seems little more than a background for the drama and partakes of little of its substance.

In a few passages the composer has attempted to represent Spanish color and rhythm in his music, as in the festival scene of the first act, and Dulcinea's song to the accompaniment of the guitar in the fourth. Don Quixote's own serenade to her in the first act is weak; all the greater pity, because it is a melody that recurs in the opera when he sees visions of Dulcinea. There are long and disheartening stretches of arioso, with the thinnest of orchestral accompaniments, that adds nothing of dramatic significance.

Of characterization of either Don Quixote or Dulcinea in their music there is little. Of Sancho Panza there is perhaps more. But many of the speeches in musical declamations are singularly lacking in pregnancy of suggestion; thus, Don Quixote's address to the brigands seems empty and lacks the emotional power that would touch even those susceptible hearts. Dulcinea's speech to Don Quixote, telling him of her unworthiness, has something of the touching significance of the situation. In the last act the music seems to fade and expire with the tottering knight himself.

Among the pleasing orchestral passages is the short intermezzo between the fourth and fifth acts, based on the melody of one of Dulcinea's songs earlier in the opera. It is a simple melody for a solo 'cello; but it had to be repeated. There is an amusing little minuet movement in the fourth act that accompanies Sancho Panza's vision of the glories he is expecting; and in this act a longer accompanying passage might remind some—has reminded some—of Mozart's scheme of orchestra accompaniment in comedy. But it is a good ways back to Mozart from "Don Quichotte."

The performance was carried through with a firm hand by Mr. Campanini, who probably made about all there was to be made of the score. Mr. Vanni Marcoux, who appeared in New York for the first time, presented a figure of Don Quixote that was picturesque and characteristic, though erring, perhaps, a little on the side of caricature. But in many passages he was sympathetic, and caught at least something of the essential quality of the lovable knight.

He is not highly gifted in voice; his tones are apt to be hard and dry and lacking in romance. Nor is Miss Garden highly gifted in voice. This fact has been noted before, and came into greater prominence than ever last evening. She assimilated Dulcinea with some of the most familiar characters of her dramatic gallery, and perhaps the heroine, as the librettist has shown her, belongs there.

Most appealing of all the characters on the stage, however, because of the truth, vigor, artistic delicacy and humor of the delineation, was the Sancho Panza of Mr. Dufranne, who sang with the powerful and resonant voice that is so well remembered. There was excellent scenery provided, of which that in the last act, a great tree with the Sierras in the distance, was the most notable. The practicable windmills in the second, in their victory over Don Quixote, functioned properly.

BANKRUPTCY REFORMS.

Judge Hand to Give Principal Creditors Greater Protection.

Judge Learned Hand greatly surprised the bankruptcy bar yesterday by announcing in the Federal District Court that he proposed to adopt a new procedure in bankruptcy cases. Heretofore it has been the custom for the attorney filing a petition in bankruptcy to obtain an order for the appointment of a receiver. This functionary has been named by the District Judge, and on taking charge of the bankrupt's affairs has usually appointed the petitioning attorney his own attorney.

Judge Hand now proposes to give to the principal creditor a much greater control of the bankrupt's affairs. In the first place he has decided that the attorney for the receiver must not be the attorney for the petitioning creditors for the alleged bankrupt or for any one who has any connection with the case.

Next he intends to give the creditors the power to determine who shall be the receiver. He has thus directed that the receiver named by the court shall within four days give the creditors ten days' notice of a meeting. At this the creditors will vote on these questions:

Shall the receivership be continued and who shall act as receiver from that time forward?

Is the

RESCUED FROM GYPSIES.

Girl Traced by Brother and Sister and Recovered After Fierce Fight.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 3.—Luba Jace, the fourteen-year-old daughter of Paul Jace of 406 Black Avenue, New York City, was rescued from a band of gypsies here to-night after a battle in which a squad of police were forced to use their revolvers in order to subdue the band.

The girl was kidnapped from her parents in Youngstown, Ohio, nine months ago. A brother and sister have trailed her all over the United States since then. Last Friday they located the band in Detroit and to-day went to the gypsy colony and demanded the child. The gypsies refused to give her up, and a fight started in which the sister's hair was almost all pulled out, and her clothing torn from her.

At this point the police arrived and the entire band atacked them. After using their clubs, the police drew their revolvers and cowed the gypsies with a few shots.

The rescued girl and her brother and sister were taken to Central Station, where they asked to be protected until the next train left for New York. The girl stated that she had been forced to wed a gypsy boy of her own age.

She Didn't Know She was Married

and when she found out—well, the story is told in Zane Grey's new novel, "The Light of Western Stars," just published. She was a New York girl and things happen from the minute she gets off the train in the little cattle town just this side the turbulent Mexican border. "The Light of Western Stars" is not rip-snorting border fiction by any means, but a man's size novel—a swinging tale of reality—every incident natural, and for that reason all the more exciting. It reveals a life you would like to live yourself. It all happens to-day—and this is the best day to get this new novel.

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MURPHY SAYS HE'LL REMAIN THE LEADER

But Judge O'Dwyer Points Out That Primaries Will Afford Chance to Oust Him.

TAMMANY HALL CONTESTS

Fights in Fourteen Districts Already Outlined—Mayor Will Keep Administration Aloof.

While Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, was denying yesterday that he intended to resign, independent Democrats who want a reorganization of the party planned to work with the members of the National Democratic Club along the lines of the resolution passed by the club on Monday night, which declared that Murpny must go. The leaders of the various anti-Murphy movements said yesterday that the action of the club would help enormously to carry out the reforms they have planned.

"I'm the leader of Tammany Hall, and I'm going to remain the leader of Tammany Hall," said Murphy when he was asked if he had any comment to make upon the club's action.

Mr. Murphy was not in good humor when he arrived at Tammany Hall in the morning. He quickly gathered a number of his friends about him, and there was a short conference.

"Are you on the toboggan, as reported?" he was asked.

"I have nothing to say," he replied, crisply.

"Well, inasmuch as the resolution offered by Judge O'Dwyer directly affects you, as leader of Tammany Hall, and mentions you by name, what are you going to do about it?'

"Nothing," replied the Chief.

"Are you the leader of Tammany Hall?" insisted the questioner. Then Mr. Murphy made the remark about remaining as leader, and the interview ended.

When Judge O'Dwyer was informed that the Murphy adherents made the point that the action of the National Democratic Club was irregular and that they intended to appeal to the Board of Governors, Judge O'Dwyer said:

"I take the position that the passage of the resolution last night was an expression of a majority of those present. We cannot physically remove Mr. Murphy from his leadership. That can be retained by him so long as a majority of the Assembly district leaders and members of the Executive Committee of Tammany Hall desire him to continue. But I call attention to the fact that there will be this Fall a primary day at which an opportunity will be given all Democratic voters to express their wishes, and it will then be up to the leaders to carry out those wishes. That is my idea of what will be done. We're going to be missionaries among the Democrats of the city and the State to carry into effect the purpose of the resolution we passed."

Judge O'Dwyer said he did not order a roll call on the resolution, but ordered an adjournment instead because the men who were sent by Mr. Murphy to defeat the resolution did not deport themselves in a proper manner.

"They wanted to chew the rag," said Judge O'Dwyer, "and I had no time to waste on an unclubable, frivolous minority."

The Murphy members will probably not appeal to the Board of Governors of the club, as at first they threatened to do. They say now that the club does not represent the Democratic sentiment of the community and that President O'Dwyer has not helped the Democratic organization for the past eight years.

Murphy is aware that the big fight on his leadership will come at the primaries next Fall and he has already set about to keep his district leaders in line. It was said that there will probably be primary fights in at least fourteen districts, but only in a few districts will they be of enough magnitude to cause Murphy's worry.

When Mayor Mitchel was asked yesterday if he intended to take any part in the fight to oust Murphy he said:

"I am not prepared to take issue with anything that eliminates Charles F. Murphy."

The Mayor said he would continue to carry out his plan of not interfering in political fights, from an administration standpoint, although what he might choose to do as an individual was another matter.

"Judge O'Dwyer's courageous stand and speech represented the sentiments of the rank and file of the Democratic Party in this community," said Collector of the Port Dudley Field Malone.

McCOOEY ON MURPHY'S FUTURE

Way to Fight Him Is in the Primaries, Brooklyn Leader Says.

John H. McCooey, the Democratic leader of Kings County, said last evening that the anti-Murphy movement was not causing him any worry. If there was to be a change in the Tammany leadership, Mr. McCooey thought, it would have to be effected through the primaries.

"Do you think Judge O'Dwyer and his followers can whip Mr. Murphy?" the Brooklyn leader was asked.

"Well," he answered, with a smile, "if anybody wants to try it now is the time to attempt 't. A new primary law goes into effect this year, and it will be easy to put up an opposition ticket. The thing for those who are opposed to Mr. Murphy to do is to fight him through the primaries. That's what the primaries are for. If they carry a majority of the districts against him, Mr. Murphy will go. That is the way to reorganize."

TO FEED SCHOOL CHILDREN.

Women Plan to Provide Milk and Eggs for the Anaemic.

The Woman's Health Protective Association which met yesterday at the Waldorf-Astoria decided to supply pure milk and fresh eggs for children in attendance upon Public School No. 62 at Hester and Essex Streets who are anaemic or are threatened with tuberculosis.

The decision was reached after Miss Minnie Obermeyer, assistant to the Principal of Public School No. 62, had addressed the meeting. She said that anaemic children might be saved tuberculosis by proper feeding and told what she had done individually with very limited means etc. aroused the sympathy of every woman present.

The money necessary will come from a fund given for the improvement of the condition of school children by the late Mrs. Esther Herrmann. The fund, it is said, is large enough to provide milk and eggs for all of the children in need in School No. 62. If the experiment is successful efforts will be made by the association to obtain funds for other schools.

The milk and eggs will be given only to those children who are selected by the physician and nurse who visit the school.

The association decided to permit children whose parents can afford the expense to pay the price for their food.

WIDOWS' LAW SATISFACTORY

Secretary Neustadt Denies Report About Chicago Charities.

Vigorous denial was made yesterday, in a statement by Richard M. Neustadt, Secretary of the Commission on Relief for Widowed Mothers, of the report that the United Charities of Chicago had found the Mothers' Pension law there unsatisfactory. Instead, Mr. Neustadt said the system in Chicago was found to work excellently and had the commendation of private charitable societies there.

He showed a letter from Katherin M. Briggs, Acting General Superintendent of the Chicago United Charities, in substantiation of this statement. In this letter Mrs. Briggs told how the Mothers' Pension law had brought to the attention of the United Charities many persons who would otherwise not have known where to apply for much-needed assistance. The charities, she added, had for this reason merely asked for increased support.

Mr. Neustadt said the New York State Commission on Relief for Widowed Mothers would issue its report some time next month.

John Jameson
Three ★★★ Star
Whiskey
The Whiskey of Quality.

FIND WOMAN DUMMY WHO AIDED SCHMIDT

Posing as Anna Aumuller, New Witness Says That She Sought Insurance.

ACCUSED CALLED A SHAM

MacDonald Picks Flaws in the Defense—Second Trial Is Near Its End.

Assistant District Attorney Delehanty, who is prosecuting Hans Schmidt, the murderer of Anna Aumuller, provided a surprise yesterday, just before the close of the trial before Justice Davis in the Criminal Term of the Supreme Court, by calling a new witness, who gave testimony tending to disprove Schmidt's assertion that he killed the Aumuller woman because he felt that the Deity had ordered him to commit the act. Mr. Delehanty established the fact that in April, 1913, long before Schmidt says he received the command from the Deity, he attempted to obtain insurance for $5,000 on Anna Aumuller's life. He was to be named as the beneficiary of the policy.

The new witness was Bertha Zech, formerly a servant in the household of Dr. Ernest Muret, Schmidt's partner in a counterfeiting plant. Schmidt took her to a physician for examination following the insurance application made in Anna Aumuller's name.

Mr. Delehanty noticed that the signatures of the letters of Anna Aumuller and the signature on the insurance application were not the same. It would not have been possible, he decided, for Schmidt to have obtained the insurance merely by forging the signature, of the supposed applicant, because a physical examination was required.

Mr. Delehanty began to search for a woman whom Schmidt might have taken to the insurance examiner's office. He thought of the Zech woman, but she was not to be found. Recently she was discovered in New Jersey, and, despite her great reluctance, was induced to take the stand in the second trial.

The new witness said that Schmidt took her to the office of Dr. Harold M. Hayes, on Eighty-first Street, who is examiner for the Postal Life Insurance Company, and introduced her as his wife. The physician made a thorough examination, she swore, and she signed a paper. Anna Schmidt was the name she signed, according to her testimony. The insurance company eventually refused to issue the policy.

The witness also told about a visit which she made to a savings bank at Schmidt's request to deposit $35 in Anna Aumuller's name. The bankbook showed that money had been deposited in the same name before her visit.

All of the evidence was in last night. The summing up of Mr. Delehanty for the State and Terence J. McManus for the defense will begin this morning. After the two sides have summed up, it is likely that Justice Davis will adjourn court until Thursday morning, when he will deliver his charge and the case will go to the jury.

Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald testified yesterday that he though Schmidt was shamming, because there was no insanity in his appearance, there was no insanity in his family at the present time, and he had been a swindler all his life, forging certificates and posing as a quack doctor. The careful preparations for the slaying of Anna Aumuller and the attempt to conceal the crime, the fact that at first he said that he had committed it at God's command, and later said that the order came from St. Elizabeth, also confirmed Dr. MacDonald in his opinion.

A DURER BRINGS $19,700.

High Price at Sale for "Portrait of Sir Thomas More."

"Portrait of Sir Thomas More," by Albert Dürer, brought the highest price, $19,700, at the sale of old masters belonging to George A. Dostal of New York and Mme. Lucille Krier de Maucourant of Paris at the Anderson Galleries last evening. It went to G. F. Glason of Montreal. The portrait is a small one, 12½ inches by 10½, and is supposed to have been painted by Dürer during a visit to the Netherlands at a time when Sir Thomas More was on the Continent.

The second highest price, $1,250, was given by G. A. Traver for a "Pieta," by Ribera. A letter accompanied this picture from Count Poddi, professor of fine arts in the Royal University of Bologna, saying that the picture had been in his family since 1750. A very lovely "Madonna," by Carlo Crivelli, the Virgin with her blue mantle over her head, a golden halo and background of crimson brocade figured with gold, went to G. F. Blandy for $505. W. S. Maxwell paid $325 for "A Florentine Princess," by Giulio Romano; $200 for "Portraits of a Cardinal," Titian; $340 for "A Birthday Party," by Jan Steen, and $325 for "Venus Dissuading Adonis from the Chase," by Poussin. "Immaculate Conception," Guido Reni, went to Mr. Maxwell for $275, and he paid $85 for the "Loge's Palace and Piazzetta, Venice," by Canaletto.

"Pieta," attributed to Alonzo Cano, went to B. Watts for $250. M. J. Rougeron paid $100 for "Portrait of a Young Man," dressed in black, with a square lace collar, and a coat of arms in the background. "Portrait of a Lady," by Thomas Sully, went to Ginsburg & Levy for $77.50. "Head of an Old Woman," unknown painter, went to the Clapp & Graham Company for $95. The returns for the evening were $24,117. A Gothic triptych of wood and ivory was withdrawn.

MISS McALLISTER FOUND

Unconscious from Exposure in a Thicket Near Wallingford, Conn.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 3.—Thirteen-year-old Helen McAllister, missing since Saturday, was found this morning unconscious from exposure in a thicket near Wallingford. Her hands and feet were frozen and her clothing and face torn by underbrush.

The searching party, led by a clue given by a farmer, discovered her and took her in an automobile to the New Haven General Hospital, where she soon recovered consciousness. It is likely that two or three of her toes will have to be amputated. She was removed to-night to the residence of her aunt, who said that the girl was suffering from nervous exhaustion and had not been pressed to give her story.

Mrs. Buckman believes that the child, who has been in New Haven only a few weeks lost her way in turning into some new street and wandered out into the country. Her father, Prof. Clyde McAllister, of the Missouri State Normal School, formerly of Yale, is on his way East to see her.

60% FOR STOCKHOLDERS.

Hart & Cooley of New Britain Declare a Big Stock Dividend.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., Feb. 3.—A 60 per cent. dividend will be enjoyed by the stockholders of Hart & Cooley, a hardware manufacturing company, on Saturday, when the capital stock will be increased from $250,000 to $400,000 and the increase will be distributed among them.

The big dividend is an indication of the general prosperity of the city, for which calamity howlers professed a gloomy future if the country went Democratic at the last election.

Herr Rapp to Fight Divorce.

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—Mme. Ernestine Schumann-Heink, the grand opera singer, will have to fight to obtain a divorce from her husband, William Rapp of this city and New York, it was made known here to-day by Rapp's counsel, Lee J. Frank. The suit was filed here several months ago, the singer alleging desertion. Rapp's counsel says he will tell a surprising story.

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Original Prices—$65, $95, $150, $225 to $350
The remainder of this season's beautiful Gowns, suitable for all manner of formal and informal occasions; including Imported Models.
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Formerly $75, $135 to $250—*$35, $65, $95*
Luxurious styles in plain or broche velvets and other fabrics.
Fur-trimmed Tailor & Costume Suits
Formerly $75 to $250—*$35, $65 & $95*
February Fur Clearance
To avoid carrying over any Furs, prices have again been lowered on plain and fancy Coats, Sets and Separate Furs; many are selling at *half* and *less than half* price.

"DECIDEDLY, THE AMATEUR SHOULD MAKE A NOTE OF THIS SALE."—THE TRIBUNE.
"Special Evening View"
This Wednesday, from 8 until 10 o'clock
American Art Galleries
Madison Square South, New York
ON FREE VIEW 9 A. M. UNTIL 6 P. M.
and continuing until the unrestricted Public Sale
To-morrow (Thur.), Friday & Saturday Afternoons at 2:30 o'clock, and Monday next, at the same hour,
The Extensive and Valuable Stock of
The House of Adams
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HOUSE OF ADAMS, EDINBURGH.
Fine Old English Furniture
of the Chippendale, Sheraton, Heppelwhite, "Adam," Jacobean and Elizabethan Periods
A large number of Mantels and Over Mantels
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Left by the well-known American Artist, the late
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The sales will be conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY, assisted by Mr. Otto Bernet, of
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While the Prices Have Always Been Away DOWN
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NOVUTILITY
The English language still retains a powerful capacity for concealing thought. The treasury of its expression provides no one word for defining an article which is both novel and useful.
This paucity of expression forces us to turn counterfeiters and coin a word of our own—"NOVUTILITY"—a blend of the words "NOVELTY" and "UTILITY."
This word epitomizes the CROSS Ideal—to manufacture articles useful and original.
In all CROSS wares, Usefulness is first served. If the article lends itself to attractive treatment—so much the better—but Utility makes no compromise with Novelty.
A compromise is merely an agreement whereby both parties get what they do not want, and the article that is simply "up-to-date" merits no attention. To be up-to-date is a paltry ambition except in an almanac.
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The Lost and Found Department of The New York Times supplements the publication of lost notices in its columns with a bulletin service reaching pawnbrokers, department stores, detectives and others.

TO SEARCH FOR SEDOFF.

Russian Government to Send Relief Expedition for Polar Explorer.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 3.—A relief expedition to search the arctic seas for Lieut. Sedoff, the Russian explorer who started for the north pole from Archangel in August, 1912, is being organized by the Russian Government.

Lieut. Sedof, who was said to be using polar bears as draught animals for his sledges, was reported to have been seen at Nova Zembla last October, but this was erroneous.

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Do YOU Belong to the Nine-Tenths?

"Of the men in the United States nine-tenths are in debt."
—New York Evening Journal.

Do you belong to the nine-tenths or are you living on a cash basis? All about us are tragedies traceable directly to the "credit" system of living, which so often brings discredit to its votaries.

We often hear that such a one is "living beyond his income."

Then comes the inevitable crash.

And why?

Simply because the "credit" system allows a man not only to spend money *before* he earns it, but *more* than he can earn. There is just one way to be *sure* you are living within your income—the only safe way to live—and that is never to buy anything until you can pay cash for it.

There is only one big store in New York that both buys and sells for cash only; that store is Macy's.

The advantage of this policy is two-fold. We have the choice of the best merchandise in the market because every manufacturer knows he can count on cash payment, and we can do this only because our *customers* pay *us cash* only; we have no charge accounts to carry, and no consequent losses to sustain.

We are thus able to give you the *best goods* in the market at the *lowest* possible *price*. You may pay cash elsewhere, but you must also pay the higher price made necessary by *other people's* failure to pay their "charge" accounts.

Now, what does MACY'S mean to you?

It affords you safety from the temptation to live beyond your income, for *you can't run into debt if you trade at Macy's.*

Not only are you freed from the shadow of debt, but you can feel sure that your money has bought more for you than it could possibly have done in any store that has to worry along under the "credit" system.

To keep out of debt and to make your money go farthest, make the resolve to live on a cash basis and to deal at Macy's.

Doubtless you read the advertised claims of some other stores that they sell goods at lowest-in-the-city prices. Their claims are easily tested. Make your own comparisons.

And as for SERVICE, Macy's is as good as human ingenuity and careful supervision can make it.

In the matter of Quality, the Macy guarantee of complete satisfaction is part and parcel of every transaction. It has been said of Macy's, and justly, that it is the easiest place in New York at which to have cash refunded if desired.

IN CELL FOR TOSSING HIS BAG OVERBOARD

At First Police Feared Man Arrested on Ferryboat Might Be a Murderer.

PRISONER PHILOSOPHICAL

Decided in Midstream Not to Give Uncle Bag of Books He Was Carrying, He Said—His Story Believed.

Just because he tossed a heavy suitcase from a ferryboat which was slowly plying its way from the slip at the foot of Cortlandt Street to Jersey City, Louis Beck, 38 years old, teacher in a synagogue school in Osborn Street, near Riverdale Avenue, East New York, was locked up in a cell at Police Headquarters in Jersey City yesterday and kept there under guard all night. At first the Jersey City police said that they didn't like the way the man acted, and that they were afraid they had another murder mystery on their hands. After a thorough investigation, however, they came to the conclusion, according to Chief Frank Monahan, that Beck was not guilty of any crime. They offered to let him out on bail then if he would put up $200. In default of the proper bonds, they kept him under lock and key.

Beck took his imprisonment calmly enough. He realized, he said, that it wouldn't do him any good to complain, and that he might as well make the best of it.

"But I really haven't done anything, although here I am," he said.

Beck said he had taken a great deal of interest in the study of Jewish history during the last five years, and devoted much of his time to the translation of several important works. Finally he decided to give up his position as a teacher and devote all of his time to his literary pursuits. Some of his friends told him he was overworking himself and warned him to give up his studies, but he paid no attention to them. Yesterday morning Beck laid his plans to return to Russia, where he was born. He had a number of his books at his home; and, packing them into a suitcase, started for Newark to turn them over to his uncle, Max Boden, who lives at 112 Prince Street in that city. He boarded the ferryboat Philadelphia at the Cortlandt Street slip.

When the boat got to midstream Beck suddenly ran to the railing, and, lifting the suitcase with a great effort, hurled it into the water. He said afterward that his action had been prompted by the thought, which had suddenly come to him, that his uncle was not pious enough to receive the books, and might not appreciate them.

W. L. Schroeder, a chauffeur, of 2,822 Clarendon Road, Brooklyn, saw what Beck had done and notified Charles Phillips, a deckhand. The ferryboat was stopped and an attempt was made to recover the suitcase, but it had disappeared beneath the waves. Then the boat proceeded to Jersey City, where the story of what had occurred was told to Detective Rooney, and Beck was placed under arrest as a disorderly person. The New York police were asked to aid in dragging the river for the suitcase, but after a few minutes the search was given up as hopeless.

Beck, apparently suffering from intense nervous strain, was taken to the Jersey City Police Headquarters, where he told the story outlined above. Chief Monahan got into communication with Beck's wife and uncle, and found that, according to their best knowledge, at least, the man's story was true. The New York police were unable to furnish any information which would lead to the belief that Beck had committed a crime or that there was, as the Jersey City police feared, a body in the suitcase which Beck had dropped into the river.

Still, the prisoner was held, Chief Monahan explaining that there was no other course to follow, inasmuch as a thorough investigation had not been made.

"I'm satisfied that the man didn't kill any one," he told a TIMES reporter, "but he has got to stay there until he is arraigned before Judge O'Brien in the Second Police Court to-morrow morning unless he furnishes bail. We were perfectly justified in arresting the man, and he isn't making any complaint. He is taking it as a matter of course. He acted in a most disorderly manner, and caused a lot of excitement on the ferryboat."

Mrs. Beck lives at 758 Hopkinson Avenue, East New York. She said last night that her husband was a dreamer and that the only things he took any interest in were his books. She called them his "hoodoo" books.

"He had a thousand of these books published," she said. "I believe he packed a lot of them in his suit case and started to take them to his uncle in Newark. He left here on Jan. 29."

NEW LAW BOTHERS BAKERS.

Difficulties in the Way of Stamping Weight on Bread Loaves.

Members of the Wholesale Bakers' Association of New York City at a meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday discussed the requirements of the new State weights and measures law as it affects them. One provision of the law is that the weight of each loaf of bread shall be stamped, tagged or in some way clearly indicated upon it. The physical difficulties in the way of complying with this provision of the law were the subject of a long discussion.

After the meeting, the President of the association said that the members had sought ways by which the law could be obeyed, not how it could be evaded.

PLAN SECRET POLICE SQUAD

Its Members Will Keep theh Mayor and Commissioner Posted.

Mayor Mitchel, as one of the first reforms in the Police Department, plans to establish a squad of secret police which will keep the Commissioner and the Mayor informed about the inside workings of the department.

The Mayor explained that the duties of the members of the squad would be in no way similar to those of the old shoo-fly roundsmen. The principal duty of the squad will be to get evidence against corrupt policemen. The plan was recommended in the report of the Curran Police Investigating Committee.

The Mayor said that later on it might be necessary to create one additional Deputy Police Commissionership.

CASSIDY TO FIGHT; SENTENCE TO-DAY

Queens Ex-Leader Will Be Arraigned with Willett and Walter.

REASONABLE DOUBT MOTION

This Will Be Made at Once and Will Act as a Stay of Sentence —Bail May Be Fixed.

As soon as sentence is passed to-day upon Joseph Cassidy, former Democratic boss of Queens County, and Louis T. Walter, Jr., his chief lieutenant, their counsel will move for a certificate of reasonable doubt, which will act as a stay of sentence and permit of their release on bail pending decision on the motion. They will be arraigned before Justice Jaycox in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, this morning. The maximum sentence for the crime is two years in prison and a fine of $3,000, or both.

William Willett, who was convicted a week ago last Saturday night of buying his nomination from Cassidy, was arraigned yesterday for a third time for sentence. Justice Jaycox deferred sentence until to-day, saying he had received many letters urging clemency for Willett, and that while these letters would not influence him, he wished in justice to Willett to look them over.

Willett was cheerful in court. He seemed confident that he would get a light sentence. His attorney asked Justice Jaycox if his client could remain in the Court House to talk with members of his family, and the Justice readily consented that he should remain in the Court House until noon.

Robert H. Elder, attorney for Cassidy, gave out a statement yesterday in which he said that the conviction of his client was prejudiced.

"As I came into the court to-day," he said, "someone said to me, 'Well Elder, it was in the air,' and that was the situation exactly. It was an airy conviction, based on hardly anything more substantial. The jurymen were selected because they were thought to have a prejudice against a political leader, and their verdict showed they were possessed of that distinguished qualification."

Mr. Elder said that the appeal which he would surely take to the higher courts would not be based on the charge of the court. He said that the charge of Justice Jaycox was fair and impartial, but he was of the opinion that many of the court's rulings "could have been better conceived." It is on these rulings that the appeal will be made.

Mr. Elder has been retained by Robert M. Moore as his counsel in the contempt proceedings that will come up before Justice Jaycox. A remark made by Mr. Moore, who was the attorney for Walter, caused Justice Jaycox to rebuke him and announce that he would take up the conduct of the attorney after the trial was disposed of.

"I hope I will not have to retain Mr. Moore as my counsel in similar proceedings," said Mr. Elder.

Intercollegiate Debate on March 6.

The annual debates of the Intercollegiate Triangular Debating League, composed of Columbia, Pennsylvania, and Cornell, will be held simultaneously in New York, Philadelphia, and Ithaca on the evening of March 6, according to the announcement made yesterday by the governing board of the league. Each college will have two teams on the platform, the negative team in each instance debating at home. The question is, "Resolved, That it is desirable for all the States to adopt, by act of Legislature, minimum rates of wages for women and children workers in industrial and mercantile pursuits."

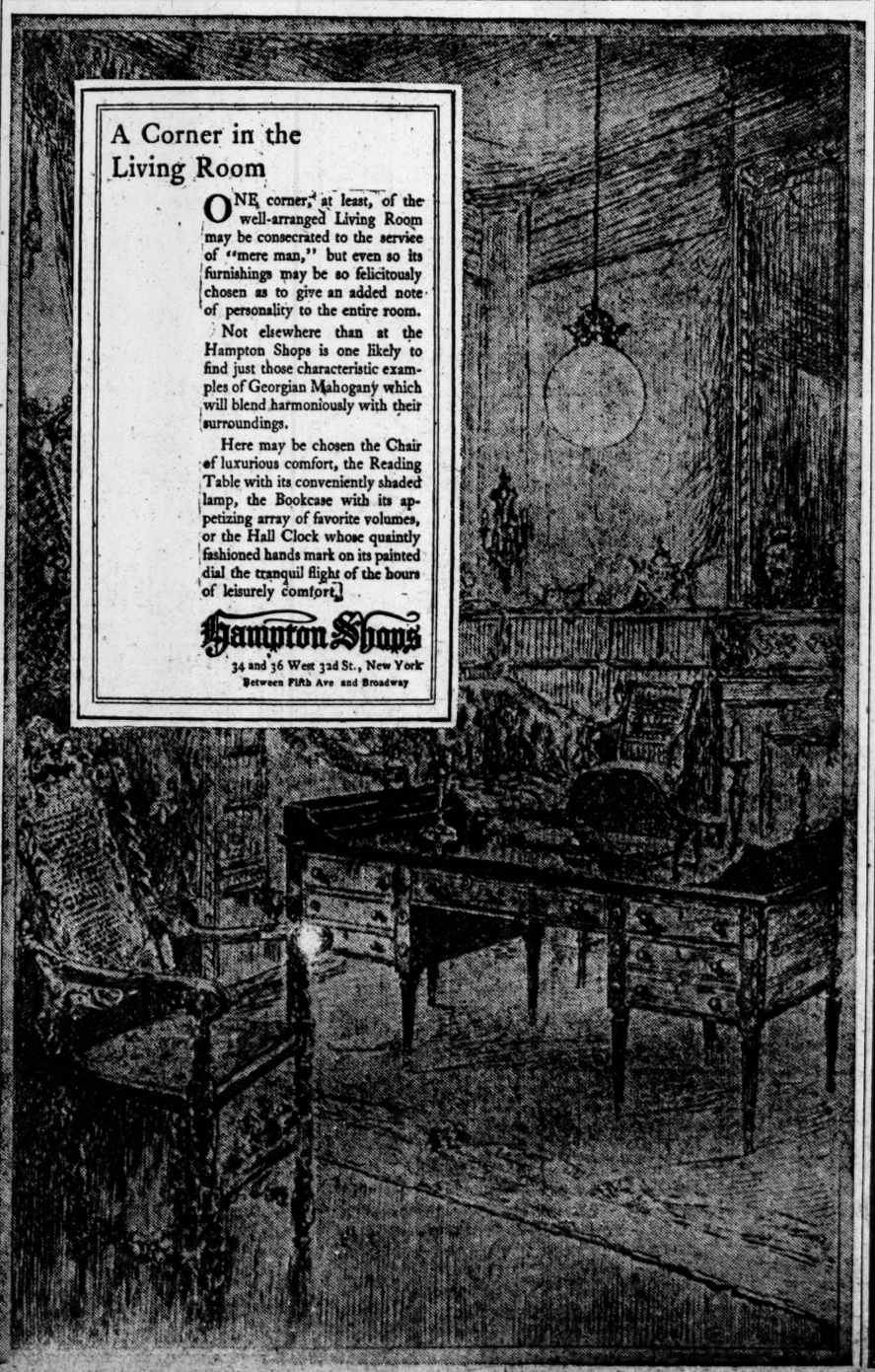
GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC

Import Orders At European Prices

Our Special Import Department is prepared to take orders for linen outfits to be made and monogrammed in our own European workrooms and delivered to our patrons in America at European prices. Inspection solicited.

TROUSSEAUX LAYETTES
COMPLETE LINEN OUTFITS

538-540 FIFTH AVENUE, at 45th St.



A Corner in the Living Room

ONE corner, at least, of the well-arranged Living Room may be consecrated to the service of "mere man," but even so its furnishings may be so felicitously chosen as to give an added note of personality to the entire room.

Not elsewhere than at the Hampton Shops is one likely to find just those characteristic examples of Georgian Mahogany which will blend harmoniously with their surroundings.

Here may be chosen the Chair of luxurious comfort, the Reading Table with its conveniently shaded lamp, the Bookcase with its appetizing array of favorite volumes, or the Hall Clock whose quaintly fashioned hands mark on its painted dial the tranquil flight of the hours of leisurely comfort.

Hampton Shops
34 and 36 West 33d St., New York
Between Fifth Ave and Broadway

The Store is opened at 9 A. M.

B. Altman & Co.

French Lingerie Department

Extremely large reductions have been effected in the prices of a number of choice single pieces, comprising Women's French Handmade Undergarments, composed of the finest materials and enhanced with exquisite needlework. Several exclusive novelties in Breakfast Jackets, featuring the richest materials, have also been marked at greatly reduced prices.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

J. B. GREENHUT, PRES.
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.

GREENHUT'S

The Store Where Every Customer Is Satisfied

First, with the broad assortments to select from.
Second, because of the excellence of the goods.
Third, because prices are always lowest.
Fourth, because of the courteous service received.
Fifth, because of the promptness in correcting errors.
Sixth, because we're quick to return the money when the customer changes her mind.

GREENHUT'S must always be "The Store of Perfect Satisfaction."

MAIN BUILDING
$30,000 Worth of Housekeeping Linens
In a Stirring Economy Sale.

NOW is the time for the thrifty and tasteful housekeeper to come to "THE BIG STORE" for her season's supply of

TABLE LINENS, TOWELS, TOWELINGS, FANCY LINENS, BED LINENS AND BEDSPREADS.

Special offerings that make this ONE OF THE GREATEST SALES OF THE YEAR.

Sale Begins Today.

GREENHUT BUILDING
Only 200 of These
$26.50 Seamed Axminster Rugs
Today at $16.50

A Most Attractive Array of Oriental Designs and Colorings

These rugs represent a collection of "samples" from one of the largest mills in America. Every rug is of extra fine quality—luxurious, high-pile grade.

Some of the designs are slightly mismatched, but the defects are imperceptible, and in no instance do they in any way hurt their general beauty or serviceability.

All of these rugs are in the popular 9x12 size.

MAIN BUILDING
Sale, Today, of a Manufacturer's Entire Stock of
Men's Full Dress Vests
At $1.65

The Wholesale Prices of These Vests Range from $2.50 to $4 Each

Judge for yourself what the regular retail prices would be. These vests were purchased from M. Schwartz & Co., a concern which catered to leading exclusive haberdashers.

More than 400 vests for men and young men.

Finest materials; latest and smartest in "cut." The assortments include:

Roll Collar Full Dress Vests of Mercerized and Silk Fabrics, White Pique and Birdseye Full Dress Vests

A full range of sizes, including "stouts." Values to $5 and higher.

Men's Fancy and Washable Vests—made to retail at $1.50 to $2.50; today, each at..... 85c
These vests were made to our order from the ends of fine materials, worsteds and mercerized silks; all regular sizes.

MAIN BUILDING
Reduced for One Day Only!
Women's $3.50 Gaiter-Top
Shoes
Our Own Famous Foot-Mould Quality, Today, at
$2.95

Gaiter-top shoes were never more popular than today.

Most prominent, highest-priced "specialty" stores everywhere are featuring shoes of this kind at top prices and the demand in many instances is greater than the supply.

Gaiter-top shoes are good-looking. They harmonize with the new modes of walking skirts.

Today, you have an opportunity to buy these shoes which represent the "very last word" in footwear fashion—in leathers and workmanship—at a worth-while reduction off our own regular low price.

The Shoe Selected for Illustration

is made on one of the newest lasts. It has a medium long vamp of patent coltskin with plain toes. Light, Goodyear-welted soles with the new leather spool heel. Your choice of either the plain black or brocaded cloth.

We Want You to Know

that certain other stores in this town are featuring a shoe no better than the one we advertise for today as "exceptionally special" at a much higher price. And it is worth every penny of that price.

MAIN BUILDING
Here's Your Last Call Mr. Man, for Your Share in a Most Exceptional Bargain in
Improved Duofold Health Underwear
Combination Suits
Values $3 to $4; Today, at $1.45

Those garments are unique from every standpoint. They come in white, natural or silver gray.

The inner side of a "Duofold" Combination Suit is made of cotton—the outside of wool; an excellent combination. There's nothing the matter with these combination suits to account for the low price, except that here and there you may find a slight "hurt" caused by a dropped stitch or a spot of oil—certainly nothing to affect the wear of the garment.

The sizes are mostly large up to 50 chest for big men and short and stout men. Your choice, today, at..... $1.45

WHETHER YOU WANT AN EASY CHAIR FOR YOUR FLAT OR THE FURNITURE FOR A SUMMER COTTAGE
You Must be Interested in our February Furniture Sale
Today is "Bedsteads and Bedding Day." Many extraordinary specials to make your visit well "worth while."

"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES OF SIXTH AVE.-18TH TO 19TH ST.
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

Double Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

Loeser's Good Morning!

Gold Jewelry for Men and Women at prices less than the worth of the gold itself is one of the unusual Sales Loeser's presents this morning.

Peculiar grouping of circumstances makes such an extraordinary Sale possible.

A leading manufacturer of Jewelry died, and to close his estate the executors turned over to us the made-up stock on hand at a mere fraction of its value.

Included are: Brooches, Scarf Pins, Bar Pins, Cuff Pins, Cuff Buttons, Tie Clips, Hat Pins, Crosses, etc.

We Sell As We Bought, making one of the most important events of its kind ever held in Brooklyn, considering quantities involved, character of the pieces, and the remarkably low prices.

Just a few examples:

75c for Gold Scarf Pins, regularly $1.25 to $1.50.
$1 for Gold Scarf Pins, regularly $1.75 and $2.
$2.50 for Gold Scarf Pins, regularly $4.25 to $5.75.
$1.75 for Solid Gold Cuff Pins, regularly $3.50 to $5.50.
$1.25 for Solid Gold Crosses, worth $3.50 to $6.75 a pair.
$1 for Solid Gold Brooches, regularly $1.75 and $2.75.
$1.50 for Solid Gold Brooches, worth $2.75 and $3.50.
$2.75 for Solid Gold Brooches, regularly $4.50 to $5.25.
$5.25 for Solid Gold Brooches, regularly 7.50 and $8.75.

But one must see the jewelry itself to appreciate how surprising this Sale is.

New Foulard Silks—Here Dame Fashion and Foulards have made a treaty of friendship for 1914.

All indications point to this being the greatest Foulard Season in the history of this lovely soft fabric.

Loeser's invites your inspection of as good a collection of the new Foulards as will be seen anywhere in New York, and nowhere else so favorably priced.

Some of the new shades are: Soft blues, delicate tones of plum and prune, the popular buffs and tans, rich browns, mahoganys, violets, etc.

Shower-proof and dust-proof. In three widths and three grades—85c, 98c and $1.98 a yard.

N. B.—The new printed Wool Crepes are here, too.

Great Home Sales.

These Loeser Sales of Furniture and China are moving along to the new records their unusual character warrants.

Not content with knowing we had done all we could to make February Furniture Sales values exceptional, we looked about to see if others had done better. What we found was of a character to make us even better content with Loeser offerings.

The China purchases that came to us through some out of the ordinary circumstances have given China values beyond competition.

So many things to tell about, and the new things coming in so rapidly, it is hard to compress the day's story of a great Store like this into a narrow column.

Decorative Linens and Needlework.

Twenty-second annual sale is now going on.

Those who have been active in its preparation consider it the largest and best of all the series.

French Cluny, Renaissance, Battenberg, Filet and other lace pieces, Madeira embroideries, Irish embroideries, drawn work, stamped articles to embroider—all these beautiful things for the home are entered in this sale at one-third to two-thirds below the usual fair markings.

If we can make you feel something of the generous welcome that awaits you we have done well, indeed.

Our conveniences are yours to use without obligation.

Our Invitation to come means a generous welcome.

Frederick Loeser & Co.
In every detail the Leading Retail Establishment of Brooklyn
Subway to Hoyt Street—Time 17 Minutes from 42nd Street

LITTAUERS ENTER PLEAS OF GUILTY

Ex-Congressman and Brother, Charged with Smuggling Tiara, Make No Defense.

HEAVY SENTENCE URGED

Too Many Offenders Have Received 'Love Taps' Recently, Says Prosecutor—Many Letters Ask Leniency.

Ex-Congressman Lucius N. Littauer, head of Littauer Brothers, the glove manufacturers of Gloversville, N. Y., and his brother, William Littauer, a stockman of the Genesee Valley, both pleaded guilty yesterday in the Federal District Court to two out of three indictments charging smuggling. Their counsel, ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien and Lewis L. Delafield, made an earnest plea for leniency, representing that the diamond and pearl tiara on which they had not paid duty was bought as an antique and as a wedding anniversary present to Mrs. William Littauer, and that the brothers were the victims of the revenge of a discharged servant girl.

District Attorney Marshall, however, urged Judge Thomas to enforce the statute stringently. Too often, he said, of late it had been exercised toward wealthy offenders by mere "love taps," and it was time for the court to make up its mind whether such methods tended to the conservation of the ends of justice. The Judge had received a number of letters from prominent persons asking for leniency, and as he is a stranger to the district he adjourned the case until this morning in order that he might have time to consider these representations and to consult with the other Judges of this district.

The three indictments, to which the Littauers pleaded, charged them with conspiracy to defraud the Government, with smuggling the jewelry, and with receiving it in this country, knowing that it had been smuggled. A diamond and pearl tiara was shown to William Littauer in Venice, and he was informed that it had once been the property of the Empress Josephine. It had been, he was told, in an ancient Venetian family for 100 years and was now on the market in consequence of their impoverishment. It appeared to him that it would prove a pretty gift for Mrs. Littauer and he paid about $5,800 for it.

The Government experts, however, have been skeptical about the trinket. They do not believe that it is more than 50 years old at the most, and they place its value in Europe at $9,000, which, with $5,400 added for duty would bring its American value up to $14,400. This sum has already been paid by the Littauers in settlement of their civil liability. So that they have already spent $20 200 on the tiara.

After the formalities of pleading had been observed, Mr. Delafield, speaking for William Littauer, told how his client had been induced to purchase the tiara by a jeweler in Venice named Polotti. Then he met his brother, the ex-Congressman, in the Black Forest and as he considered that the jewelry, being a century old, came under the classification of an antique, he had asked him to bring it back to this country.

It was a discharged woman servant of William Littauer, Mr. Delafield said, who had told the District Attorney of the "Empress Josephine tiara," and that through misapprehension his clients had denied the charge of smuggling, but had surrendered the jewelry to the Customs officials. Then he pointed out that Mr. Littauer was a man of high character. He was a Harvard graduate, and at one time on the staff of Gov. Roosevelt. During the Spanish-American war he had offered to raise a troop of independent cavalry.

Finally, he read to the court extracts from letters from ex-Speaker James W. Wadsworth and William H. Page, testifying to Mr. Littauer's character, and he said there was a third letter, which he had decided to suppress, but which if known to the court would clear Mr. Littauer of all responsibility.

Ex-Justice O'Brien on behalf of ex-Congressman Littauer admitted that the defendants had had no right to decide for themselves whether the tiara was dutiable, but he pointed out that by pleading guilty to two of the three indictments his client had incurred civil death. For he was a public man and had served ten years in Congress. He was the head of the big glove manufacturing business, and the manager of the Nathan Littauer Hospital. Then counsel handed to the court a big bundle of letters from such men as ex-Speaker Cannon and ex-Gov. Odell, speaking of Lucius Littauer's high standing.

District Attorney Marshall, in answering the plea of counsel for the defense, pointed out that in addition to deciding for themselves that the tiara was nondutiable, the defendants had brought it clandestinely into the country and had received it knowing it to be smuggled. They had, in fact, conspired to cheat the Government just as a former Governor of New Hampshire had done.

Then he pointed out that Lucius N. Littauer had grown rich by seeing that his foreign competitors were required to pay full duty. Mr. Marshall called the attention of the court to the fact that the defendants could be punished by imprisonment for not more than two years and a fine of $10,000 on each indictment.

Ex-Congressman Littauer seemed to be on the verge of a breakdown several times during the argument, and his eyes filled with tears. He and his brother were paroled in the custody of their counsel for sentence this morning.

ELIOT AND CARNEGIE SCORED AT DINNER

President McCluskey of Fordham Criticises the Great Universities.

NO DOCTRINAL TEACHING

"Centres of the Teaching of False Ideals" by Helping to Further Cause of Socialism.

The Rev. T. J. McCluskey, President of Fordham University, in an address to the Alumni Association at the Hotel Knickerbocker last night, described Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard, as one who had "ended his career by founding a new religion without Christ and without God," and Andrew Carnegie as "a purse-proud Juggernaut, who is making the rounds of the universities and before whom most of the universities are bowing in order that they might have retiring pensions for their professors."

Father McCluskey began with an attack on Socialism. He said that a few days ago he had received a circular asking him what Fordham University was doing to aid the Socialist cause, and telling what furtherance Socialism was receiving in other universities.

"It contained a list of sixty professors, some of them in the greatest universities in the land," said Father McCluskey, "who were the heads of Socialist Clubs, composed of university students or otherwise interested in helping Socialism in the colleges. To those who have been schooled in doctrines founded upon the Rock of Ages and not upon the shifting sands of opinion, such a condition seems impossible. It is almost incredible that the great universities of this country are centres of the teaching of false ideals, which may destroy the State, destroy the family, and enslave the individual, but which can never accomplish the Utopia which it promises.

"The last census showed that we had in this country a population of 100,000,000 and that of that number 65,000,000 professed no religion. From this we can only come to the sad conclusion that this is not a Christian country. How can we rightly describe a country as Christian when nearly two-thirds of its population profess no religion at all?

"By far the greater number of the universities of this country have no doctrinal teaching. They have bowed before that purse-proud Juggernaut, who has been making a round of the universities of the country, in order that they might have retiring pensions for their professors.

"Think of that great institution of learning, which has engraved everywhere on its buildings and gates 'Christo et Ecclesiae'—Harvard; and yet its President managed to have the divinity of Christ denied by its teachers of divinity and has ended his career by founding a new religion without Christ and without a church.

In telling of the growth of Fordham in the last two years, Father McCluskey said that its work had been done without a penny of endowment. He had referred to the high standing in the State bar examination of graduates of the Fordham Law School, and he added humorously that the lawyers who owed a great deal to their training at Fordham should take that into consideration if they were called upon to draw up the wills of rich men.

"The last time I said something to this effect was at a dinner a year ago," he said. "One lawyer who heard me had the drawing up of a will two months later for a man who was worth $100,000,000. He died recently and left not one cent for educational purposes. He was a Catholic, too."

Ex-Judge Morgan J. O'Brien, who drew up the will of Anthony N. Brady, who died last July leaving nearly $100,000,000, was on the list of those seated at the speaker's table.

GANGSTER PLEADS GUILTY.

Hyland Killed a Waiter Who Was Going for a Policeman.

Thomas Hyland, a member of the "Gopher gang," pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree yesterday before Judge Malone in General Sessions. He was remanded one week for sentence.

Hyland was on trial for the murder of John Murphy, a waiter in the saloon of James Bello, at Seventh Avenue and Twenty-seventh Street. It was charged that on Jan. 5 Hyland went in and asked for a drink and that it was refused him. When he declined to leave the place the proprietor sent Murphy for a policeman. Hyland drew his revolver and shot the waiter twice.

It developed during the trial that Bello had been threatened so often that he had two policemen to protect him at his place of business. Two of the witnesses in the case were also in fear of gang men and they were sent to the House of Detention for protection.

FOUR POLICEMEN OUSTED.

McKay's First Dismissals — Rubin Takes Over Detectives.

In announcing that the newly appointed Third Deputy Police Commissioner, Leon G. Godley, had taken charge of the Brooklyn police, and that Second Deputy Police Commissioner J. Robert Rubin had taken up his duties, Police Commissioner McKay said yesterday that attention was to be given at once to raising the standard of efficiency of the department. One of the first things planned is the practical making over of the Detective Bureau.

The desire of the new administration to raise the tone of the force was given emphasis by the dismissal of four patrolmen tried before Deputy Commissioner Newburger. The dismissals are the first which have been made since Commissioner McKay took office. The men are John J. Moore of the Beach Street, Station, who on Jan. 13 was found intoxicated; Herman B. Lone of Clinton Street, who on Jan. 13 violated the rules of the department in leaving his post, using improper language, disobeying orders, and neglecting his duty; James E. C. Rodriques of West 125th Street, whose principal offense was that he struck a citizen, and Probationary Patrolman Morris T. Fick of West Forty-seventh Street, who complicated a charge of intoxication by the use of disrespectful language. Fick was one of the young men Waldo turned loose in the new Tenderloin.

GOT CASH FOR FAKE BALL.

Two Alleged Confidence Men Held on Grand Larceny Charge.

A subscription list for the "annual ball of the Senate Club," to be held on March 6, was found in the possession of two men arrested yesterday at Broadway and Cedar Street, by Detectives McKenna and Cassassa. The list bore signatures pledging $50 from John Wanamaker, $100 from David Belasco, $100 from the American Bonding Company, $125 from the United Cigar Stores and other individuals and business houses. The detectives told Magistrate Murphy that the two men, who described themselves as Thomas Mulrane of 158 Hudson Street, Brooklyn, and William Murphy of 850 Hudson Street, were old-time confidence men who had been conducting themselves suspiciously for several weeks in the financial district. The detectives said that the signatures on the list were mostly forgeries, designed to help swell subscriptions.

Deputy County Clerk William B. Selden was one of the witnesses against the men in the Tombs Police Court. He testified that there was no annual entertainment of the County Clerk's Assistants. The men were held in $2,500 bail each on a charge of grand larceny, on an allegation that they had solicited and obtained money for such an entertainment in September, 1912.

5%
Guaranteed
First Mortgages on
N. Y. City Real Estate

No investor ever lost a dollar on any of our mortgages.

Write for Booklet,
"The Ideal Investment."

NEW YORK MORTGAGE AND SECURITY COMPANY

Under the Supervision of the New York State Banking Department.

135 Broadway, N. Y.
Capital and Surplus - $2,600,000

NOTE THE NAME

CELESTINS

VICHY

(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)

Natural Alkaline Water

Unexcelled for table use.
Standard remedy for Dyspepsia, Stomach Troubles, Gout and Uric Acid.

Ask your Physician

Bottled at the Famous Spring at VICHY, France

CELESTINS CELESTINS

EXCHANGE BUFFET E.B. 1885 RESTAURANT

How much do you pay for your lunch?

YOU can get at an Exchange Buffet Restaurant oysters on the half shell, or poultry, or meat, deliciously cooked—or a salad, bread and butter, a choice of dainty desserts and a cup of *real* coffee for 40c.

Yes, the price is low, but you are buying food without frills.

The food is good; the purest, cleanest, freshest on the market, cooked as it ought to be and *served quickly* and courteously. A wide choice of appetizing dishes.

Get away from the tiresome sameness of your lunches, Mr. Businessman. Try an "E. B." lunch today. There is probably an Exchange Buffet Restaurant near you. Good cigars; no liquors.

Exchange Buffet Restaurants

Financial and Insurance District
22 New Street
37 Broad Street
74 Broad Street
36 Beaver Street (cor. Broad)
90 Beaver Street (cor. Pearl)
69 Pine Street
45 John Street

Hudson Terminal District
Hudson Terminal Building on the Concourse
55 Dey Street
95 Liberty Street

Post Office District
11 Murray Street

New York Life and Old Dry Goods District
354 Broadway
78 Walker Street
625 Broadway
740 Broadway (cor. Astor Pl.)

Madison Square and Fourth Avenue District
222 Fourth Ave. (18th Street)
928 Broadway
26th St. (B'way to 5th Ave.)

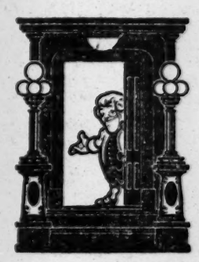
Herald Square District
Broadway (cor. 33d Street)

Grand Central District
5 West 35th Street
103 Park Ave. (cor. 41st St.)

"A Restaurant for Business Men"

Special Today
Small Sirloin Steak, with Fresh Mushrooms and Vegetables 30c

A New Edison Office



Another link has been added to the chain of Branch Offices this Company maintains for the convenience of the public in Manhattan and the Bronx

This office is at 151 East 86th Street and will serve that section of the city lying north of 59th Street and south of 110th Street, east of Central Park

The New York Edison Company
At Your Service

Branch Offices for the Convenience of the Public

424 Broadway	Spring 9890
126 Delancey St	Orchard 1960
124 W 42d St	Bryant 5262
151 E 86th St	Lenox 7780
27 E 125th St	Harlem 4020
362 E 149th St	Melrose 3340

General Offices
55 Duane St Worth 3000

All Branch Offices (excepting Broadway) Open Until Midnight

Night and Emergency Call
Madison Square 6001

Get the clean, pure, healthful

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT

with your paper every night.

Get an appetite with it—purify your breath with it. Preserve the teeth and improve the digestion of your family. It costs less than a cent a stick if you

BUY IT BY THE BOX

of twenty 5 cent packages—for 85 cents—of most dealers.

Be SURE it's WRIGLEY'S and get *real* mint leaf juice—*real* 'springy' gum with no after taste.

It's the hospitality confection, ideal to have in the house for family or friends. It stays fresh until used.

Be SURE it's WRIGLEY'S
Look for the spear

5

Chew it after every meal

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE

FOUNDED 1840 "FLINT QUALITY"

REMOVAL SALE

WE ARE OFFERING OUR

ENTIRE STOCK

AT AN EXTRA DISCOUNT OF

10%

THIS REDUCTION IS IN ADDITION TO THE PLAINLY MARKED REDUCED PRICES MAKING A GROSS REDUCTION IN PRICE OF

20% to 70%

THIS IS AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY

GEO. C. FLINT CO.

43-47 West 23rd St: 24-28 West 24th St;
New York City

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAM

THEO. N. VAIL, PRESIDENT

DAY LETTERS
50 words delivered during the day at 1½ times the cost of a 10-word telegram.

NIGHT LETTERS
50 words over night at the cost of the regular 10-word telegram.

MONEY ORDERS
Reduced Rates—Safe—Speedy. Without Red Tape.

Improvements in Western Union service that make the telegraph more useful to everybody every day

CABLE LETTERS
12-word message at a much lower rate than regular cablegrams, deliverable abroad in 24 hours.

WEEK END CABLE LETTERS
24-word message at an even lower rate per word. Sent Saturday, delivered abroad Monday A. M.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Full information gladly given at any office

BUSHMILLS
Irish Whiskey

Every drop of Bushmills is matured for ten years in wood in bond before it is bottled. It is imported only in glass, and if you get it as imported you will agree with us that no finer Irish Whiskey can be made.

ALEX D SHAW & CO NY

GIANTS START FOR ITALY TO-DAY --- KING COLE SIGNS YANKEE CONTRACT --- BILLIARDS

GIANTS PLAY BALL AROUND SPHINX

Three Days' Visit to Cairo Full of Pleasure—Ride Camels on the Desert.

By JOHN J. McGRAW, Manager New York Giants.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Copyright, 1914, by John J. McGraw.

CAIRO, Egypt, Feb. 3.—The game "in the shadow of the Pyramids" has been played, and our three-day visit to Cairo is almost at an end. It has been the most entertaining since the trip began, and that means considerable, in view of all the interesting things we have seen. To-morrow morning we leave for Alexandria, a four-hour trip by train. There we will take the boat for the four-day sail to Italy.

No game was played to-day, but the players put on their uniforms and went out to the Sphinx, where all sorts of stunts were performed. Ivy Wingo threw the ball over the Sphinx and Steve Evans caught it when it came down on the other side. This trip to the desert was very entertaining, and before we started back to the hotel we were treated to a short storm of sand and rain. The Sphinx was used as a shelter while the storm was in progress.

Consul General Olney Arnold, the American representative here, tendered to us a reception to-night, and he delivered the principal address. Responses were made by Mr. Comiskey and myself. Later there were informal receptions at the hotel, these being a sort of farewell to the tourists, who are leaving here with many regrets that the visit cannot be a longer one. We had planned to go from here to Port Said, but have been compelled to return direct to Alexandria.

Previous to the trip to the desert to-day all the tourists went out again in automobiles to see the city. Yesterday morning we all went to the Mohammed Ali Mosque, one of the most famous points of interest here. From the mosque we made a trip into the Libyan Desert, escorted by a Bedouin sheik. Thirty made the trip on camelback, fifteen on horseback, and the women of the party rode on donkeys. It was a great experience for all, and will not soon be forgotten.

The game yesterday afternoon "in the shadow of the Pyramids" resulted in a victory for the Giants by the score of 6 to 3. It was featured by a triple play, in which the Giants were the victims. We had runners on first and second bases, and, with three balls and two strikes on the batter, both baserunners got away with a flying start. The batter hit a line drive to first base, and the runners were thrown out at both bases.

A dance at our hotel was the feature of the evening programme of the tourists. Our stay in Alexandria to-morrow will be brief, as we are due to arrive in Naples Saturday.

Manager Smith Goes to Springs.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 3.—Manager Harry Smith of the Newark International League team left to-day for Hot Springs, Ark., where he will start conditioning himself for the playing season. Before leaving Smith announced that most of the Indians had been signed to play next season, the exceptions being Harry Swacina, Cy Barger, Maurice Kent, and Fred Walker. Swacina has signed with the Baltimore Federal League team. Smith also announced that Eugene Gamdichler of Brooklyn had been engaged as the team's trainer.

Only Two Tigers Unsigned.

DETROIT, Feb. 3.—The signed contract of Delmar Baker, a recruit catcher from the Lincoln (Neb.) Club, was received to-day by President Navin of the Detroit American League baseball team. All of the Detroit catchers have now signed, and, with the exception of Pitcher Willett, who went to the Federal League, only two veterans have not accepted terms for 1914. They are Outfielder Sam Crawford, now with the players making a trip around the world, and Del Gainer, first baseman. Gainer is expected here soon for a conference with President Navin. President Navin says he is confident Crawford again will be with the Detroit team.

Murphy to 'Go to Law' Over Miller.

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—President Murphy of the Chicago Nationals, who last week announced he would "go to law" over Ward Miller's desertion to the Federals, said to-day that he would include in his suit against Miller charges that Manager Tinker of the Chicago Federals and Brown of the St. Louis Federals were "accessories before the fact." He will try to show that the managers induced Miller to sign a St. Louis contract despite the reserve clause under which the Cubs claimed him.

Penn Loses Two Star Athletes.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—The University of Pennsylvania will probably lose the services of two of its athletes. George Rowley, Penn's best broad jumper, who is good for 22 feet, has left Penn to accept a position as tutor. Penn followers had counted on him as their best man in the intercollegiate broad jump this Spring. This leaves Penn with only La Flamme and Kelly for the broad jump. Holman Evans of the freshman basket ball and swimming teams will probably be out of both branches of athletics for the rest of the season as the result of an injury received in the basket ball game Saturday night. He was kicked in the ankle during the game, and an X-ray examination showed that bones had been broken.

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EBBETS'S TRAINING ORDERS.

Pitchers and Catchers Will Be First Squad to Go South.

President Charles H. Ebbets of the Brooklyn Club yesterday sent out orders to the players for the training season. Pitchers Allen, Ragon, Reulbach, and Rucker, with Catchers Miller and Erwin, have been notified to report at Hot Springs on Feb. 15, remaining there for the baths and road work until Feb. 29. On Feb. 22 the younger players of the team will report to Manager Wilbert Robinson at Augusta, where the Superbas are to train. This squad will include Aitchison, Brown, Fischer, Herbert, Holmquist, Kraft, Kirkpatrick, McCarthy, Mowe, Neyenhouse, O'Mara, Pennington, Pfeffer, Ring, Schmutz, and Wagner. The other players will report at Augusta on March 1. The late arrivals will be Daubert, Cutshaw, Collins, Hummel, Gagnier, Heckinger, Riggert, Smith, Stengel, and Wheat. Joe Tinker and Romanach, the Cuban short stop, have also been ordered to report at Augusta on or before March 1, but neither is expected to report. Romanach has refused to sign a Brooklyn contract.

Secretary John B. Foster received no contracts from New York players yesterday, but he was the recipient of a number of income tax circulars, to be distributed among the players. These will be sent out this week. As the Giants rank among the best paid men in the game, there are many players in the squad who will have to pay this tax. Next year the club will take the tax out of the players' money and make the payment, but the first payment will be attended to personally by the men. The question of income tax for ball players raises a peculiar question among the Giants and also Athletics. Does the world's series money come under this tax?

As the tax law is retroactive, dating back to March 1, 1913, the world's series receipts last Fall furnish part of the players' revenue. The Giants drew about $2,200 each and the Athletics $3,300 each. Secretary Foster will instruct each player to get a ruling as to whether this money is considered a gift or as part of his pay for playing. As the men are under contract until Oct. 15, by which time the 1913 series was ended, the question is puzzling. If the series money comes under the tax it will mean about $23 extra from the regulars, as they all come under the provisions of the law by the amount they receive under their regular contracts.

Invitations for the banquet to the Giants and White Sox on March 7 are now in the hands of the engravers, and they will probably be ready for distribution early next week. John Heydler, Secretary of the National League, will send out the invitations to baseball men, and Secretary John B. Foster will distribute others to city officials and friends of the New York Club.

President Jacob J. Stein of the Buffalo Internationals was a visitor at President Edward G. Barrow's office yesterday. Mr. Stein has the same story to tell about the Federal League in his city as President James J. McCaffrey had to tell about the Federal League prospects in Toronto while here the day before. Neither can see the "Feds" with a telescope. At the same time, President Barrow says that the idea of transferring the Jersey City Club to Brooklyn or Pittsburgh has not been entirely abandoned. As the Federals are invading the International League cities, the new league will play a prominent part in the discussion at the International League meeting next Monday in this city.

Groundkeeper Henry Fabian of the Giants is preparing Emerson Park at Marlin, Texas, for the coming invasion by the McGraw forces. The task will not be as difficult as the late John Murphy encountered annually, as the field has about settled to normal conditions.

BASEBALL NEWS IN BRIEF.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—The signed contract of "Josh" Devore, the former outfielder of the New York Giants, who was traded to Cincinnati and then to Philadelphia last year, was received to-day at the local National League club office. Devore received an increase in salary.

TORONTO, Feb. 3.—President Gilmore of the Federal League, in company with Barney Hepburn and Dick Carroll, arrived here to-day. Though Gilmore would not say what location had been chosen for the Toronto grounds, it is understood on good authority that they have obtained a lease on the Dufferin Park race track grounds.

LEXINGTON, Va., Feb. 3.—Dan Mahoney of Utica, N. Y., has been engaged as baseball coach at Washington and Lee to succeed Al Orth, National League umpire. Mahoney, who played baseball and football at Holy Cross for four years, was a member of the Cincinnati Club in 1911.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 3.—Catcher Patrick F. O'Connor to-day announced that he has signed with the St. Louis Nationals for next season. O'Connor was drafted by St. Louis from Kansas City, where he has caught for three years. He was formerly a member of the Pittsburgh team, having been with the Pirates when they won the world's championship in 1908.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—Three of the four members of the Pennsylvania two-mile relay team that will race Dartmouth at the Boston Athletic Association games were chosen to-day. They are Meredith, Kelly, and Cross. Further trial heats will be held between Bacon and Church to decide who shall be the fourth member of the team.

Penn Nines Play Outdoors.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—The Penn baseball teams played their first outdoor game of the season to-day on Franklin Field. The day was so ideal and Franklin Field in such good condition that the men deserted the gymnasium at 1:30 and under the direction of Coach Thomas, formed two teams. They played six innings, and the workout in the open did them more good than the last two weeks indoors. Pitchers Sayre and Weed showed that they have not gone back at all since last year, and the other eighteen pitching candidates will have to work hard to make the team. Koons, Munro, Schwert, and Johnson worked behind the bat. Nearly every man in the squad, with the exception of several of the pitchers, played in part of the game.

Pius L. Schwert of Angola, N. Y., a senior in the Wharton school, will captain the Penn baseball team the coming season. The selection was determined by a mail vote of the members of last year's team, it being necessary by the resignation of George Coleman, who was chosen Captain at the close of last season, but who was recently forced to leave college.

Orchard Lake Fishing Club Meeting

The third annual meeting of the Orchard Lake Fishing Club was held at the Princeton Club last night, with President W. M. Harrison presiding and some forty members represented. Reports from the various committees showed that the club property, which is in Sullivan County, about nine miles north of Livingston Manor, at an elevation of 2,200 feet, was in a flourishing condition, that the club hatchery this year had produced some 800,000 naturally fed fry from which the club preserve will be stocked and that the trout fishing prospects for the coming season were excellent. The meeting was followed by the annual dinner at which moving pictures of fish culture were shown.

Coach Brooke Recovering Rapidly.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—George H. Brooke, coach of the Pennsylvania football squad, who was recently operated upon for appendicitis, is recovering so rapidly from the effects of the operation that he expects to leave the University Hospital at the end of the week. During the illness of Brooke the football squad is being coached by Al Journeay, Captain of the 'Varsity eleven.

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YANKEES SIGN COLE FOR NEXT SEASON

Deserting Pitcher Comes Back to New York Americans for $3,300.

King Cole yesterday made the return jump to organized baseball, through the medium of a Yankee contract, after spending a month and four days in the Federal League camp. The backward hop took place in the office of the attorneys for the New York Americans, and Cole was the guest of honor at Owner Frank J. Farrell's office yesterday afternoon, where both parties to the transaction seemed pleased at the result of the battle to snare him back to the American League. It is not expected that President Ban Johnson will do anything to break up the harmony now existing despite the fact that he declared some time ago that the American League door was barred against all jumpers.

Cole's contract, which is for 1914 only, calls for $3,300, the sum named by the pitcher two months ago when President Farrell wrote to him for his terms, Mr. Farrell said yesterday. It is also the same as his Federal League contract. The Chicago Federals gave Cole a bonus when he joined their forces, and a check for the amount was sent back yesterday afternoon.

Only a few minutes were required at the conference yesterday morning when Cole attached his signature to the New York contract. In a statement which Cole signed after becoming a Yankee, he said:

"I have been advised that Mr. Farrell's acceptance of my terms, which I sent to him on Dec. 23, is binding in law, and I have signed for these figures. I did not come here to demand an increase in salary, but simply because I was advised to do so by my attorney."

Welcomed as a prodigal son after his desertion Cole has decided to remain here for two or three days, and then he will begin training for the season. So anxious is he to make a flying start, as he did in the days when he was a Cub sensation, Cole will lead all the other Yankee players into active training for the season. That's how interested Leonard L. Cole is in the success of the Yankees now. He will return to Chicago to get things in readiness for his journey southward, but will not stop to visit Gilmore, Weeghman, and Tinker while in the city. He said yesterday he did not intend to notify them of his return to the Yankee fold, preferring to leave this task to his Chicago attorney. "The King" is one of few ball players who has a personal attorney. To make the trip to New York Cole canceled a vaudeville engagement, and will not resume his stage work until he has helped to lead the Yankees out of the darkness.

Owner Frank Farrell wore a smile from the time Cole signed his contract yesterday morning. "I have got all the players under contract that I need," said the Yankee owner. This evidently goes for Rollie Zeider, Russell Ford, Ed Sweeney, and Birdie Cree, the four players, who have rejected the figures named in their New York contracts.

It was at the urgent request of Manager Frank Chance that an effort was made to get Cole in line. Chance saw Cole at his best in Chicago in 1910, and has been at a loss to understand the pitcher's subsequent failures. After Cole had led the American Association last year with a record of twenty-three victories and eleven defeats with the Columbus Club, which finished in fourth place, Chance advised Farrell to sign the lanky pitcher. After hearing of Cole's desertion Chance advised the local owner to do everything possible to get him back. The Yankee manager has notified Mr. Farrell that he will be at Hot Springs on Feb. 15 to begin work with the pitchers and Cole will probably be at the station when Husk's train pulls in. Cole expects to reach Hot Springs about Feb. 10, five days ahead of the other early arrivals.

TINKER TO FIGHT FOR COLE.

Legal Action to be Taken to Prevent Him from Playing Here.

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—The Federal League will take legal action to prevent Leonard Cole's playing with the New York Americans should he sign a contract with that club, Manager Tinker of the Chicago Federals announced to-day. Tinker claimed Cole's services, as he holds a contract signed by the pitcher. Federal League officers were confident they can induce the courts to enjoin Cole and Catcher Killifer, who already has repudiated his contract with Tinker, from playing ball with any other league.

Manhattan Team Wins Again.

Manhattan College basket ball team won its seventh consecutive victory last night when it defeated the Dean Academy of Franklin, Mass., in a one-sided game on De La Salle Institute court, West Fifty-eighth Street, by the score of 52 to 17. The score at the end of the first period was 26 to 4 in favor of Manhattan. Suarez, at right forward, played in excellent form for the winning five, and caged eleven goals from the field. The line-up:

Manhattan.	Position.	Dean Academy.
D. Houlihan	Left forward	Naughton
Suarez	Right forward	Pond
Caffrey	Centre	Welsh
J. Houlihan	Left guard	O'Marra
McCann	Right guard	Grant

Substitutions—Downing for D. Houlihan, Sullivan for Suarez, Ward for J. Houlihan, McIntyre for McCann, List for Naughton, Kittrich for Welsh, Ries for Pond. Goals from field—D. Houlihan (5,) Suarez (11,) Caffrey (3,) J. Houlihan (3,) McCann, Downing, Sullivan (2,) Naughton (2,) Ries, Welsh, Grant (4.) Goal from foul—O'Marra. Referee—G. Kinney, Yale. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

HARVARD CLUB SQUASH.

Irving Defeats Phelps After Hard Battle in Championship Match.

Several interesting matches were played in the Harvard Club squash tennis tournament yesterday on the club courts, Forty-fourth Street, west of Broadway. With three exceptions the survivors reached the third round, and an effort will be made to complete the tournament before the national championship starts on Saturday at Brooklyn Heights Casino. Most of the matches were decided in straight sets, but hard playing was necessary on the part of the victors before they won their matches.

E. du Pont Irving, one of the best players in the club, found D. F. Phelps a hard proposition, and the contest was prolonged to three sets. The first set went to 13-all before five points were set. These were fought for by both players, but Irving pulled the set out 18—15. Phelps was seen at his best in the second set and held his opponent down to six points. The third and deciding set found the players on even terms again and an extra point contest followed. This was won by Irving, 18—16.

The match between E. Taylor and Anderson Dana was a repetition of the preceding one. Taylor won two sets to one, but Dana scored 43 points to his opponent's 38. Taylor carried off the honors in the opening set by a 15—13 score, when Dana developed a remarkable streak, holding Taylor down to two points in the second set. He started the third set in good style, but was unable to maintain the pace, and Taylor gradually overhauled him, winning 18—15.

Dr. Alfred Stillman 2d, the former national champion, scored an easy two-straight set victory over G. F. Waterbury and J. V. Onativia, Jr., swamped H. J. Barrett. The latter was unable to get going and was dismissed in the two sets for three points. The match between H. Green and A. Cammack, which was won by the former, was an interesting one. The summary:

Harvard Club Championship.—H. Green defeated A. Cammack, 18—5, 15—4; Dr. A. W. Swann defeated I. P. Pierson, 15—4, 15—10; E. H. Pool defeated John Corbin, 15—9, 15—5; L. du Pont Irving defeated E. E. Whitman, 15—5, 15—0; E. du Pont Irving defeated D. F. Phelps, 18—15, 6—15, 18—16; J. V. Onativia, Jr., defeated H. J. Barrett, 15—1, 15—2; E. Taylor defeated Anderson Dana, 15—3, 2-15, 18—15; Dr. Alfred Stillman, 2d, defeated G. F. Waterbury, 15—9, 15—4; J. W. Burden defeated R. Whitney by default; E. S. Winston defeated R. T. Emmett, 15—2, 15—9; D. R. Richberg defeated W. H. Appleton, 15—4; 15—7.

PARKS DEFEATS ABBOTT.

Squash Club Handicap Tournament Reaches Third Round.

G. E. Parks displayed splendid form in his match with G. W. Abbott yesterday in the squash tennis handicap of the Squash Club on the new courts, Forty-second Street and Madison Avenue, where he won in two out of three sets by the score of 16—13, 12—15, 15—6. Parks was handicapped at minus 5, while his opponent's mark was plus 5, giving the former 10 points to overcome in each set. The winner played the side walls effectively and outplayed Abbott after a determined fight by the latter. Parks won the first set after the score had reached 13—all, when three points were set. Parks secured these in succession. Abbott turned the tables in the second set, drawing up on even terms. Parks again found his stroke in the third set and won easily.

Two promising young players reached the second round, and created a favorable impression among the older players. G. W. Mead, who was placed at plus 7, defeated A. Corey, plus 12, after a close contest, 16—14, 15—12, and W. H. Vanderpoel, scratch, triumphed over W. J. Knapp, who received 5 points.

D. R. Noyes was the only player to reach the third round. He defeated M. J. O'Brien, Jr., in straight sets, the latter having a 2 point advantage in the handicap. The summary:

Squash Club Handicap Tournament.—First Round—H. S. Patterson (plus 10) defeated G. McM. Godley (plus 12) by default; G. W. Mead (plus 7) defeated A. Corey, (plus 12,) 16—14, 15—12; W. H. Vanderpoel (scratch) defeated W. J. Knapp, (plus 5,) 15—11, 15—12; G. E. Parks (minus 5) defeated G. W. Abbott, (plus 5,) 16—18, 12—15, 15—6.

Second Round—D. C. Noyes (minus 5) defeated M. J. O'Brien, Jr., (plus 7,) 15—10, 15—10.

Designer Herreshoff on Vacation.

Special to The New York Times.

BRISTOL, R. I., Feb. 3.—Designer Nat Herreshoff left here to-day for an eight weeks' vacation in Bermuda. He said that his design will be the fastest of the yachts being built for the defense of the America's Cup. When speaking with a few friends this afternoon Mr. Herreshoff talked quite freely in regard to the merits of the boat he has designed, saying that he was enjoying a supreme confidence that the Vanderbilt Syndicate yacht would lead all others in the tests and in September win in a way to keep the America's Cup on this side of the water for another series of years. The designer said good-bye to his assistants and foremen and left this afternoon for New York to take a steamer to Bermuda. He is also taking with him the small knockabout Oleander, which he will sail in Bermuda.

Soutar and Mullins in Racquets.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—A racquet match has been arranged between Jock Soutar, the Racquet Club professional and champion of the world, and Jack Mullins, professional at the Pittsburgh Athletic Club. The match will be the best of seven games. The first half of the match will be played at the Racquet Club here on Feb. 28 and the last half at the Pittsburgh Athletic Club on March 4.

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HOPPE RETAINS 18.2 CHAMPIONSHIP

Young Billiard Expert Beats George Sutton by Score of 500 to 226.

Willie Hoppe again proved that he was the world's greatest cue master last night at the Hotel Astor when he successfully defended his title for the 18.2 balk line billiard championship against the challenger, George Sutton of Chicago. The young billiard wizard won by a score of 500 to 226 in seventeen innings. Hoppe's average was 29 7-17, and his high runs were 99, 70, and 65. Hoppe led all the way and there was never a time that the veteran ever endangered him.

Sutton made the high run of the match, gathering a collection of 123 in the fifteenth inning, when he was hopelessly lost in the rear. In this one flash of form Sutton showed much gameness and made a splendid effort to pick up his fading laurels. Hoppe was at his best and played with more ease and grace than he has shown in a match in a long time. He was cool and collected while Sutton seemed a bit nervous and was unable to get started until Hoppe was so far ahead that he had no chance of catching up.

A large crowd, which packed the grand ball room at the Astor, witnessed the match and followed the plays with great interest. Sutton received an ovation when he completed his high run of 123.

Sutton won the bank and after making his initial carrom, he missed on an easy draw. Hoppe got six in the opener, then had a zero inning and came into his own in the third inning. The champion rolled up a collection of 99 before he came to grief. He started this run with the balls clustered in the upper panels and hugged the balk lines closely at that end of the table until he had reached 50. His game was embellished with flashes of skillful position play and very often he used his left hand with just as much ease as his right.

The champion found the ivories line up on his forty-first shot but he solved the difficulty with a daring masse, which brought forth a round of applause In this inning, Hoppe displayed the ease and grace of a master cueist and he played with a confidence and assurance which piled up the carroms in rapid succession. His position play was at times marvelous, and at "nursing" the gloties in and out of the panels, the champion showed a wizard-like control of the balls. No matter what angles Hoppe chose to solve the "layouts," he invariably collected the spheres back at the place they started.

On his ninety-ninth shot, Hoppe left the balls widely spread in the centre rectangle and he missed a difficult draw shot which terminated his run.

Sutton clicked off 27 in the fourth inning and seemed to be going nicely, when he slipped up on a long draw shot. The challenger missed the same kind of a shot in the following inning after a run of 4. Sutton made difficult three-cushion shots, but was not able to coax the balls together. Hoppe ran 25 in the fifth and missed a long draw. Sutton again gave promise of a prosperous run in the seventh inning. He gathered the balls with remarkable skill on the twelfth shot and his outlook was auspicious, but he lost control of the spheres and failed on a difficult three-cushion attempt.

Hoppe formulated another cluster of 60 in the ninth inning. He clocked off the points with daring rapidity and kept "nursing" the balls within the smallest possible area. The champion was progressing with ease, when he tripped up on a simple natural carrom. He continued his good work in the next inning and corralled a quota of 59 before he succumbed to a three-cushion essay.

The champion gathered a fine assortment of 70 in the eleventh inning, but a carelessly played two-cushion shot checked his rapid advance. In this inning, Hoppe gave a gorgeous display of close balk-line billiards and a nursing game, which was a delight to the old, gray-haired billiard students, who rejoice to recall how Frank Ives and Jake Schaefer used to do it in the good old days. Up to this stage of the match Hoppe had averaged a fraction better than 29.

Sutton settled down to his game in the fifteenth inning and made a beautiful run of 123. With a vigorous and steady stroke, the challenger uncovered an exhibition of playing which brought forth the greatest outburst of applause of the evening. Sutton's comprehensive knowledge of position play was brought into use and he collected the balls with consumate skill.

At times the balls were lined up on him in close play, but he solved the problem with brilliant masse and bank shots. Sutton received a flattering reception when his string of carroms carried him to the century mark. He was going along as steadily as clock work, when he failed on a long bank shot. This run of Sutton's sent his score to 211, while Hoppe's total was 330. A profusion of neatly played shots gave Hoppe 55 in the fifteenth inning and sent his total soaring to 385.

Sutton appeared to be going well in the sixteenth, but No. 13 shot proved a "hoodoo," and he was up against the trying difficulty of having the balls frozen. Sutton missed when the ivories were spotted.

The champion went out in the seventeenth inning with an unfinished run of 65. The score by innings:

William Hoppe—6 0 99 2 25 4 0 1 60 59 70 4 0 0 55 50 65—500.
Average, 29 7-17. High runs, 99, 70, 65.
George Sutton—1 0 1 27 4 2 17 7 4 1 5 17 2 0 123 13 2—226.
Average, 13 4-17. High runs, 123, 27, 17.
Referee—Albert G. Cutler.

BOYS' CLUB ABSOLVED.

Did Not Intentionally Break Rules of Boxing Commission.

Louis De Forest Downer, Superintendent of the Boys' Club, Tenth Street and Avenue A, appeared before the New York State Athletic Commission yesterday in the inquiry as to why the State laws had been violated at a recent series of amateur wrestling bouts in conjunction with which professional boxing was held, with the result that his organization was acquitted of all blame.

The commission's contention that in view of the fact that the organization was not in possession of a license to hold boxing bouts an investigation was necessary was admitted by the representative of the Boys' Club, who stated that he was sorry that the rules were violated, and he concluded that it would never take place again.

That there is a probability of the commission taking action against the holding of too many ten-round contests became known when Isaac Fordon of the Atlantic Gardens A. C. appeared before the members and protested against the practice which now prevails of having two and three ten-round bouts on each card. He stated that he spoke for several of the local clubs, the members of which felt that some restriction should be placed on the clubs in that particular. He was asked to sound the sentiment of all the clubs in the territory and present his findings at the next meeting of the commission.

Bowery Champion Defeated.

Frankie Madden, the Bowery champion, was defeated last night in the main bout at the Atlantic Gardens A. C. by Johnny (Kid) Alberts of Elizabeth. Madden did little else throughout the ten rounds than bore in without delivering blows, and held on his man in such a manner as to prevent the Jersey lad doing his best work. Alberts gained the decision in nine of the ten sessions, and, while he tried frequently to get over a knockout punch, Madden's laying-on tactics precluded any such blow being landed. In the last minute of the final round Madden came through with a rally, which, while ineffective, was flashy, but which availed little.

Willie Green of Boston stopped Young Thomas in the semi-final, as the latter refused to go on for the fourth session, asserting that his nose was broken. Young Jimmy Murray defeated Young Jeffries in their four-round bout.

Smith Wins at Keeney's.

H. H. Smith, the Brooklyn amateur, defeated Charles Matthews last night in the amateur Class C 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at Keeney's Academy in Brooklyn by the score of 200 to 100 in fifty-two innings. This victory will place Smith in a tie with the loser of to-night's game between Frank W. Boyd and Charles H. Marti, both of whom are tied for first place, each having won six games and lost one. Smith tallied runs of 27, 22, and 16, with an average of 3 44-52. Matthews's highest runs were 20, 19, and 13, with an average of 3 1-53.

FRAMING RULES FOR SIX-MEN HOCKEY

Amateur League Committee Decides Against Resubstitution of Players.

Hockey players are still at sea regarding the modification of the playing rules under the six-men team plan, which change goes into effect on Thursday night at St. Nicholas Rink, where the Crescent Athletic Club and Wanderers' Hockey Club will open the second half of the Amateur Hockey League season under the new order. The final game of the seven-men team will be played to-night, but the rules for the change have not yet been officially adopted by the Executive Committee.

The report of the Special Committee on Rules, made up of James C. O'Brien, Irish-American Athletic Club, and Richard Condon, Wanderers' Hockey Club, was presented to the Executive Committee yesterday at a special meeting held in R. L. Von Bernuth's office, 15 Broad Street, which was attended by G. P. Hallock, Crescent A. C.; William C. Russell, Hockey Club; R. Condon, Wanderers' Hockey Club, and R. L. Von Bernuth, St. Nicholas Skating Club.

In order to insure the practical working of the six-men teams it was decided to change several of the present playing rules. Owing to difference of opinion among the members of the Executive Committee no definite action was taken, although the members are unanimously apposed to resubstitution of players. It is proposed under the six-men rule to permit teams to make as many substitutions in the first half as they may desire, but when a player leaves the ice in the first half he will not be permitted to return to the game in the second period. It is also practically decided that in the second half the team must finish the game with the same players used at the start, unless a player is hurt, in which event the substitution will be made only with the consent of the referee. It is expected that the rules will be completed at another meeting to be held to-day.

With teams composed of faster skaters than heretofore, the opinion prevails that under the six-men rule the game will be more spectacular and allow for more brilliant individual playing than was possible with so many players on the ice.

ARMY LOSES AT HOCKEY.

Dartmouth Scores a 7 to 3 Victory Over West Point Cadets.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Feb. 3.—Dartmouth vanquished the Army at hockey to-day by the score of 7 to 3. Despite the condition of the ice, which was only fair, the game was fast and hard fought. The Hanoverians were better skaters and more finished stick handlers. The visitors led at the end of the first half by a score of 3 to 1. The second half was characterized chiefly by its roughness, and both teams suffered from penalties. The speed of Wannamaker, Dartmouth's rover, and Tuck's good work were features of Dartmouth's playing. Harris and Crawford did good work for the Cadets. Line-up:

Army	Position.	Dartmouth.
Strong	Goal	Donohue
Milburn	Point	Dillinger, Capt.
Brundred	Cover point	Johnson
Royace, Capt.	Rover	Wannamaker
Harris	Centre	Tuck
Crawford	Left wing	Murchie
Meneeley	Right wing	Frost

Goals—Crawford 2, Harris, Tuck, 3, Johnson, Wanamaker 2, Frost. Substitutions—Mangan for Meneeley. Penalties—Wannamaker 1 minute, Johnson 2 minutes, Royce 2 minutes, Brundred 1 minute. Time of halves.—15 minutes. Referee—Lieut. Hayes. Umpire—Lieut. Purdon.

FOWNES GOLF LEADER.

Metropolitan District Well Represented in Pinehurst Tournament.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Feb. 3.—Metropolitan golfers have liberal representation in the tenth annual St. Valentine's golf tournament which started to-day, but they surrendered first honors to Pennsylvania. First in the field was Henry C. Fownes of Oakmont with a 79 score, with J. W. Watson of Merion second in 82, and F. A. Martin, former Vermont champion, tied with W. H. Faust of Buffalo for third place at 82. Stuyvesant Leroy and W. D. Swords were other metropolitan players who made the first flight, which also includes Harold J. Topping of Greenwich, C. L. Becker and T. A. Ashley of Woodland, and S. O. Miller of Englewood among the best. From a field of 157, eight sixteens qualified for the match play rounds which continue through Saturday.

In the second flight are C. B. Hudson of North Fork and P. S. MacLaughlin of Scarsdale, I. R. Prentiss of Mohawk, and G. H. Williams of Hackensack. In the third flight R. R. Bamber of Canoebrook, L. M. Greer of Garden City, and J. B. MacMurrich of Oswego are in the running. In the fourth are H. R. MacKenzie of Deal, G. T. Dunlap of Forest Hill, W. S. VanClief and T. B. Gay of Richmond, and W. C. Belcher of Upper Montclair. In the fifth flight are J. R. Rosenberg of Inwood, F. A. Hodgman of Dyker Meadow, and James D. C. Rumsey, Brooklyn.

In the sixth flight are E. G. Morse of Roohester, M. D. Fink of St. Andrews, Edward Wise of Inwood, J. J. Adams of Upper Montclair, C. V. Bekman of Plainfield, M. C. Herman of Century, R. C. Blancke of Montclair, and T. B. Tabb of Richmond. In the seventh are Commodore J. T. Newton of Brooklyn, E. C. Moen of New York, M. A. Adler of Genesee, C. M. Coen, Erwing Wile, and E. V. Levinson of Inwood, S. C. Prentiss of Elyria, and R. A. Balfe of the South Shore Field Club. In the eighth George Motley, H. C. Morse, and Osborne Ashley of Rochester, I. B. Roberts of Dutchess, J. D. Arnold of New York, T. A. Wilson of Edgewater, and Isaac Adler of Genesee.

SKATER McLEAN HURT.

Spilled in Bobsled Ride, but Will Be Able to Race To-day.

LAKE PLACID, N. Y., Feb. 3.—A narrow escape from serious injury while bobsledding on the Signal Hill slide here was to-day the experience of Robert B. McLean of Chicago, amateur champion skater of the world; A. J. Osickey of Cleveland, and J. Frank Tremble, of Chicago, crack skaters, who are to take part in the mid-Winter festival skating contests here to-morrow.

The sled, guided by F. Paul Stevens, referee of the festival, had taken the 200-foot drop down the hill at a speed of eighty miles an hour, and was 200 yards from shore on the ice of Mirror Lake when it slued, throwing Stevens and M. Otis, another occupant.

With nobody to guide it, the sled dashed into the crowd and beneath a horse standing near the course. One of the frightened animal's hoofs struck McLean on the left leg, inflicting a slight flesh wound. Examination showed the injury to be superficial and McLean will take part in the skating races to-morrow.

Cutler School Wins at Hockey.

The Cutler School hockey team defeated Berkeley School at St. Nicholas Rink yesterday by a score of 8 to 2. Fox scored five of Cutler's goals. The line-up:

Cutler.	Position.	Berkeley.
Nathan	Goal	Smyth
Post	Point	Twombley
Dowling	Cover point	Greene
Fox	Centre	Furth
Van Huesen	Left wing	Schafer
Brewer	Right wing	Maxwell

Goals—Fox, (5,) Dowling, (3,) Maxwell, Firth. Referee—Mr. Cravath, Stevens. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes.

Other Sporting News on Page 10.

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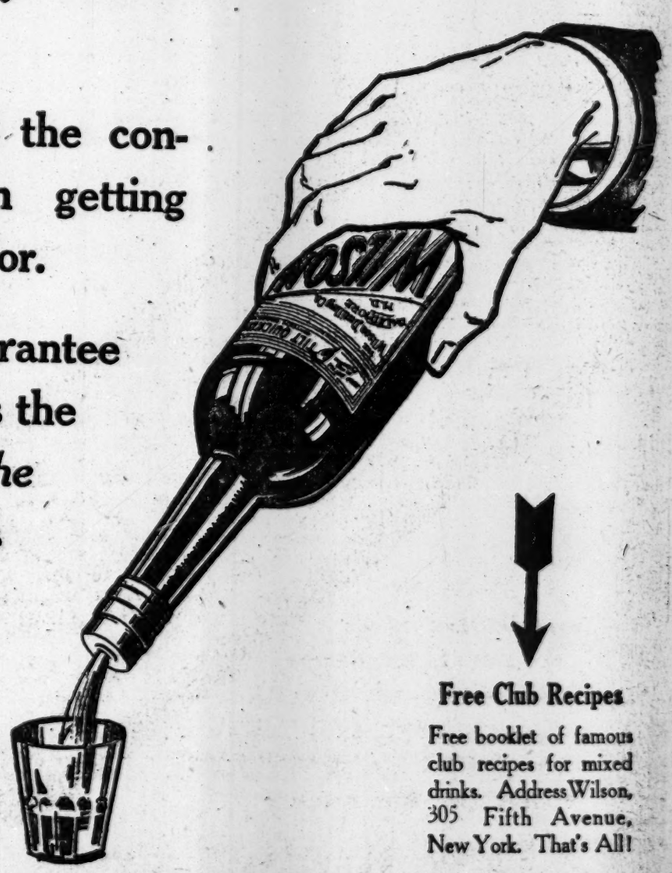

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TARGETS.

Mr. THOMAS F. SMITH, Secretary of Tammany Hall, who opposed the resolution condemning CHARLES F. MURPHY'S leadership offered by President EDWARD F. O'DWYER at the quarterly meeting of the National Democratic Club, knew whereof he spoke when he said:

> Leaders of the party organization have been the targets for all kinds of arrows in former times, as they are to-day. The most atrocious allegations have been made against leaders who adorn the best pages of American history.

For example, there was WILLIAM MOONEY, the founder of the Tammany Society, convicted in 1809 of stealing from this city's supplies "trifles for Mrs. MOONEY."

There was AARON BURR, first leader of Tammany Hall, originator of the methods of accelerating public opinion and dictator of nominations, who was ostracized in this State before he shot ALEXANDER HAMILTON in 1804.

There was JACOB BARKER, the Tammany chieftain who as a legislator secured certain advantages for his Exchange Bank in 1818, and was convicted of fraud.

There was SAMUEL SWARTWOUT, the Tammany leader who manipulated the funds of the Commercial Bank, stole $1,250,000 in Custom House receipts, and fled from the city in 1838.

There was "MIKE" WALSH, with his "plug-uglies" and "shoulder-hitters," the founder of the Tammany "gangs" of repeaters, who forced the election of Mayor MORRIS in 1841.

There was Capt. ISAIAH RYNDERS, the "unterrified Democrat," New Orleans gambler and pistol fighter, who became chief of the Empire Club in 1844.

There was FERNANDO WOOD, a genius in organization, who dominated Tammany Hall, broke with it, and dominated it again during the decade after 1850 and the scandals of the "Forty Thieves" Council.

Then there was WILLIAM M. TWEED, who adorned the page of American history which recorded the complete control of this city and of the State Legislature by the "black horse cavalry"; the colossal frauds of the "Tweed Charter" and the County Court House, and an increase of the New York City debt from $36,000,000 in 1868 to over $136,000,000 at the close of 1870, most of the money going to the "ring." This illustrious patriot died in jail.

There was JOHN KELLY, to whom Mayor HAVEMEYER addressed a letter saying: "You were worse than "TWEED, except that he was a larger "operator."

And there was RICHARD CROKER, who told the Mazet Committee in 1900: "We win, and we expect every one to stand by us," and "I am working for my pocket all the time."

All these illustrious leaders of Tammany Hall from its foundation, over a century ago, were, to use Mr. SMITH'S metaphor, "targets for all kinds of arrows." Mr. MURPHY is another and the latest target. Being a target has become a Tammany profession. The Tammany leaders are the martyrs of an age-long tradition of graft.

THE RAILWAY RATES ON PEANUTS

The growers of peanuts have had their day in court regarding the effect upon their interests of allowing railways to raise their rates. It seems that the rates on peanuts are too high in relation to other rates, and that if the peanut rates are advanced the entire scheme of rates will become unbalanced. That may be admitted regarding the rate on peanuts and the rate on everything else on the long list through which the Interstate Commerce Commission is laboriously working its way, and yet the argument for the advance of rates would not be affected in the least.

The adjustment of the relation of specific rates is an important matter, and worth attention by itself. The general advance of all rates on the petitioning railways is asked in the interest of everybody, all railways and all shippers. The smaller matter ought not to be allowed to impede and prejudice the greater. It is sabotage to throw sand into the bearings of machinery, and there is a suggestion of preference of private to public interests when the machinery of rate regulation is impeded by the antagonizing of public and private interests.

It is not suggested that the peanut growers are not right, and ought not to have all their rights. The suggestion is that they should proceed independently, and not obstructively. The railways gained their precedence by beginning their action three years ago, when the wrongs of the peanut growers were not presented. Those wrongs will not be increased by a general advance which does not disturb the relation of rates. There is even fair ground for belief that the peanut growers will be benefited more by the general prosperity through the advance of rates than they think they will lose. It is sure that the peanut growers will suffer if everybody else suffers by the railways being starved into a decline through inability to meet the cost of living under union regulation of wages and Government regulation of rates.

REAL PATRIOTISM.

The decisive defeat of the "anti-Asiatic" amendment to the Burnett Immigration bill in the House of Representatives yesterday was a measure of true patriotism. It was accomplished through the co-operation of the wiser men of both parties. The amendment was supported in part by those who are eager for the exclusion of Asiatics as well as of a great mass of other immigrants, and also by some who hoped, by attaching it to the Burnett bill, to weaken and probably to defeat that bill.

Mr. MANN of Illinois, the Republican leader in the House, warmly opposed the amendment, though he is heartily against the Immigration bill. He declared that it would tend to embarrass the Administration in its negotiations with a friendly Government over matters of great delicacy and difficulty. That was a policy for which he would not assume responsibility. Mr. MANN'S appeal was so favorably received that the amendment, in one form, was voted down almost unanimously, and in another received only one-fifth of the votes cast. The result must bring much comfort to the President, and will undoubtedly strengthen the Japanese Government, which is striving to check the extreme jingo sentiment in that country.

INCOME TAX PERPLEXITIES.

The tenant of a hotel in this city is now defending a lawsuit brought against him by his landlord for the repayment of money wrongfully withheld. The defense to the suit is that the money was withheld under the income tax law, according to the instructions of the internal revenue collector who wishes court instruction as to his duty under the law.

The point involved affects every income tax payer. The law lays a tax on the net income, but provides that the collection at the source shall be on the gross income. It is clear that a taxpayer cannot know whether any tax is payable until he has calculated his net income. No one else can calculate the net, and the taxpayer cannot calculate it himself until he reckons his profits and losses. For that he must await the close of the year before the accounts can be cast. But the tax at the source must be collected on the gross as it accrues, that is, monthly or quarterly or otherwise, as the payments are made. The tax is not payable until the succeeding year, but the tax on the gross is withheld by the source meanwhile both from the Government and the taxpayer. The owner of the property who receives only part of his rent has a double remedy. If in fact the tax is overpaid on his account he can recover it from the Government—perhaps—after a year's lapse of time. But he prefers to sue his debtor for the money withheld, and in so doing he argues the case of all in the same conditions of loss and wrath.

There is one man in the United States who ought to know the answers to all these conundrums, and who claims that he does know them. Why are not the questions which perplex the newspapers and the lawyers put to the author of the law? They are talking along wicked Wall Street about the dilemma of an institution which rashly advertised to answer questions about the meaning and operation of the law, and which did answer all but 132. Those were sent to the Treasury, and thus far answers to four have been received. Another institution sent circulars requiring holders of guaranteed stock to sign certificates of ownership for bonds, as though dividends were interest. The Treasury was asked about this, and has not replied. There are institutions which are making a charge to taxpayers for services imposed upon the institutions by law. The Treasury regulations make alternative provisions with the same intent regarding the lawful duties of financial institutions acting as collectors. The collecting agents may either present the canceled coupons to the debtor on the bond, "with the attached certificates of own-"ership," "or at the option of the col-"lecting agent the certificates above "referred to may be detached from "such coupons and forwarded direct "to the Commissioner of Internal Rev-"enue at Washington." This latter option is according to the intent of the law that secrecy shall be observed regarding matters of no public interest. The regulation that the certificates of ownership may be sent to the debtor is contrary to the intent of the law, and is made without provision that there may be debtors who have reasons to their credit for not wishing to know the names of their bondholders. The bondholders themselves have signified their preference by selection of coupon rather than registered bonds. But both of these reasonable and rightful business confidences are violated by a regulation inconsistent with the law.

The situation is all the more annoying because fully foreknown and expressed to the lawmakers by those without any desire to antagonize Congress or to obstruct the administration of the law. It is apropos to recall the formal declaration of the Chamber of Commerce in May, 1913, that

> the scheme of deduction of the tax at the source of revenue would make the collection a more serious burden upon business corporations than is the imposition of the tax itself,

and that

> the system of deduction at the source is bound to cause confusion and disputes.

However, Representative HULL says that the law is all right, and the Democratic platform has been justified and fulfilled.

SETH LOW.

The retirement of Mr. SETH LOW from the Board of Trustees of Columbia University for the reason assigned in his letter is characteristic. He has always been intensely interested in the plan of alumni official representation on the Board of Trustees. He finds that this plan can be promoted by leaving a vacancy within the current academic year through his withdrawal. His direct service on the board has been long and helpful. His sound judgment, his practical energy, his broad conception of the possibilities and obligations of the university, have been very largely responsible for the great and fruitful development of Columbia.

Mr. Low's position in the life of the city has been, and fortunately still is, peculiar and highly honorable. His administration as Mayor, though hampered by a condition of public sentiment less earnest and efficient than it has since become, was a substantial beginning of better things. Since then, as a counselor, adviser, and coworker in all systematic advance of the city's interests he has been intelligent, skillful, and always unselfish and devoted. In the perilous tangle in which the subway plans for the city were involved, the way of disentanglement was largely opened by his labors as a representative of the Chamber of Commerce. When Mr. MITCHEL was nominated for Mayor, Mr. Low's clear, uncompromising, and candid letter to him did much to quiet apprehensions that had been aroused in connection with this subject. And these are but instances of the benefit that he has generously bestowed upon the people of his city.

Perhaps the service to which he would attribute the most importance is that which he has rendered as the head of the Civic Federation. Here certainly his best qualities have been brought into play. He has tempered enthusiasm by common sense and checked theory by the knowledge gained by long experience. The ideal of the Federation, the gradual adjustment of interests, opinions, and sentiments between capital and labor through the influence of candid study and conference by responsible representatives, is a lofty one, but only those engaged in the application of it can know the difficulties that arise in its pathway. To overcome these the temper and the gifts of Mr. Low have been particularly fitted. Meanwhile, since they are fresh in the public mind, we mention Mr. Low's most helpful advocacy of a mounted State police force, and his equally admirable exposition of the needs and the opportunities of the farmers of the country. In many and varied ways he makes his influence felt, and always for good. In any list of half a dozen leading citizens of New York his name would surely be included, and would be likely to stand at the head.

THE JUDICIARY APPOINTMENTS.

If Gov. GLYNN had consulted ten members of the New York bar best qualified to guide the Executive judgment in filling the Court of Appeals vacancy caused by the election of Judge BARTLETT to the Chief Judgeship, we suppose a majority of them, perhaps all of them, would have presented for his consideration the name of WILLIAM B. HORNBLOWER. With or without such consultation, the Governor has appointed Mr. HORNBLOWER, and it is an appointment worthy of the very highest commendation. Mr. HORNBLOWER stands very high in his profession. He has long been recognized as one not only learned in the law, but deeply versed in the philosophy of the law. His mind is of the judicial quality. That was recognized by President CLEVELAND twenty years ago. Mr. HORNBLOWER was then so great a lawyer that Mr. CLEVELAND appointed him to the Supreme Court Bench. DAVID B. HILL was one of the Senators from New York, a man who, with the abilities of a statesman, and sometimes exhibiting the qualities of a statesman, had his moments of weakness and altogether unnecessary foolishness. Mr. HILL opposed the nomination, and Mr. HORNBLOWER was not confirmed. It is impossible to say whether the course of judicial construction of laws vitally affecting business which have in the last twenty years occupied so much of the courts' and of the country's attention would have flowed in different channels had Mr. HORNBLOWER been upon that bench, but unquestionably it would have been of immeasurable advantage to the country had his learning and the powers of his clear and just mind been exercised in the determination of these great cases.

country's loss is the State's gain. The Court of Appeals will be strengthened by this appointment.

The designation of Judge CARDOZO to sit in the Court of Appeals is also highly commendable, it is an evidence of the great good judgment of the Governor. Mr. CARDOZO'S fitness for judicial service was made known to his fellow-citizens in the campaign last Fall, and he was elected to the Supreme Bench with the Fusion ticket.

Mr. BARTOW S. WEEKS has already served one year upon the Supreme Bench. He was nominated last Fall by the Democratic organization and indorsed by the Bar Association and many members of the bar individually, but with other organization candidates he was defeated. The Governor now appoints him to fill the vacancy made by the resignation of Ambassador GERARD, and here, too, the Executive choice has been wisely made. Mr. WEEKS'S reputation at the bar and his experience on the bench amply qualify him for the service he is called upon to render. If Gov. GLYNN had been actuated by a secret purpose to demonstrate the superiority of the appointive over the elective method of naming Judges he could not have accomplished it more effectually than by these appointments.

AN UNCONVINCING ARGUMENT.

We publish elsewhere this morning, after some hesitation, a letter from INEZ MILHOLLAND BOISSEVAIN in which she sets forth her sober second thoughts about the suppression by the police of certain foul moving pictures and presents what we must accept as the perfect flower of the argument in favor of continuing that exhibition. We assume that this energetic and sincere woman says in this communication all that can be said in approval of a disgusting exhibition put forward with the shallow pretense of uplifting the public mind by informing it. Wherefore it seems desirable to give the argument publicity.

There is, of course, nothing in the argument to change the opinion we have already expressed. The position of those persons who approve of such exhibitions is that opposition to them is fanatical, Puritanical, and Comstockian. It is, of course, neither fanatical nor Puritanical. The Puritans did not suppress discussions of vice; in their eyes vice existed everywhere, and they took sober joy in pointing it out. We are not quite sure that the uplifters are not nearer the Puritans than the people they oppose; they are assuredly fanatical when they are sincere, like Mrs. BOISSEVAIN, and not sham reformers, working merely for gain, like the persons whose cause she supports. As for "Comstockian," our attitude toward that word resembles that of Bob Acres toward the word "coward." We do not mind being called Comstockian. Overzealous Mr. COMSTOCK may be occasionally, but he has done his work with great courage and lived down the scorn of a generation of scoffers.

The idea that because the condition of society was not actually improved by the decent reticence of our ancestors, it is needful now to tear down all the barriers, to talk about the ways of the vicious, to discuss, in the company of men, women, and children, the vices and diseases that of old were not subjects of general conversation, is preposterous and loathsome. It is well that knowledge should be spread, but to commend revolting and filthy exhibitions, put forward by speculators for profit, on the ground that such representations of vicious proceedings will destroy vice, is the height of unwisdom. A monstrous evil threatens the foundations of society. Reputable physicians have pointed out the danger that besets the rising generation, and that one of the seemingly irreconcilable leaders of the movement for absolute freedom of speech, thought, and action can say nothing more in favor of the strange cause than is set forth in the letter we publish this morning is a fact worth considering.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Christian Science at Work.

People who, being given to the exercise of common sense, have no faith in either the doctrines or works of Christian Science, and yet dismiss it as a harmless delusion which does not particularly concern themselves, probably will, and certainly should, revise their opinion on reading the details of a case which a Coroner's jury in the Bronx has just described as one of "criminal negligence."

The description is apt, since endangering the lives of others is what makes negligence criminal, and that is precisely what was done in this instance.

A certain JOHN C. WESSELS had a baby, and the baby sickened of diphtheria, a terrible malady, but one that can be diagnosed with certainty in its early stages and is curable with a close approach to certainty if treated as every doctor knows how to treat and does treat it. The Wessels baby's illness was not diagnosed, and the only treatment it received was from a woman utterly ignorant of medicine who was called in to tell the child that there was nothing the matter with it! Against the veracity of this statement the baby, after several days of cruel suffering, presented convincing evidence by dying.

Meanwhile no precautions were taken to protect the other Wessels children from infection, and one of them, a girl of 12, went to school as usual, carrying with her a plentiful supply of diphtheritic germs. These she distributed among her companions, seven of whom contracted the disease.

Some people may see only pathos in the baby's death, and be disposed to excuse the father as a man who acted on his religious conviction and with the best of motives. They will not, especially if parents, view so calmly the [illegible] of the [illegible] association [illegible] their chil-

dren is full of deadly dangers, for of course they deal with other infectious maladies in exactly the way this follower of Mrs. EDDY did with diphtheria, and for not all of those diseases, even if discovered in time, are trustworthy specifics yet available.

Yet we hear that the Eddyites are nice, cheerful, pious persons, a little queer or absurd in their notions, indeed, but harmless and likable, and that, anyhow, their beliefs concern themselves alone! We are also told that "there is something in it." There is, for a fact.

Amazing Presence of Mind.

An observer who watched, with the attention which the expectation of seeing a man killed always inspires, the dizzying falls and slides which the aviator NILES went through on Monday after his motor stopped while he was trying to "loop the loop," describes the movements as including every one that an aeroplane would make if thrown into the air by a giant's hand. Before control of the machine was recovered all possible positions which one moving in three dimensions can take had been assumed, and NILES escaped only one accident that can befall an aviator—the breaking of any part of his apparatus.

From this those qualified to judge the episode draw the conclusion that, once high in air, so as to have what corresponds to a water sailor's sea room, no flier need die—provided he knows his art sufficiently well, has planes and engines that will not fail him, can keep his head while undergoing an experience which would deprive ordinary men of all power of thought or action, and is properly strapped into his seat.

That these requisites are not always met is only too plainly shown by the almost daily fatalities to aviators recorded in the papers, but none of them is an impossibility. NILES himself, who did not seem to be in the slightest degree disturbed or excited by his wild adventure, and immediately made another flight of much the same kind, said that he had learned from it only one thing—that the device for supplying fuel to his engine was imperfect, and that to be safe he should have pressure, not gravity, feed for his gasoline.

His idea of safety and that of other people, of course, differ to a considerable extent, but everything is comparative, and there is no denying that he did come without harm through an upset and fall that for scores of unfortunates have meant death. Evidently PEGOUD, who started intentional upside-down flying, was not the reckless exhibitionist he was charged with being. Instead he discovered and demonstrated, as he claimed, most valuable possibilities in the heavier-than-air machine. What he did every aviator, in the future, must be able to do before he can consider his aerial education more than well begun.

Perhaps Is Without a Precedent.

England's latest "labor trouble," a strike of teachers in what corresponds to our public schools, is novel in that its participants belong to a class of employés hitherto supposed to be incapable of united action for such a purpose. The "union," in the ordinary sense of that word, is a thing of the trades rather than of the professions, and in the latter category teaching has always been placed.

But not only have these British teachers gone on strike for the commonest of union reasons—to secure better pay. They are also imitating the artisans in doing more than merely withdrawing from the positions which they consider inadequately remunerated. In addition they are using the usual vigorous methods to prevent others from taking the vacated places and rejected wages, and, to make the similitude complete, there has been indulgence in outright rioting, with destruction of property by the irresponsible sympathizers with whom all recent strikes have made us familiar.

In this case the school children are doing the effective sympathizing and most of the rioting, apparently with the approval or consent of their parents.

As the salaries of the complaining teachers seem to have been miserably low, the support they are receiving is not inexplicable, and probably the School Boards will have to yield in the end. And yet, though teaching undoubtedly is or ought to be "skilled labor," almost anybody can do it more or less well, and this is always a terrible handicap on the enforcement of union demands. Presumably the boards can get teachers of a sort for almost anything they are willing to pay.

DENUDED CENTRAL PARK.

Barren Slopes Permit Rain to Wash Soil Away.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Yesterday being the Sabbath, I walked about Plaza Pond in Central Park to see what effect the rains of the day before had had upon transfers of real estate in that section. The transfers had been made, all right, and enough soil had been washed from the unprotected slopes to make mud walks of the concrete, to say nothing of further impoverishing what little tillable territory remains of the lands adjoining the walks. Such a rain as Saturday's washes away tons of soil from the park lands, and it is a total loss as producing soil because it is shoveled up from the walks and carted away to the dumps. Why it should be, I don't know, but it is. One shoveler told me it was not thrown back where it had come from because it was sand and was no good. If that be true, why not turn a hose on the earth in the park and wash it all away? Surely, if it were good soil before it was washed down on the walks it ought to be good to put back where it came from.

In the meantime, now that Park Perfecter Stover has taken his dreams elsewhere, why doesn't his successor get to work on those bare slopes around Plaza Pond and elsewhere in the Park and cover all the bare places with grass? Stover had it removed in order to set out some kind of shrubbery, which is no protection to the soil and adds about as much beauty to the park landscape as a general distribution of scrubbing brushes and last year's doormats would. Nothing is so pretty and refreshing to the eyes as the unbroken green grass, and nothing will keep the soil where it belongs as grass will. Therefore, why not just plain green grass on all the slopes and down to the water's edge? Now is the time to begin the work of swatting the scrub shrubbery and replacing it with grass, and Park Commissioner Ward has the opportunity of his life in keeping his memory green in the esteem of a grateful public. W. J. L.

New York, Feb. 2, 1914.

The Pay of Wireless Operators.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter of J. H. Bennit, written in ignorance of the situation, is so manifestly unjust that I take the liberty of asking your publication of the following:

No operator on board ship employed by the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America receives less than $25 per month, and the wages range from $25 to $60 per month, with board and lodging both while at sea and in port included, making the wages equal to from $50 to $85 per month.

The lower wage, viz., $25 per month, is paid to novitiates only, and is only paid during a period of semi-instruction, after which they are put on the regular wage list.

The wages of the operator mentioned in Mr. Bennit's letter were $40 per month, with board and lodging as stated above, and in addition he received a bonus of, approximately, $7 per month. J. BOTTOMLEY,

Vice President Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America.

New York, Feb. 3, 1914.

"COMSTOCKERY"

Imperils the Principle Illustrated by White Slave Films.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of the amount of recent discussion with reference to the exhibition of the moving-picture film "The Inside of the White Slave Traffic" and its suppression by the Police Department, I wish to make clear the position of the indorsers of such films, and the reasons for their indorsement. It is a matter of small moment whether or not a particular film is placed on exhibition, but it is a matter of general importance that the particular principle involved should be clearly and firmly established.

There are two reasons for the support given by outsiders to the fight which is raging round the production of this particular film. The chief reason is this: That most of us believe that only by frank, scientific, matter-of-fact and above-board discussion and presentation of all subjects pertaining to sex, that we can clear the atmosphere and remove from it the murky, unclean, timid and defiled mental attitudes which are generally current. We claim that the repressive method has been tried and tried unsuccessfully for over a dozen centuries and has succeeded only in making this subject—a subject full of deepest beauty and truth—a matter of shame, secrecy, uncleanness, and dirty jokes.

Only by the overthrow of the Puritanical attitude toward this and the kindred subjects of beauty and enjoyment, shall we, as a nation, regain our spiritual health. Our present mental panic when these topics are presented for our consideration means death to creative art, to imaginative endeavor, to harmony and clean living.

The second reason for championing the production of these films is this: That we cannot afford to lose sight of that much-to-be cherished principle, the right to free speech and free thought, no matter through what medium it may be presented, whether through press, pulpit, drama or art. In the words of the Presiding Justice in the case reported in 98 U. S. 163:

> To suffer the civil Magistrate to intrude his power into the field of opinion or to restrain the proposition or propagation of principles on supposition of their ill-tendency is a dangerous fallacy which at once destroys all liberty, because he, being of course judge of that tendency, will make his opinions the rule of judgment and approve or condemn the sentiments of others only as they shall square with or differ from his own. It is time enough for the *rightful purpose of civil government for its officers to interfere when principles break out into overt acts against peace and order.*

Or, to quote William Lloyd Garrison:

> He who is for forcibly stopping the mouth of his opponent or for burning any man at the stake or thrusting him into prison or exacting a pecuniary fine from him or impairing his means of procuring an honest livelihood or treating him scornfully on account of his peculiar view on any subject, whether relating to God or man, to time or eternity, is under the dominion of a spirit of ruffianism or cowardice or animated by that fierce intolerance which characterized Paul of Tarsus in his zeal to exterminate the heresy of Christianity.

This is the principle that we are placing in jeopardy by our indorsement of "Comstockery," and this is the principle for which the indorsers of the White Slave films are fighting.

INEZ MILHOLLAND BOISSEVAIN.

New York, Feb. 2, 1914.

Custom House Methods.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In "An Importer's Grievance" the "victim" complains of what he considers an unjust treatment by the Custom House examiners. They opened one of two dozen tins containing whole goose livers and thus naturally destroyed the contents. He will certainly feel much easier about his small loss if he hears what happened to me nearly three years ago when I came to this country with my family.

We had two trunks among the household articles which we took along containing canned fruit and vegetables. Not only did the Custom House examiners open each and every can, so that within two or three days the air would destroy the contents, but they forced them open in a way that the enamel of the containers was damaged, so that the covers would not fit tightly any more. Instead of being able to use the cans for a lifetime, they were made absolutely useless. But destroying the valuable food and the cans was not enough. Probably as a reward for the damage done, I had to pay duty for what was just fit for the compost heap when I received it. E. BUFF-MERZ.

Huntington, L. I., Feb. 2, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reply to "Victim's" plaint, I would say his imported tin of goose liver was probably opened by the Customs Department in order to analyze same for the purpose of ascertaining whether contents complied with the pure food regulations of the United States Government.

As to the firm being of high and long standing, it is a noteworthy fact that some of the biggest firms in our own country, not to speak of foreign firms, have been convicted of violating the pure food law. Eternal vigilance is the price of purity and cleanliness. IRVING MEIROVITS.

Rockaway Beach, N. Y., Feb. 2, 1914.

Mussels as Food.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You publish in THE TIMES to-day a dispatch from Worcester announcing the discovery of a professor of Clark University of the food value of mussels. There is nothing new about the use of mussels as food. They have long been used in French restaurants. I ate them in a French restaurant in Nassau Street as long as twenty years ago, and they are regularly served in those places. They are both appetizing and nutritious.

HENRI GERARD.

New York, Feb. 1, 1914.

THE GOLDEN SEASON.

He came to me with a light on his brow,
And he sang of Mexico:
"I hope there'll be a peach of a row—
Oh, Mother, I want to go—
Oh, Mother, you'll let me go!"

Then back through more than a dozen years,
Came the ghost of an April day,
And the tramp—tramp—tramp—and the ringing cheers,
And the fifes that tried to be gay—
And the drums that tried to be gay!

And I lifted my budding boy again,
And I felt him tremble and thrill
At the sight of our homing, shattered, men—
Our men that were pale and ill—
Our men that would always be ill!

And I showed him the gap in every line—
For the dead don't march along;
My blood was ice, but his own ran wine,
And he sang them a soldier's song—
He shouted a soldier's song!

His faith was new, so my lips were dumb,
And I hid in the dark to cry,
While his heart beat time with the fife and drum!
His hope was too young to die—
It's still too young to die!

JANE BURR.

DEPLORES ARMS IN STRIKES.

Secretary of Labor Protests Against Employment of "Private Soldiery."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Protest against the use of firearms and the employment of armed guards and private detectives in labor disputes and strikes was made by Secretary W. B. Wilson, of the Department of Labor, in his first annual report, submitted to-day to President Wilson. He recommends that Congress enact legislation "within its constitutional limitations to regulate this business in the interests of public peace and order."

"The use of firearms," says Secretary Wilson, "in a species of private warfare in connection with labor strikes calls for serious consideration. Groups of men on both sides, without military or police authority for it, have used firearms with fatal effect in the coal strike in Southern Colorado. These arms and the ammunition have doubtless been procured through interstate commerce; and many of the armed men are said to have been imported into Colorado from other States through a business concern engaged commercially across State lines in supplying corporations with an armed and trained private soldiery or police, in numbers running into hundreds and even thousands. In the Calumet copper-mining region, armed guards under contract with the employers were forwarded to the locality by agencies in other States."

On the relations of capital and labor Secretary Wilson takes advanced ground. "The relation of employer and wage-earner," he says, "is no longer personal or individual," because both employers and operatives act in groups.

"It is obvious," the report says, "that this method of employment, generally necessary for success in modern industry, may give to employers great contractual advantages over wage-earners. Unless wage-earners also act collectively through their own agents, they are often at a practical disadvantage. Employers who act collectively in hiring wage-earners are often averse to dealing with agents of wage-earners who collectively offer their services. They desire to contract with wage-earners individually. It is upon this point that labor disputes frequently spring up and become acute. In most instances in which employers accord workmen practically recognition of the right of collective bargaining which they themselves excercise, fair relations are maintained.

"In any circumstances, differences must be expected to arise. In such cases the Department of Labor might possibly find a common ground for agreement which the disputants, in their eagerness for advantage or in the heat of their controversy, had overlooked."

In that connection it is suggested that Congress clearly define the functions of the Department of Labor in the mediation of labor disputes and vote an appropriation adequate to meet the requirements of mediation work. In that way, it is suggested, "the welfare of wage earners could be fostered, while the prosperity of employers and the peace and good order of society at large were conserved. Amicable settlements between the parties themselves, without mediation, are manifestly first in the order of preference. Mediation comes next; arbitration third. But any of the three is preferable to strikes or lockouts."

The success already achieved by the Department of Labor in the adjustment of labor controversies demonstrates, in the judgment of Secretary Wilson, that such disputes nearly always may be adjusted, to the profit of all interests; and he believes that the department, "properly equipped, should be able to make mediation progressively popular with both the employing and the wage-earning interests of the country."

The report shows that in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1913, 1,197,872 immigrants came to this country, an increase of 329,720 over the previous year. Of these, 980,555 were between 14 and 44 years of age, 147,158 were under 14, and 64,379 were 45 or over. Twenty-six per cent. of the aliens admitted were totally illiterate. The bulk of the immigration came from the countries of Southern and Eastern Europe, only 15 per cent. coming from Northern and Western Europe.

While the immigration increased 43 per cent. during the last year, the number of exclusions of arriving aliens increased only 24 per cent. That was due, the report indicates, to the financial and physical inability of the Bureau of Immigration properly to supervise the great number of arriving aliens.

Under existing arrangements, of the 6,859 Japanese who applied for admission during the year, 88 were excluded.

DISPUTE J. M. SMART'S WILL.

Many Claimants Now for Estate of Titanic Victim.

Surrogate Fowler reserved decision yesterday on the contested will of James Montgomery Smart, a victim of the Titanic disaster. The authenticity of the will which bears the date of July 23, 1897, and was executed in Melbourne, Australia, has been questioned by the State, represented by Deputy Attorney General H. S. Renaud. Suspicion was cast upon this instrument by evidence that the testator was in the habit of interchanging James and John as his first name, and had not assumed his middle name until he returned to this country from Australia subsequent to the date on the will.

Mr. Smart was President of the American Cold Storage and Shipping Company. At the time of his death he was supposed to be educating two children abroad, and to have been bound on a visit to them. Friends said that he had often hinted at their existence, but when inquiry was made by the executors of his estate the children proved to be a myth.

When Smart's death became known in Australia, where he had gone as a young man, a will was offered for probate there. In this instrument one-third of his estate was bequeathed to Jeremiah Twomey and the other two-thirds to Annie Frances Brown, both of that country. After having been passed upon by the courts of Australia the document was sent for final probate to this country as the latest and most permanent residence of the testator.

In the mean time the estate had dwindled from the reported $50,000 to a bare $10,000 and there were many claimants. According to the statement of Deputy Attorney General Renaud, yesterday in court, this number has been added to by a Mrs. James Smart of New Brunswick, Newfoundland, who is endeavoring to establish herself as Mr. Smart's widow.

In yesterday's proceedings J. Barker Carter of 234 West Eighty-first Street, a former business partner of Smart, testified that the signature on the will was not Mr. Smart's. Testimony opposed to this was offered by Frederick K. Seward, Mr. Smart's attorney, who accompanied him on the Titanic.

INWOOD HOSPITAL'S WORK.

House of Rest for Consumptives Cared for 133 During 1913.

The Hospital and House of Rest for Consumptives at Inwood-on-the-Hudson cared for 133 patients during 1913, eighty of whom were admitted during the year, according to a report read at a meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the hospital yesterday morning at the home of the Chairman, Mrs. Warren Goddard, 52 East Fifty-seventh Street. Mrs. Florence Colby, Financial Secretary, also reported that during its forty-five years' existence the hospital had cared for 4,414 patients.

Of the 133 patients treated last year, forty-three were discharged and twenty-one died. The daily average of patients under treatment for the year was 65.1. The total number of days' care given was 23,786, an increase of 3,406 over the preceding year. The average stay of each patient was 178.8 days, as against 147.7 for the preceding year. The patients were received from various hospitals, clinics, settlements, and charitable organizations.

FEARS A MONOPOLY OF RADIUM SECRETS

Dr. Alzugaray, Discoverer of Vanadium Steel, Wants Federal Chemists in Control.

COULD CUT COST GREATLY

Importance in Medicine Will Surely Increase—Used in Cancer Cases as Far Back as 1905.

Dr. Baxares de Alzugaray, a consulting chemist of 324 West Eighty-third Street, who brought tubes of Mme. Curie's radium to this country in 1905 and turned them over to Johns Hopkins University to be used in the treatment of cancer, gave out a statement yesterday in which he urged that the United States Government proceed with all possible haste in the conservation of radium-bearing ores and also in the erection of a large radium reducing plant.

Dr. Alzugaray was experimenting with uranium-bearing ores for several years before Mme. Curie discovered radium, as chemist for the Vanadium Company, Ltd., of London. He produced the first pound of vanadium steel ever manufactured and came to this country as consulting chemist for Joseph M. Flannery of Pittsburgh.

In the erection of the Pittsburgh plant of Mr. Flannery for the manufacture of vanadium steel, Dr. Alzugaray had a prominent part. During this work he heard from Mr. Flannery, who is now President of the Vanadium Company of America, that Lieut. Com. Cleland Davis, U. S. N., a friend of Mr. Flannery, had sent two relatives to Johns Hopkins University to be treated for cancer. He suggested the radium treatment, of which Mr. Flannery had never heard up to that time, and also assured Mr. Flannery, as is indicated by a large number of letters in his possession from Mr. Flannery, that his own carnotite ores were rich in radio-active matter and could be used for the manufacture of radium after the vanadium contents had been removed.

The result of Dr. Alzugaray's suggestion that radium might betried on the two friends of Lieut. Commander Davis was that Mr. Flannery requested him by letter to obtain some bottles of radio-actives salts. This Dr. Alzugaray did, and the product was sent to Johns Hopkins under the name of "Vanadiol." He said yesterday, while showing the original letters suggesting that he obtain this radium, that it is believed it was the first bit of radium brought to this country for use in cancer cases, and that the two patients treated with it in Johns Hopkins were the first patients in this country to receive a radium treatment.

"I learned of the progress of the cases," he said, "only through conversations with Mr. Flannery, but I understood that both recovered. And I believe that it was this circumstance which may have started both the surgeons at Johns Hopkins and Mr. Flannery, who was then interested entirely in vanadium, into work in radium. I would be proud, of course, if this fact should be historically established for Dr. Howard Kelly and his associates are doing wonderful work, and they had an opportunity to obtain a working quantity of the radium before the rest of the country woke up to the desirability of having it."

In explaining why he believed the Government should take over the business of radium production, Dr. Alzugaray said that the chief reason was that private concerns would of course make every effort to keep the methods of production a secret, whereas there was absolutely no problem connected with the work which could not be solved in a Government laboratory.

"I do not fear so much a monopoly of the radium-bearing ores of the Far West," he said, "as I fear a monopoly of intelligence in applying scientific methods of extraction. I have been over the Western radium zones in connection with our search for vanadium-bearing ores. You know vanadium is always found in connection with uranium, and that there is a percentage of radium in the uranium contents of the vanadium ore.

"In Utah and in Southwestern Colorado there are vast tablelands of jurassic and triassic sandstones. Practically this whole formation is radium-bearing so that to corner the supply will be a futile undertaking.

"I first heard of radium in 1898, immediately after its discovery by Mme. Curie, as I was then experimenting with vanadium, and was in touch with the work of Becquerel and Mme. Curie with radio-active matter.

"I immediately made experiments with the waste product of our vanadium ores, and in the same year that radium was discovered I lectured upon its possibilities before the students at Phillips Hospital, in London, where I had formerly been a student.

"Before coming here in 1905, as consulting chemist for Mr. Flannery, I kept constantly in touch with the radium situation, both

DANCE THE LAST JUNIOR COTILLION

Loving Cup for Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, Who Organized Dance 18 Years Ago.

MERRY PARTY AT SHERRY'S

Present and Former Patronesses Greet Founder—Next Season the Junior Assemblies.

The last of the fashionable Junior Cotillions, organized eighteen years ago by Mrs. Arthur Murray Dodge and others, was held at Sherry's last night. Next season, under the management of the three successors to Mrs. Dodge, they will continue under the title of the Junior Assemblies. Mrs. Dodge, who for sixteen years had been the sole manager of these dances, received alone last night. Many affectionate greetings were given her by present and former patronesses of the dances. The attendance was large, the younger members and their guests being present in full force.

At midnight a large silver loving cup was presented to Mrs. Dodge. Mrs. Dallas Bache Pratt, one of the earliest patronesses of the cotillions, made the presentation speech, and Mrs. Dodge made a graceful reply.

The cup was engraved with the dates of the first and the last Junior, Dec., 1896, and 1914, and also bore a suitable inscription.

On reaching her supper table, Mrs. Dodge found it decorated with an antique silver loving cup filled with orchids, the gift of Louis Sherry, in whose establishment the Junior Cotillions have always taken place.

Several dinners preceded the dance, the hostesses as hosts including Mrs. Dodge, Mrs. B. Ogden Chisolm, Mrs. H. Ward Ford, Mrs. William B. Anderton, Mrs. Edward H. Fallows, Mrs. A. Barton Hepburn, Samuel T. Gilford, and others.

Mrs. Dodge's guests included the Misses Urling Sibley, Alice Ely, Frances Wyeth, Sidney McCall, Jefferson Crane, Raymond Sweitzer, Mr. Keator, and Mr. Carstairs of Philadelphia.

Mrs. B. Ogden Chisolm's dinner was at her residence, 16 East Fifty-third Street, and for her debutante daughter, Miss Dorothy Chisolm. The guests included the Misses Katherine Porter, Winifred Chisolm, Margaret Seton Porter, Beatrice Burrill, Elvine Richard, Helen de Forest Griffin, Louise Dixon, Coline Ingersoll, and also Francis T. Boyd, W. Bradish Carroll, Harry Cushing, Bryce Wing, Thomas L. Johnson, William Phillips, W. Travers Jerome, Jr., W. Montague Geer, Jr., Dr. Harold Pardee, George McCook, Richard S. Babcock, William E. Palmer, Irving H. Pardee, Francis Cooper, Ransome Noble, and Bradish Carroll.

Samuel T. Gilford gave a dinner for thirty at Sherry's for his niece, Miss Lentilhon Gilford, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Parkin Gilford. The other guests included the Misses Violet Hamilton, Jeanne Stopp, Barbara Shedd, Margaret Knapp, Eleanor Taylor, Dorothy Taylor, Mary Haskell, Charlotte Strong, Amy Bradish Johnson, Estelle Clark, Edith Gracie, and Joy Williams; also Melbert Cary, Jr., Fergus Mackie, and James Spear of Philadelphia; Cass Canfield, Jr., William T. Thomas, Winslow S. Pierce, Jr., Arthur Suckley, Nelson Doubleday, Grenville Parkin, William McKim, Allan Lefferts, Amory Haskell, Shelton Farr, and Mr. and Mrs. John Parkin Gilford.

Mrs. H. Ward Ford of 55 East Thirty-sixth Street entertained at dinner for her daughter, Miss Emilie Ford. The guests included the Misses Penelope Sears, Helen Hartley Jenkins, Stewart Johnson, Arthur Stevens, Anson Gardiner, and John Noble Stearns, Jr.

Mrs. A. Barton Hepburn also gave a dinner last night, the guests going to the Junior. They were besides the Misses Beulah and Cordelia Hepburn, Miss Gertrude Munroe Smith, John A. Larkin, Robert R. Livingston, and Curtis Browne.

Others at the cotillion were the Misses Susanne and Florance Colgate, Elizabeth Emmons, Vieva Fisher, Kathryne Steele, Katharine Oakman, Mary and Laura Parsons, Dorothy Anderton, Beatrice G. Pratt, Elizabeth Klapp, Noel Haskins, Anne Rogers, Margaret Starr Paris, Agnes Mullin, Gertrude Mill, Eleanor Hartshorne, Margaret and Louise Herrick, Julia Edey, Veronica Frazier, Edith Farr, Evelyn Scott, Betty and Rosalie Carson, Mary Bryan, Candace Hewitt, Helen and Hilda Hiss, Elinor Kendall, Katie Schermerhorn, Lisa Toda, Margaret and Louise Trevor, Margaret Wagstaff, Constance Williams, and Cornelia de Lancey Cammann.

CHARITY BALL TO-MORROW.

Some of the Boxholders—Bal Chantant at the Biltmore To-night.

Society is interested in the annual charity ball which is to be held to-morrow night at the Waldorf-Astoria; also in the bal chantant to be given to-night at the new Hotel Biltmore under the auspices of the Schola Cantorum, a musical organization.

Mrs. F. Ashton de Peyster, E. J. Berwind, and Thomas F. Ryan are among those who have just taken boxes for the charity ball. Among those who have recently taken tickets for this oldest social function in this country are Mrs. Pembroke Jones, Mrs. Charles R. Scott, Mrs. L. Cass Ledyard, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. W. Rathbone Bacon, and Mrs. Roy Rainey. Mrs. George Walker Jenkins will have a box party for her daughter, Miss Helen H. Jenkins.

There will be exhibitions of modern dances by professionals at the bal chantant to-night at the Biltmore, and a general dancing contest, for which Mrs. Lawrence L. Gillespie, Mrs. I. N. Speigelberg, and Mrs. Frederick Edey have donated prizes. Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish heads the Reception Committee.

Tickets and a few remaining boxes for the bal chantant may be had from Mrs. Gillespie, 11 East Eighty-ninth Street, or Mrs. Grenville Parker, 10 West Fifty-sixth Street.

MISS HELEN FRIENDLY WEDS.

Married to Leo J. Falk by Rabbi Wise at Her Home in Elmira.

Special to The New York Times.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Feb. 3.—Miss Helen M. Friendly of Elmira and Leo J. Falk of Boise, Idaho, were married at the home of the bride's parents to-night by by Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of New York, assisted by Rabbi Marcus of this city. The bride's home in West Church Street was profusely decorated. Dr. Ralph Falk of Boise was best man, and Miss Helen Schott of Detroit was maid of honor. Following the ceremony an elaborate wedding dinner was served, and dancing was enjoyed until a late hour, when the couple left for a tour of the Southern States.

The bride is well known in Elmira society. She is a graduate of the Benjamin Dean school of New York, and is highly accomplished. Mr. and Mrs. Falk will live in Boise, where the bridegroom is Treasurer of the Idaho Mercantile Company.

Miss Melbourne Engaged.

Mrs. George A. Melbourne of Whitestone, L. I., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Nadine Melbourne, to James Vail Converse. The wedding will take place next Spring. Mr. Converse is the son of Mrs. Grovene Vail Converse of 43 East Seventy-eighth Street, and a brother of Miss Grovene Converse. Mrs. Converse sailed on Dec. 21 to join her daughter in Paris.

STRAUS—MERGENTHEIM.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Straus announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Margaretta Aime Straus, to Charles Mergenthein, son of Mr. and Mrs. Aaron B. Mergenthein of Far Rockaway. No date has been set for the wedding.

WILSON HOST TO JUSTICES.

With Mrs. Wilson Gives Third State Dinner—Musicale Follows.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The President and Mrs. Wilson were hosts this evening at their third State dinner. The guests of honor were the Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court and his associates, all of whom were present except Justice Lurton, who is absent in the South. The Justices with their wives and the guests invited to meet them were received in the Blue Room, and following the dinner made their way to the East Room, where a short musicale concluded the evening.

The floral decorations were chiefly in pink with Killarney roses, used in profusion on the large oblong table and about the mirror rests of the State dining room.

The company consisted of Chief Justice and Mrs. White, Justice McKenna, Justice and Mrs. Holmes, Justice Day, Justice and Mrs. Hughes, Justice and Mrs. Van Devanter, Justice and Mrs. Lamar, Justice and Mrs. Pitney, the Attorney General, Senator and Mrs. Clarence D. Clark, Senator and Mrs. Simmons, Senator and Mrs. Overman, Senator and Mrs. Owen, Senator and Mrs. Fletcher, Senator Root, Senator and Mrs. Kern, Senator Hoke Smith, Senator and Mrs. James, Representative and Mrs. Henry D. Clayton, Representative and Mrs. Andrew J. Volstead, Solicitor General and Mrs. Davis, Dr. and Mrs. W. Jacobus, Mrs. Harrison Garrett, Mrs. Isaac Avery, Miss Henrietta Ricketts, Miss Wilson, Miss Eleanor Wilson, Miss Helen W. Bones, Miss Isabella T. Hagner, Edward W. Sheldon, and Lieut. Charles K. Rockwell, U. S. A.

Miss Louise Llewellyn and Miss Corrinne Harmon furnished the musical programme.

Vice President and Mrs. Marshall were dinner guests of Mrs. Burton Harrison this evening.

Secretary of War and Mrs. Garrison entertained a dinner company of fourteen guests this evening at their home in Connecticut Avenue.

Another dinner party of this evening, second only in interest to that at the White House, was given by ex-Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Franklin MacVeagh, who entertained for Ambassador from Austria-Hungary and Mme. Dumba. Among the additional guests were the Spanish Ambassador and Mme. Riano, Minister from Sweden and Mme. Exengren, Minister from The Netherlands and Mme. De Rappard, Mr. and Mrs. Albert J. Beveridge, Col. and Mrs. Charles L. McCawley, Mrs. William F. Draper, and Henry White, former Ambassador to France.

Representative and Mrs. Thomas B. Dunn of Rochester, N. Y., entertained the Republican delegation of New York in Congress at dinner to-night. Among those present were Serono E. Payne, Representative and Mrs. Fairchild, Representative and Mrs. Parker, Representative and Mrs. Calder, Representative and Mrs. Mott, Representative and Mrs. Hamilton, Representative and Mrs. Wallin, and Representative and Mrs. Platt.

DINNER FOR M. J. O'BRIEN.

J. Stevens Ulman Entertains for ex-Justice at His Home.

J. Stevens Ulman gave a dinner last night at his residence, 24 East Eighty-first Street, for former Justice Morgan J. O'Brien. Covers were laid for thirty-six, the guests being seated at one round table. There was music, and Justice Victor J. Dowling and Patrick Francis Murphy made speeches. Additional guests came after dinner.

The guests included Justice Edward G. Whitaker, Justice Charles L. Guy, George F. Harriman, Joseph S. Ulman, Lewis Nixon, Philip J. Britt, Alvin W. Krech, Patrick A. Valentine, George T. Maxwell, Ralph Johnson, Edward J. Kelly, William Salomon, B. Ogden Chisolm, Dr. H. Holbrook Curtis, Charles B. Macdonald, Henry E. Coe, Henry R. Ickelheimer, Adrian H. Larkin, R. Morgan Olcott, Fairfax L. Landstreet, J. Scott Hartshorne, Dr. Albert H. Ely, George W. Curtis, ex-Lieut. Gov. Thomas F. Conway, Harry K. Williams, Jules S. Bache, John B. Stanchfield, Arthur Coppell, Alfred E. Schermerhorn, George C. Kobbe, and S. Oakley Vander Poel.

Dinner for Miss Rodewald.

William MacNeill Rodewald entertained at dinner last night at his residence, 37 West Fifty-third Street, for his daughter, Miss Marie Louise Rodewald. Some of the guests went to Mrs. Vanderbilt's dance and several to the Junior Cotillion. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Hoffman, the Rev. Herbert Shipman and Mrs. Shipman, Mrs. Burke Roche, the Misses Catherine Hamersley, Marion Stoddard, and Louise Chappell, Rudolph Kunhardt, Maurice Roche, Count Otto Salm, Count Alexander Salm, and Johnston Redmond.

WHEN BLANCHE RING SMILES AND SINGS

Her Exceptional Versatility Means Very Cheerful Entertainment.

HARRY CONOR IS FUNNY

And the Made-Over Farce Takes on a New Lease of Life—Little Anna Laughlin Comes Back.

WHEN CLAUDIA SMILES, a farce, with songs, in three acts, by Anne Caldwell. At the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre.

Frederick W. Walker	Harry Conor
Chester D. Hoffman	Mahlon Hamilton
Charles D. Hoffman	Charles J. Winninger
"Bunny" Van Tyne	John J. Scannell
Saladillo Escalada Del Mendoza	R. M. Dolliver
"Johnny" Rogers	Harry Hilliard
Albert	William Keller
Jingle Bells	Charles Silber
Elevator Attendant	James Minnehan
Officer Casey	Albert Byrnes
Officer Nolan	Peter Donovan
Alice Hoffman	Bertha Mann
Kate Walker	Anna Laughlin
Mme. Verdier	Florence Edney
Cynthia	Nellie Fillmore
Daisy Tottenham	Cleo LeMoyne
Belle Nesville	Claire Bertragd
Blanche De Fontenoy	Rae Daly
Cleo Berode	Eva Stuart
Angie Dupont	Dolores Parquette
Clara Rockaway	Gladys Breston
Lily Atlanta	Pearl Evans
Violet Richmond	Marie Callahan
Rose Reno	Claire Weston
Hyacinth Hartford	Peggy Coudray
Daisy Denver	Evelyn Mead
Pansy Portland	Emma McGrath
Reggie Renfrew	Harry Delmar
Willie Wilbur	Harry Wesner
Percy Plimpton	Harry Rensler
Billy Bender	Edwin H. Weise
Jimmy Jansen	Edward Clyne
Bertie Billings	Jack Costello
Claudia Rogers	Blanche Ring

What's in a name? "When Claudia Smiles" might be "When Blanche Sings," and the entertainment would seem quite as good. For it is excellent entertainment of its kind which this versatile and amiable Miss Ring brings to the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre and all its tall-grass imperfections, including a sort of Swiss Bell Ringers' chorus effect, on its head. However, with the ladies and gentleman of one made-for-Broadway show carrying piano lamps about their shoulders by way of adding variety to an otherwise bald and uninteresting number, it would not be surprising if Mr. Frederick McKay, who "presents Miss Ring," would properly argue that what is good for Oscar Hoosa has always been and still is just as good for this metropolis. And he might not have much trouble proving his case.

Indeed, this made-over edition of a Leo Ditrichstein farce might be far less amusing on its own account, and still provide excellent fun so long as Miss Ring is there to sing and "jolly" her way through the rôle of Claudia Rogers, show lady, recently divorced. For Miss Ring knows a lot about her business.

To begin with, no one sings her particular type of song nearly so well, and, though there may be finer voices at the Metropolitan, there isn't a Letter of its kind or a bigger personality anywhere on the musical comedy stage. And in her acting, when Miss Ring is burlesquing more serious things, she conveys a broad hint that she has a burlesquing more serious things, she conveys a broad hint that she has a much better she is doing them than the people who are paid to do them "straight." At one moment, for instance, she is speaking French with a truly Parisian accent (as we understand it in Thirty-ninth Street) and the next she is lugubriously telling the story of her life on the "old Southern plantation, when the slaves, with tears in their eyes, came to bid her farewell before she went up North." All of which, in conjunction with one of those mixed pickle plots which makes almost every man in the piece a "papa" to Claudia, serves to while away the evening most agreeably. When Claudia, that is to say Blanche Ring, smiles, it's one of those cheering smiles that makes the world seem brighter.

And when Miss Ring sings, which she does frequently, there is an incentive to appreciation and participation in the whole-hearted free spirited way she goes at it. She is on the stage most of the time, too, and has such a variety of accomplishments that she never grows monotonous.

Some bright, cheerful and capable people assist, notably Hary Conor, who is very funny, indeed, and that very dainty little person, Miss Anna Laughlin, who hasn't been with us much since the memorable days of "The Wizard of Oz."

Then, there is J. J. Scannell, who has a sense of humor and dances excellently, as well as Bertha Mann, who plays with a proper suggestion of outraged leading-lady dignity. Florence Edney, also, contributes a good figure, and the others in the cast serve the purposes of the farcical situations.

"When Claudia Smiles" is an amiable entertainment. As such it promises to prosper. As for Blanche Ring, she is unique.

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When the great musical artists—Caruso, Amato, Emmy Destinn, and other stars of the Metropolitan Opera Company, as well as the great Tetrazzini and other famed artists—use and endorse the Hardman Piano exclusively, it demonstrates conclusively the purity of Hardman Tone and the superlative excellences of the piano of their choice.

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"RIGOLETTO" AT CENTURY.

Singing of Harrold and Lois Ewell the Feature of a Good Performance.

Verdi's "Rigoletto" was performed last night by the Century Opera Company as the inauguration of a week's run of that work. It almost seemed as if the favorable comment aroused by last week's production of "Romeo and Juliet" had just found its response in the public consciousness, for last night's audience was the largest that has attended a Century Opera House opening in several weeks.

The performance was a good one, its feature being easily the singing of Orville Harrold as the Duke and Lois Ewell as Gilda. Both these artists contributed work of a high order. Mr. Harrold began it early in the evening with his "Questa o quella"—the English text of the opera not being of sufficient merit to make it worth while looking up how the phrase was translated. This he sang with a tone of fine lyric quality, and, possibly more important in this day when vocal exaggeration has not even yet been banished, with a pure style and good taste. This same element was as much the beauty of Miss Ewell's singing as of his. Her "Caro nome," in which florid brilliance gave way to charm of expression, will stand as one of the best things she has yet done here.

Mr. Kreidler's Rigoletto was lacking on the histrionic side. The part demands a gift of varied impersonation of the singer. This demand was not met with more than conventional posturings, and as a result the rôle was not convincing. The baritone sang poorly in the first act, especially in passages of mezzo voce, but came nearer in subsequent acts to equalling some of the excellent singing he has done in other productions.

The ensemble element in the performance was good and confirmed the impression late weeks have brought forth that the company has arrived at a better level in this regard. Mr. Nicosia handled the orchestra well and, in his quiet way, made this part of the performance an entirely satisfactory contribution. Alfred Kaufman and Kathleen Howard as Sparafucile and Maddalena, provided characterizations that helped the performance, and Messrs. Peacock and Uhl were satisfactory. The enthusiasm was great in the last act after Mr. Harrold's "La Donna e Mobile," and he sang it again as an encore in Italian. The quartet in the last act had also to be repeated.

Blind Children to See "High Jinks."

Two hundred blind children will attend the performance of "High Jinks" at the Casino Theatre this afternoon. The children will be taken to the theatre from the Catholic Asylum for the Blind, Winifred Holt Lighthouse, the Home for the Blind in West 104th Street, and the Home for Blind Girls in West 82d Avenue. They will be marshalled by Miss Winifred Holt, Mrs. Jacob L. Phillips of 49 East Sixty-seventh Street, and their assistants. After the performance there will be a reception on the stage given by the members of the cast and Arthur Hammerstein, Otto Hauerbach, and Rudolph Friml.

Thibaud Cancels His Engagements.

Jacques Thibaud, the French violinist who came here recently and made successful appearances, has been compelled to cancel all his engagements and return to Paris immediately, it was learned yesterday. It is said the return is made necessary on account of matters following the death of his father. Mr. Thibaud was to have been the soloist at the concerts of the Philharmonic Society on Feb. 12 and 13, and the orchestra has obtained in his stead Kathleen Parlow, who will play Mendelssohn's Concerto for violin.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The play contest for college undergraduates now under way at the Princess Theatre will close Feb. 15, two weeks later than the date originally set. Several hundred one-act plays have been received.

William Elliott is to give five special matinee performances of "Kitty MacKay" at the Comedy Theatre. The first will take place Thursday afternoon, Feb. 19, and the others will take place on succeeding Thursdays.

At the special performance of "Grumpy," which will be given by child actors at Wallack's Theatre this month, Thomas Benton Carnahan, Jr., will play the title role. The part of Mr. Jarvis will be played by Richard Gallit. Susan by Sibylla Bauhan, Mrs. Maclaren by Florence Ware. Miss Gladys Annette Contenor will make her debut in the character of Virginia, and Paul Kelly will appear as Ernest Heron.

Miss Joan Sawyer, the dancer, will be seen at Keith's Palace Theatre during the week of Feb. 16. Dancing with Miss Sawyer will be Jack Jarrott.

At the matinee at the New Amsterdam Theatre Wednesday, Feb. 11, the one hundred and fiftieth performance of "High Jinks" will be celebrated by the presentation of imported steins, which will be given to every woman attending the performance.

Frances Starr's fiftieth performance of "The Secret" will take place at the Belasco Theatre to-night.

Douglas J. Wood will play the title role in a revival of Richard Mansfield's "Prince Karl" for the benefit of the City History Club, at the Playhouse, on the afternoon of Feb. 24.

The Vitagraph Theatre, formerly the Criterion, will open its season as a motion picture house next Saturday night.

The Oriental matinee of "A Thousand Years Ago" will take place this afternoon at the Shubert Theatre. Yang Ku Ying, the Chinese Consul, will occupy a box and twenty-five Chinese children, in native costume, will also be present, accompanied by Miss Lillian D. Wald, head resident of the Henry Street Settlement.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Three Liners—The Arrivals.

Among the passengers who are booked to sail for Europe to-day are the following:

OLYMPIC (Southampton)—Miss Catherine Ames, Walter C. Arnold, J. P. Averill, N. H. Bacon, Mr. and Mrs. G. Harrison Ballantyne, Montagu Barlow, M. P.; George N. Black, S. L. Bodine, Mr. and Mrs. Deniston Breakey, J. McA. Campbell, Mrs. G. T. Caulston, Alexander C. Cochrane, E. R. Cole, Miss Cole, G. A. Davidson, John Davis, Mrs. William Drayton, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Duncan, Mrs. W. B. Duncan, Dr. and Mrs. Francisco da Castro, John C. Endebrock, Lincoln L. Eyre, Jr., E. V. Farmer, Leroy Fenn, Mr. and Mrs. Albert French, Mr. and Mrs. George S. Gardiner, Prince and Princess Alexander Kara Georgeovitch, Mr. and Mrs. David Gradwohl, Mrs. H. S. Harkness, Mr. and Mrs. Parmalee Herrick, Mr. and Mrs. William R. Henry, Mrs. George Hooper, Mrs. Lawson Johnston, Frederick E. Judson, Joshua Knowles, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur O. McBirnie, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Mackenzie, Mrs. J. Digby Maitland, Dr. and Mrs. R. J. Manion, J. M. Matlock, G. G. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Newcomb, Miss Doris Nevin, Mr. and Mrs. William Henry Pike, Charles B. Pitman, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert R. Potts, Mr. and Mrs. Everit J. Sadler, Mrs. Eggleston Smith, Mrs. Talbot Stanley, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Thornell, Mr. and Mrs. Henry D. Whiton, and Mr. and Mrs. Bicknell Young.

FRANCE (Havre)—Miss Anna M. Blake, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Briant, Mrs. A. M. Breckinridge, Mrs. E. Burke, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Cleveland, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis M. Cramer, Gerald D. Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. H. Deacon, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Everett, Miss Everett, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Elcock, Inman Emery, Mrs. W. E. Glover, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Howard, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Hanan, Mr. and Mrs. Hampton Howell, Owen B. Jones, C. D. Jackson, C. D. McCormick, Mrs. J. W. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Morris, Charles Niles, Paul Pichon, Mr. and Mrs. E. de Raimbouville, Mrs. A. Mrs. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. H. Richardson, Frederick C. Stevens, Mrs. D. F. Sutherland, Mr. and Mrs. W. Alston Twitty, Mrs. Gaston Tallet, and William O. Vanderventer.

CARMANIA (Liverpool.)—H. Bury, Allingham, John Armstrong, Mr. and Mrs. H. Ashworth, Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Busk, Mr. and Mrs. L. Le B. Chapin, Mrs. A. C. Booth, George W. Cutcliffe, Vernon H. Dennis, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Farrar, Mr. and Mrs. E. Fielding-Jones, Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Gear, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Gilpin, George D. Harper, Thomas G. King, George S. King, H. A. Lewis, J. S. McGregor, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Pearce, Major F. B. B. Pickard of the British Army, Harold Price, Mr. and Mrs. William M. Reid, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Skinner, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Somers, James Swift, Jr.; James C. Stanley, R. S. Ward, and John Wightman.

Among the arrivals from Hamburg on the Hamburg-American liner President Grant yesterday were:

Mrs. Mason Ball, Capt. and Mrs. Richard Backstrom, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Frey, Dr. and Mrs. William E. Gehl, Morton L. Goodhill, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Horstmann, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Kania, Mrs. Olga Samborn, W. H. Sickels, Louis H. Tapley, and Mrs. J. G. Winslow.

MONCURE ROBINSON IS HOST

Gives a Dinner at the St. Regis—His Guests.

Moncure Robinson gave a dinner last evening at the St. Regis, the entire second floor of the hotel, including the marble ballroom, being used for the affair. The guests, numbering thirty-eight, were seated at one oblong table. Following the dinner some of the guests went to Mrs. Vanderbilt's dance.

The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Walter Gay, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Guinness, Mr. and Mrs. F. Gray Griswold, Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer, Mr. and Mrs. Archer Huntington, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. J. Woodward Haven, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Cushing, Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery Hare, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel, Jr.; Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Bell, Mr. and Mrs. James Lowell Putnam, Mr. and Mrs. Blair Fairchild, Miss Pauline Robinson, Alfonso de Navarro, Elliot Gregory, Garrison Rhodes, and Ogden Codman.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Vanderbilt gave a large dinner dance last night at her residence, 1 West Fifty-seventh Street. There were about ninety guests at the dinner, and many additional guests came from dinners given by other hostesses of the evening.

Miss Charlotte Pell is to give a dinner at Sherry's on Saturday, Feb. 14, for Miss Maud Coster, a débutante of the season.

Mrs. William E. Strong of 5 East Sixty-fifth Street is giving a dance at her home this evening.

Mrs. Flake Manning will be hostess at a dance to be given at Sherry's on Feb. 17.

Mrs. John Bassett Moore is to give a tea dance this afternoon at her home in Washington, D. C., for her house guest, Miss Janet Fish Montgomery, daughter of Mrs. James Howard Montgomery of this city. She will also give a dinner to-night for Miss Montgomery, and Miss Eleanor Wilson will be among the guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Mott Warner of 161 Madison Avenue gave a dinner last night, followed by dancing, for which additional guests were invited.

The engagement is announced of Mrs. Turner Cooke of Colorado Springs to E. Palmer Gavit of Albany, N. Y. Mrs. Cooke is the daughter of Major Emory S. Turner of 840 Park Avenue.

Mrs. Charles L. Hussey of Newport, wife of Commander Hussey, U. S. N., is at the Wolcott on her way to Washington, D. C., to visit friends.

Mrs. Adair of London has returned to the Plaza from a trip to Panama, and will remain there for a fortnight before sailing for England.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Frelinghuysen and Miss Elizabeth Adelaide Cannon are at the Waldorf-Astoria for a brief visit.

Mrs. Price Post of Tuxedo is at the Vanderbilt for the week-end.

Mrs. Richard Nott Dyer and her daughter, Mrs. Harry B. Mingle, have gone to Palm Beach for February.

Among those who gave dinners last night were Mrs. Pembroke Jones, Mrs. F. Burrall Hoffman, and William MacNeill Rodewald.

Mr. and Mrs. Killaen Van Rensselaer are at the Hotel Gotham to remain until Spring.

For the benefit of the music school of the East Side House, the first of a series of talks on new operas will take place this afternoon at the house of Mrs. Jonathan Bulkley, 600 Park Avenue.

Mrs. Ernest Thompson Seton is to give a meeting and reception this afternoon at her home, 512 Fifth Avenue, for the benefit of the New York Peace Society.

Mrs. Ormond G. Smith is to give a dinner and dance to-night at Sherry's. David H. King, Jr., will also entertain with a dinner dance to-night at Sherry's for his daughters, the Misses Ruth and Jeanne King.

Mrs. John Parkin Gilford will entertain at dinner this evening for her daughter, Miss Lentilhon Gilford, and her house guest, Miss Edith Gracie of Washington.

Miss Antoinette W. Martin of 12 East Thirty-first Street gave a large auction bridge yesterday at the Colony Club.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Seligman are leaving town to-day for Palm Beach, to be absent a month.

Mrs. Charles Van Rensselaer was the hostess last night at her residence, 130 East Fifty-sixth Street, at a dinner of fourteen covers for the Hon. Oliver Brett and Mrs. Brett.

Mrs. Pembroke Jones gave a large dinner last night at 5 East Sixty-first Street. Some of the guests went afterward to Mrs. Vanderbilt's ball. Mrs. F. Burrall Hoffman also entertained at dinner, and a number of her guests also went to Mrs. Vanderbilt's for dancing.

Mrs. J. Amory Haskell will give a dinner on Friday evening for Miss Mary Haskell.

Mrs. H. Ward Ford has invitations out for a dinner on Feb. 20, after which the guests will attend the Yale students' concert.

Mrs. Oliver Gould Jennings is going to-morrow to Washington to be the guest for several days of Mrs. E. Hope Slater. Mrs. Jennings entertained at dinner last night.

George McAneny has been added to the list of speakes on Saturday at the Settlement Workers' luncheon at Sherry's. Miss Katharine B. Davis is also to be a guest of honor.

Mrs. Cass Gilbert opened her house, 42 East Sixty-fourth Street, yesterday afternoon for a piano recital by Miss Bertha Hetjmanek, a little Bohemian girl. Among those attending were Mrs. John W. Alexander, Mrs. Frederic E. Lewis, Mrs. Edwin H. Blashfield, and Mrs. E. H. Harkness.

Mrs. J. Edgar Bull of 34 Gramercy Park, will give a luncheon on Feb 18 for Miss Priscilla Bull.

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Leases now being made from May 1, 1915. The building, however, is due to be completed 2 or 3 months ahead of that date.

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MRS. MITCHEL HONOR GUEST

At Woman's Industrial Exposition on Saturday Afternoon.

As the first guest of honor, Mrs. J. Purroy Mitchel, wife of the Mayor, will have a representative body of women to receive her at the Woman's Industrial Exposition at the Grand Central Palace Saturday afternoon.

These will include Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, President; Mrs. Nelson Herrick Henry, Director, and among the members of the Executive Committee and patronesses Mrs. Richard Irvin, Mrs. Nicholas F. Brady, Mrs. William Einstein, Mrs. Charles E. Wilcox, Miss Winifred Holt, Mrs. Edmund Dwight, Mrs. Arthur Elliott Fish, Miss Madeline Stevens, Miss Lillian Wald, Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, Mrs. Frank Northrop, Mrs. R. A. C. Smith, Mrs. William Loeb, Jr., Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. Herbert S. Satterlee, Mrs. Grenville Kane, Mrs. Henry Seligman, and Mrs. E. R. Hewitt.

Arthur Breese Proal.

Arthur Breese Proal, who made a fortune out of acetylene gas, died suddenly last evening at Miss Alston's sanitarium from pneumonia, following closely upon an operation for appendicitis. He was operated upon last Saturday, and was apparently recovering when pneumonia set in. With his wife, who was Ermina J. Adsit, Mr. Proal had planned to go to Palm Beach this week. Mr. Proal had offices at 2 Rector Street. He was President of the Union Carbide Company and the Electric Lamp Company, Secretary of the Polar Construction Company, and a director in many other corporations. He was a member of the Union League, Rumson Country, Sleepy Hollow Country, City Midday, Ardsley, Manhattan, and the Racquet and Tennis Clubs. He lived at 182 West Fifty-eighth Street.

Last Survivor of the Monitor Dead.

Dr. Daniel C. Logue, former surgeon on the Monitor, and believed to be the last survivor of the famous battle with the Merrimac, died yesterday at his home in Bellmore, L. I. He was born in Otisville, Orange County, N. Y., in 1832, the town being named after his grandfather, Isaac Otis, who was one of Washington's life guards. Dr. Logue was a graduate of Wesleyan University and the New York Medical College. When the civil war began he enlisted as surgeon on the Monitor. After the war he practiced surgery in Brooklyn until 1900, when he retired to Bellmore. He is survived by two sons, Dr. John, and Dr. H. Otis Logue.

The Rev. Patrick J. Farrelly.

The Rev. Patrick J. Farrelly, rector of the Church of St. Brigid, Linden Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, Brooklyn, died Monday night at the rectory of the church. He was born in Cavan, Ireland, sixty-nine years ago, and was ordained a priest in 1876. Father Farrelly went to South Africa as a missionary, and was appointed chaplain in the British Army. He served five years in the army and then accepted the Presidency of St. Andrew's College at Grahamstown, in South Africa, where he served for a number of years.

Prof. George Poe.

Prof. George Poe, scientist and inventor and cousin of Edgar Allan Poe, died in Norfolk, Va., yesterday. He was 68 years old and had held chairs of chemistry, especially as relating to gases.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. HILAIRE H. BELLOC, who was Elodie Agnes Hogan of Napa, Cal., died in London yesterday. She was married to Mr. Belloc, head of the English Department of East London College, and well known as an author, having written more than forty books on history, travel, and politics.

Dr. CARRIE H. VAN HORNE, a physician who had practiced in Englewood, N. J., for many years, died at her residence there of heart disease in her fifty-second year. She was born at Closter, N. J., and was graduated from the Woman's Hospital at Philadelphia.

CHARLES F. BINGHAM, President of the Bingham Iron Works of Buffalo, N. Y., died yesterday morning at Palm Beach, Fla., where he had been a Winter resident for the last nineteen years. He was 69 years old. Death resulted from a complication of diseases.

WILLIAM RUSS WEMPLE, mine promoter, died yesterday at the home of his son, Ernest Wemple, 321 Union Avenue, Cranford,

WIRELESS MEMORIAL READY FOR ERECTION

To be Installed in Battery Park as Soon as the Frost Is Out of the Ground.

A HANDSOME MONUMENT

Wireless Men Subscribed Much of the Fund as a Tribute to Phillips of the Titanic.

Work will be begun as soon as the frost is out of the ground, according to W. L. Bottomley, architect, of 527 Fifth Avenue, on the memorial which is to be erected at the base of the Barge Office tower in Battery Park to the memory of Jack Phillips, the wireless operator of the Titanic, and others of his craft who have lost their lives at sea heroically doing their duty.

Every one remembers the marvelous courage of Phillips, the chief wireless operator on the Titanic, who, while the ship was sinking and he realized that he must go down with her, remained at his instrument, sending out messages, asking help for those of the passengers and crew who had left the ship in lifeboats. Many monuments have been put up to the memory of the victims of the Titanic disaster, but among them all this one is especially interesting because most of the contributions for it have been subscribed in small amounts by Marconi operators, from their small pay, because of their sincere admiration of Phillips.

The fund for the fountain was started by THE NEW YORK TIMES as the Marine Wireless Operators' Fund. It will serve also as a nucleus for an insurance benefit fund for the widows and orphans of marine operators.

The fountain, which will be of the finest white granite, known as Barre granite, will consist of a huge basin on a pedestal surmounted at the back by a cenotaph six feet high and flanked on either side by seats of the same material. It will have a background of fir trees which the Park Department has generously agreed to supply. The stone used for the memorial is so fine that it can be carved as delicately as marble. At the same time it is one of the most durable stones known.

It will require one of the largest turning lathes in the United States to make the basin, the stone for which weighs about twelve tons. The garland under the principal inscription will be exquisitely carved and will be composed of motives derived from aquatic plants, shells, and sea forms. It will be held in place in flat relief, treated in a decorative way. The lettering of the inscription will be chiseled out of the solid granite and the three bubble fountains around the edge will be formed in the solid stone. In the centre of the great white basin there will be a powerful jet of water forming the fountain.

The names of wireless operators to be inscribed on the cenotaph are for the present:

JACK PHILLIPS, S. S. Titanic, April 15, 1912, Atlantic Ocean.
GEORGE C. ECCLES, S. S. Ohio, Aug. 26, 1900, Pacific Ocean.
STEPHEN F. SCZEPANEK, S. S. Pere Marquette, Sept. 9, 1910, Lake Michigan.
S. LAWRENCE PRUDHUNT, S. S. Rosecrans, Jan. 7, 1913, Pacific Ocean.
DONALD CAMPBELL PERKINS, S. S. State of California, Aug. 18, 1913, Pacific Ocean.
FERDINAND J. KUEHN, S. S. Monroe, Jan. 30, 1914, Atlantic Ocean.

ELEVATED EXPRESS STOPS.

Commission Approved Most of Interborough's List.

The express stations on the Manhattan elevated have now been selected. The Public Service Commission wrote yesterday to the Interborough approving of certain stations on which its decision had been delayed. The complete list of express stations will be:

Second Avenue Line—City Hall, Chatham Square, Fourteenth Street, Forty-second Street, 125th Street, (127th Street Station removed.)

Third Avenue Line—City Hall, Chatham Square, Canal Street, Grand Street, Houston Street, Twenty-third Street, Forty-second Street, 106th Street, 125th Street, 133d Street, 138th Street, 143d Street, 149th Street.

Ninth Avenue Line—Cortlandt Street, Warren Street, Desbrosses Street, Christopher Street, Fourteenth Street, Sixty-seventh Stret, 116th Street, 125th Street, 155th Street.

In authorizing these stations the commission poined out that, while the plans of the Interborough did not show the combination of the Rivington and Grand Street Stations on the Second Avenue line into one at Delancey Street, nothing should be done to prevent that change.

DEFENDS NAVY STATISTICS.

Britten Calls Antagonists "Feather weight Champions of a Cheap Navy"

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Representative Britten of Illinois, a member of the House Naval Committee, issued a statement to-night in which he characterized Messrs. Witherspoon and Hensley of the committee as "featherweight champions of a cheap navy," and accused them of having juggled and distorted facts in their examination of Secretary Daniels yesterday in an effort to "deceive the general public into believing that the American Navy is superior in strength to that of Germany and second only to the British Navy in sea power."

Mr. Britten had reference to the statement which Messrs. Witherspoon and Hensley issued last night regarding the interrogation of Secretary Daniels yesterday when they tried to show that the Navy Year Book had juggled figures for the purpose of trying to conceal the real relative strength of the American Navy.

GLASS HOUSES FOR BABIES.

Hebrew Infant Asylum to Dedicate an Annex.

The new annex in connection with the Hebrew Infant Asylum, at Kingsbridge and University Avenues, will be dedicated next Sunday. This building is for the accommodation of the latest admitted inmates, in which they will be kept under observation for three weeks, prior to their final admission into the institution itself, where they are maintained until 5 years of age.

The first floor of this annex contains twelve box wards, or cubicles, each to be occupied by one infant. These wards have walls of glass, so that the supervising nurses have all the inmates in view at all times. The little compartments are bright and sunny, and each has a separate ventilation.

It is thought that the segregation of infants from older children is all the more essential during the period of observation, or quarantine, in order to prevent their being surrounded by children with infectious diseases.

TAKES HOURWICH'S PLACE.

Hillman Succeeds Him as Clerk and Hillquit Is Named as Counsel.

Sidney Hillman was yesterday elected chief clerk by the Joint Board of the Cloakmakers' Union to succeed Dr. Isaac A. Hourwich, whose resignation was accepted about a week ago. Dr. Hourwich was also chief counsel to the union, and Morris Hillquit has been nominated to succeed him in that office.

PLAINFIELD GOLFERS DINE.

Annual Meeting and Banquet of the Country Club Held Last Night.

The annual meeting and banquet of the Plainfield Country Club was held last night in Columbus Hall, Plainfield, N. J., with Leighton Calkins presiding for the last time, after serving ten years on the Board of Trustees. The annual report showed that the membership has increased from 544 in 1908 to 741 in 1913, and the regular annual income has increased in the same period from $10,000 to $27,000. In 1903 the club could appropriate only $2,250 for the upkeep of its 5,200-yard course, while last year the appropriation for upkeep of the course, which is now 6,000 yards long, was $5,300; and $2,200 more was spent for improvements. In 1903 only $400 was appropriated for tennis, against $1,300 last year. The house appropriation was $1,000 ten years ago and $4,500 last year. The club has no floating debt, and only $26,000 outstanding bonds. One thousand dollars of bonds are redeemed each year. The Treasurer's report showed a cash balance on hand of $2,400, after payment of all expenses for 1913. The club owns its property, including golf course, clubhouse, farm house, and stables.

The business meeting was followed by a banquet, with Mr. Calkins as toastmaster. The toasts were "Our Club," responded to by former President George P. Mellick; "More About Our Club," by former President Elliot T. Barrows; "National Lawn Tennis," by Miles S. Charlock of the National Ranking Committee; "The Handicapped," by Hugh F. Fox, and "Notwithstanding Natural Handicaps," by Corporation Counsel Charles A. Reed.

The committee in charge of the affair consisted of S. D. Lounsbery, Owen Fleming, Henry Williams, Arthur Collens, Harry Eaton, and Howard Lapsley. The dinner was attended by most of the prominent members of Plainfield society.

AMERICAN YACHTS FOR KIEL.

Eastern Y. C. Accepts Challenge to Race in Germany in 1915.

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—The acceptance by the Eastern Yacht Club of a challenge from the Kaiserlicher Yacht Club of Germany to compete at Kiel in June, 1915, in a sixth international sonder yacht series of races, was announced today. Trial races for the American team will be sailed at Marblehead next July.

Since the beginning of sonder yachting in American waters nearly fifty of the small open boats have been built and raced at Marblehead and in Buzzards Bay, and this year a class has been started in upper Long Island Sound. With a number of fast craft available, it is believed that the American trial races will bring out a good-sized fleet.

The international sonder series, which began at Marblehead in 1906, now stands four to one in favor of the United States. In the 1915 races at Kiel the winning yacht will receive the Emperor William Cup, and the Prince Henry Trophy will be the second prize.

As the Kiel races will begin June 15, 1915, it will be necessary to ship the American boats before May 1. For this reason the trial races are to be held ten months earlier.

YACHTSMEN AT GARDEN.

Out-of-Town Enthusiasts Visit Motor Boat Show.

Another large crowd was in attendance at the Motor Boat Show at Madison Square Garden yesterday, and those in charge of the various exhibits were kept busy demonstrating. Several sales were reported. Yachtsmen from other cities, who came here to assist in the formation of the United States power squadrons, were visitors to the show in the afternoon.

Vincent Astor, who was one of the interested spectators on Monday, was again a visitor at the Garden yesterday. Others in attendance were Mr. and Mrs. William Ziegler, Jr., Miss Blanche Walsh, Mrs. Elaine Hale-Phillips, Commodore Charles Lagen and Former Commodore J. G. Naefie Whittaker of the Yachtsmen's Club of Philadelphia, J. C. Eaton of Toronto, Morris M. Whittaker of Toronto, Vice Commodore Rodger Upton, Capt. N. L. Stebbins, A. P. Homer, and W. A. Hopkins of the Boston Yacht Club; J. N. Morris, C. F. Chapman, Capt. Tom Weber of New Rochelle, H. A. Morse of the Eastern Yacht Club of Boston, Charles Long Striff of Philadelphia, Worthington Scott, Commodore F. M. Wilson, Commodore F. P. Pratt, F. A. Cornwell, Frank Bowen Jones, Clifford D. Mallory, Earl H. Croft, A. E. Luders, W. R. Heany, Theodore D. Wells, H. Gielow, Commodore F. M. Hoyt, and A. Bradley Hunt.

A meeting to discuss preliminary trials for the selection of a cup defender is to be held to-night at the New York Yacht Club.

Notable Athletic Reunion.

Charles H. Sherill, former Minister to the Argentine, and Captain of the Yale championship track team of 1889, will entertain at dinner in his home Friday evening the members of the team who contributed to the winning of the honors, as well as a number of the sons of Old Eli who were powers in the sports of the New Haven university a quarter of a century ago, which the occasion will celebrate. The following members of the 1889 team will be in attendance at the reunion: Dr. H. L. Williams, who later won the high hurdles; Thomas G. Shearman, winner of the running broad jump; Francis A. Clark, bicycle champion; Dr. H. A. Elcock, Dr. H. D. Deming, F. W. Robinson, Augustus F. Kountze and A. R. Moen. James T. Bryan, President of the Yale Athletic Association, will also be among the guests. In addition to the team there will be present Judge George Woodruff, Tax Commissioner of Connecticut, Captain of the football team, and Henry F. Noyes, Captain of the baseball team, both of which won championships in 1889, when Yale won the quadruple crown; the Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, President of the Yale A. A. and the Intercollegiate Association in 1889; Wolcott G. Lane, Captain of the Yale, '88, track team; W. H. Ludington, intercollegiate champion hurdler in '86 and '87, and Prof. William L. Phelps of the '87 team.

Navy Eleven to Play Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—The Navy football team will come to Franklin Field next Fall to play the University of Pennsylvania eleven, according to the official schedule of the Pennsylvania eleven which was announced to-day. Oct. 17 has been agreed upon as the date for the contest, which will be the first one that the Navy has ever arranged for to take place away from home, aside from the annual game with West Point. Two-year contracts have been signed with the Middies, and also with Dartmouth, both of which provide for contests in Annapolis and Boston, respectively, in 1915. The Navy game is the only new addition to the schedule, the annual contests with Brown and Pennsylvania State being dropped. No midweek games will be played, as in former years, the schedule including only nine contests. The schedule: Sept. 26: Gettysburg, at Philadelphia; Oct. 3, Franklin and Marshall at Philadelphia; Oct. 10, Lafayette at Philadelphia; Oct. 17, Navy at Philadelphia; Oct. 24, Carlisle Indians, at Philadelphia; Oct. 31, Swarthmore, at Philadelphia; Nov. 7, Michigan, at Ann Arbor; Nov. 14, Dartmouth at Philadelphia; Nov. 26, Cornell, at Philadelphia.

Hockey Leaders in Game To-night.

In the last game in the Amateur Hockey League championship series to be played this season under the seven-man rule, the Hockey Club and St. Nicholas teams will clash to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink, and a victory for either team will break the tie which has existed all season between them. Never in the history of the league have two teams been so evenly matched, as is shown from the fact that both have defeated the Crescents, Wanderers, and Irish-Americans by practically the same scores, with no apparent advantage to either team, and the outcome of to-night's struggle is so much in doubt that even the hockey experts are not inclined to venture an opinion as to a possible winner.

Harvard Picks Team of Runners.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 3.—The runners who will represent Harvard in the intercollegiate relay races to be held at the Boston Athletic Association games next Saturday night, were chosen after time trials today. Bingham, Capper, Stone, and Rock form the quartet that will race Yale over the 3,120-yard distance. The first two, with Barron and Biddle, will compete with Cornell in a 1,560-yard match.

Booker Wins English Billiards.

In the English billiard tournament at Doyle's Academy last night Phillip Booker defeated S. Stoner by a score of 300 to 236. To-night Syed Kadgway will play F. Vass.

CITIZENS' TRAFFIC COMMITTEE MEETS

Officers Elected and By-Laws Adopted Yesterday—Garage Fights Chauffeur "Graft."

TO CHECK AUTO THIEVES

Device for Rendering Vital Parts of Machine Inoperative Newest Invention.

The Citizens' Traffic Committee of Greater New York, which held its preliminary meeting a week ago, was fully organized yesterday at a meeting at the Automobile Club of America. Brief by-laws drawn up by a sub-committee composed of W. W. Niles, S. Barton Case and J. Bernstein, were adopted and officers to hold office for one year were elected. These were Robert Grier Cooke, President of the Fifth Avenue Association, President; G. H. Pride, of the Motor Truck Club, Treasurer; Elmer Thompson, Secretary of the Automobile Club of America, Secretary. These gentlemen, ex-officio, are to serve on the executive committee. Two other members of the committee at large, R. W. Meade, President of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company and S. W. Taylor, Chairman of the Uniform Motor Vehicle Legislation Commission, were elected to serve on the executive board also.

It was announced at the meeting yesterday that the resolution passed at the previous session, petitioning the Mayor and the Police Commissioner to designate a Deputy Police Commissioner whose sole duty should be the regulation of traffic had been presented to those officers. Meetings of the Traffic Committee are to be held hereafter on every other Monday at the A. C. A.

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As a check to the activity of motor car thieves, a device has recently been patented by which nearly all of the vital parts of the machine may be rendered inoperative save by the persons possessing the proper key. The ignition switch, lighting switch, hood and gear shift, with this device, which is the invention of Leon Ottinger of this city, may be connected with a strong box convenient to the driver's seat, preferably on the dash or instrument board. This in turn is secured by a cylinder lock to which the owner or driver alone has the key. While is is not claimed for this device that it would be impossible to start the care if sufficient time for experimentation were allowed, it is claimed that in an hour or two of time or in any public place starting would be impossible. Most of the many recent automobile thefts have been robberies from the curb, in which waiting machines have been driven off while the owner or chauffeur was temporarily engaged. The theory of the new device is that the driver, if he is to be gone but a few minutes, may simply shut the door of the small strong box, which locks automatically. If he is to be away from the machine for a longer period he may first make such adjustment of the various controls within the box as he desires and then close it, thus making necessary the use of much automobile sense, ingenuity and time to get the car under way in his absence.

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War on the so-called "grafting chauffeur" has been started by the New York Transportation Company, which owns a garage on Eighty-eighth Street. A. E. Hutt, manager of the garage, said last night that many chauffeurs had come in to look over the large new plant only to pass it up when they were told that the commission of ten per cent. "on the face of the bill" paid to chauffeurs in many garages would not be forthcoming there. This commission, Mr. Hutt said, practically meant ten per cent. graft to chauffeurs on every bill presented to an owner, and added that those garages which had had the courage to fight this evil had won out only after a hard struggle. The company fired its first gun in its campaign yesterday by cutting the price of gasoline to customers from 22 to 16 cents a gallon.

HARVARD LOSES OARSMEN.

Nearly All of Last Year's Crew Unavailable for This Year.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 3.—Harvard oarsmen will begin active training next week with the loss of two of the strongest candidates for 'Varsity crews and the possibility that two others may not try for positions. Louis M. Mills, who rowed in the 'Varsity eight two years ago and last year until after the Cornell race, has completed his requirements for a degree and will leave college shortly. T. J. D. Fuller, a member of last year's 'Varsity four, has been compelled to forego rowing in order to devote himself to his college courses.

P. H. Trumbull, who rowed No. 2 on the 'Varsity eight last season, is suffering from a misplaced vertebra and will be unable to enter practice for at least two months. If his condition improves sufficiently he may try for a place in the eight after the Annapolis race in April. It is understood to be doubtful whether G. M. MacVacar of last year's 'Varsity eight will be a candidate for the crew this year.

As three members of the 'Varsity eight were graduated last June, it will be necessary to find new material for most of the positions this Spring.

Columbia to Row Princeton.

Columbia has accepted the invitation of Princeton to row against the Orange and Black on Lake Carnegie on May 9. Morton G. Bogue, Graduate Director of Rowing at Columbia, announced this race yesterday afternoon. The course is one mile and seven-eighths instead of a mile and 550 yards, as was the case last year. Although it has been unofficially announced that Pennsylvania would join Columbia and Princeton in this contest and make it a three-cornered regatta, it is not definitely known whether the Quakers will be added.

Aquatics at Sportsmen's Show.

The official sanction of the A. A. U. has been granted to rthe water sports to be held in connection with the Sportsmen's Show in Madison Square Garden the week of Feb. 21-27, and Otto Wahle has been placed in charge of the aquatic events. The tentative programme as outlined includes a swimming races from the shortest dashes up to the mile, fancy diving, and soccer water polo. One of the chief events likely to be held is the 500-yard Metropolitan Championship, in which N. T. Nerich of the N. Y. A. C. will be called upon to defend the title. The tank at the Garden will be 60 by 30 feet and so constructed as to prove the fastest in the country. Wahle will supervise its construction and he said yesterday that he expected A. A. U. records to go by the board.

Columbia Abandons Relay Carnival.

Columbia University's annual indoor relay carnival will be abandoned this year, according to an announcement made yesterday by Harry A. Fisher, Graduate Manager of Athletics. The authorities at Columbia feel that the meet should be an intercollegiate championship run under the direction of the I. C. A. A. A., and it was with the purpose of inducing the association to stage such a meet annually that the Columbia carnival was inaugurated. In the promise of the I. C. A. A. A. to hold such a meet annually under the proposed amendments to its constitution, the whole purpose of the Columbia meet has been attained and is no longer needed, according to Fisher's statement.

Stuyvesant Boy a Physical Director.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 3.—Guido Cavallaro, the former star athlete of the Stuyvesant High School, has been appointed Assistant Physical Director of the South Side High School of this city. Cavallaro before his present promotion was the athletic instructor at the Belmont Avenue Public School. In 1908 Cavallaro was the Captain of the Stuyvesant High School's basket ball team, and in the same year earned the all-scholastic selection of half back in football. Since coming to this city he has been very successful as instructor in athletics. He will have charge of the basket ball teams at South Side.

BIG CREDIT BALANCES.

Bank Gains at the Clearing House Due to State Note Payment.

Payment of the bulk of the $27,000,000 of notes of the State of New York by check of the Bank of the Manhattan Company on Monday, combined with some other large transactions, had the result of piling up credit balances at the Clearing House in favor of most of the banks yesterday far beyond the usual amounts. The aggregate balances were more than $48,000,000, whereas the average is about $20,000,000, and they were said to be the largest on record.

The Bank of the Manhattan Company had a debit balance of $24,500,000, reflecting its payments of Monday on behalf of State Controller Sohmer. The National City Bank had a credit balance of $16,000,000 and the Chase National Bank of $8,000,000. While these together approximated closely the amount in which the Bank of the Manhattan Company was debtor on the day's exchanges, there was no particular relation between them, and the offset to the debit balance for the Bank of the Manhattan Company was scattered all through the list, as the checks in payment of the notes had been deposited in many banks and trust companies.

The Bank of the Manhattan Company had a credit balance of $34,000,000 a week ago Friday because of receiving payment for the $51,000,000 of bonds issued by the State. Part of the proceeds of the bond issue were withdrawn by the Controller, but the $27,000,000 needed to pay the notes was held in the bank's vaults in cash and most of it went back yesterday to the Clearing House in settlement of its balance.

About $25,000,000 of the notes was presented and paid on Monday and practically all of the remaining $2,000,000 was paid yesterday, so that disregarding its other transactions, the Bank of the Manhattan Company will have a debit balance to-day on acount of the note payment of another $2,000,000.

NORRIS AFTER NEW HAVEN.

Senator Demands Reopening of Investigation Against the Road.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Senator Norris of Nebraska, a radical Republican, to-day introduced a resolution requesting the Interstate Commerce Commission to reopen its investigation of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad and ascertain "what became of the funds of said company wrongfully invested at fictitious values."

The resolution also requests the commission to ascertain whether the person or persons authorizing such investment of the funds of the company and person or persons receiving the benefit thereof are liable to punishment under existing laws; whether, under existing law, such funds so invested can be recovered on behalf of the stockholders of said company, and what legislation, if any, is necessary to prevent the recurrence of similar transactions.

Mr. Norris explained that his resolution was not directed at the present management of the road, which, he said, seemed to be exemplary. Any inquiry, he said, might serve to restore funds to people "who had been robbed" and to prevent similar robberies in the future.

His resolution was introduced in spite of protests from the Department of Justice and from Howard Elliott, Chairman of the road's Executive Committee, who is now putting the finishing touches to a plan for voluntary dissolution.

WHAT A DOLLAR DOES.

Failure to Remit It the Cause of Many Losses.

The requirement in the new tariff law, which appears for the first time, that protests against classifications of merchandise imposed by collectors of customs, will only be forwarded to the Board of United States General Appraisers for review when accompanied by a fee of $1 for each protest, is, it was said yesterday, responsible for much confusion and extra bookkeeping among merchants transacting their Custom House business through brokers or attorneys. The latter also make similar complaints.

The larger firms of brokers and lawyers, after preparing the appeals, notify their clients to forward to them the amounts of the stated fees. An attorney said yesterday that it happens frequently that the importers delay so long in making remittance that protests are rendered null and void by not being filed within the thirty days allowed by the law. It was estimated yesterday that importers have already lost under the new law, considerable sums in possible refunds had the issues reached the lower tribunal. The validity of the imposition of the protest fee will come up shortly before the Court of Customs Appeals.

SOME AUCTION PRICES.

Men's and Women's Spring Wear Fabrics Offered.

Some manufacturers and agents held a sale yesterday of men's and women's Spring wear fabrics. Burling & Dole acting as auctioneers. The sale was well attended by both local and out-of-town buyers, and business was fairly active.

The demand for staples—serges, mixtures and fancy serges—was very satisfactory, and the fabrics offered brought good prices. Satisfactory duplicates were placed on many of the numbers. Certain wool suitings were in fair demand also, and it was said that some of the Balmaacan cloakings were taken in a way that exceeded expectations.

Worsteds, serges and mixtures (men's wear) brought prices that ranged from 72½ cents a yard to $1.37½. Many of the numbers were seconds, but some were regular. The fabrics that brought 72½ cents a yard were priced regularly at about 90 cents, and those that brought $1.37½ a yard were priced regularly from $1.55 to $1.72½.

Tailoring worsteds (suitings and trouserings) in quarter and half cuts, from 15 to 25 yards, brought from $1 to $1.75 a yard. These goods were priced from $1.75 to $2.25 regular.

B. & M. NOTES EXCHANGED.

Ninety-eight Per Cent. of $10,000,000 Issue Extended to June 1.

A very large proportion of the $10,000,000 of one-year 5 per cent. Boston & Maine notes which fell due yesterday were turned into J. P. Morgan & Co.'s office for exchange into extended notes running to June 1, at which time $17,000,000 of 6 per cent. notes also will have to be cared for. S. H. McIntosh, General Auditor, and H. E. Fisher, Treasurer of the Boston & Maine, were at the bankers' offices throughout the day. They estimated that upward of 98 per cent. of the noteholders had accepted the offer.

A number of holders refused to surrender their notes except for cash, and were requested to take the matter up with H. J. Hobbs, Vice President, at Boston. It was said that they probably would be paid off.

Mr. McIntosh says that the Boston & Maine is doing much better now, and that with the recent increases in class and commodity rates and an expected advance in passenger fares the road should be in position to provide for its $27,000,000 of notes on fair terms in the next few months."

American Skaters for Norway.

A party of American entrants for the international skating races at Trondhjem, Norway, is scheduled to leave New York on the Norwegian American steamship Kristianiafjord Feb. 10. They expect to reach Kristiania in time to participate in the international ski-ing competitions at Holmenkollen on Feb. 19, 22, and 23, and remain for the tri-national contest on March 1 between Finland, Sweden, and Norway. They will return from Bergen on March 7, after having spent eighteen days in Norway.

COUNSEL IN CLASH AT STEEL HEARING

Judge Dickinson Takes Offense at R. V. Lindabury's Manner of Quizzing Witness.

EXAMINER BETWEEN THEM

John Arthur Brown Moves Quickly to Prevent a Threatened Resort to Physical Force.

Ex-Secretary of War Jacob M. Dickinson, representing the Government, and Richard V. Lindabury, counsel for the defense, had another clash at the hearing in the suit for the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation yesterday.

Col. H. P. Bope, first Vice President and general sales manager of the Carnegie Steel Company, was on the stand and Judge Dickinson objected to some of Mr. Lindabury's questions as being irrelevant. Mr. Lindabury persisted in his line of examination and declared that his questions were perfectly proper. He added that Judge Dickinson had asked some very irrelevant questions.

"You've been too damned offensive today," responded Judge Dickinson, banging the table with his fist.

John Arthur Brown, the special examiner, left the bench and took a position next to Judge Dickinson's chair, but the Judge turned his back on Mr. Lindabury, who made no response. A hurried adjournment until to-day closed the incident.

Several months ago the two lawyers almost came to blows, to the astonishment of J. P. Morgan, who was waiting to testify. On that occasion Judge Dickinson thought Mr. Lindabury had charged him with stating as a matter of record something that was not in the record. He threw down his pen and walked around the end of the table to Mr. Lindabury's side, asserting that he wouldn't be called a liar by any man. Mr. Lindabury got up and the two fased each other just in front of Mr. Morgan.

"You come out in the hall," Judge Dickinson cried, shaking his fist in Mr. Lindabury's face, "and we will settle this matter right now."

At this point John Arthur Brown pushed in between the excited men and Judge Dickinson finally resumed his seat after Mr. Lindabury had explained that his remarks had been misunderstood.

There are two special examiners in the steel suit and they sit alternately. One is Henry P. Brown and the other is his son, John Arthur Brown. The younger Brown is well over six feet in height and looks like a Princeton football player. It so happened that on the occasion of both clashes he was sitting. His appearance would be sufficient to quell an ordinary riot, whereas his very dignified father would probably be much embarrassed if he had to step order when Judge Dickinson and Mr. Lindabury clashed.

Ordinarily the two lawyers are on very friendly terms, but occasionally their different temperaments grate on each other. Mr. Lindabury, who is counsel for more large corporations than any other lawyer, is inclined to be quietly sarcastic, while Judge Dickinson, who hails from Tennessee, is blunt and somewhat "touchy," but amiable and good-hearted in the highest degree.

The testimony at the hearing that was thus brought to a close was along much the same lines as have been pursued by the defense for several months. Col. Bope admitted that there had been a plate pool some years ago by which prices were fixed and allotments of orders made, but said that these were discontinued as soon as Judge Gary, Chairman of the Steel Corporation, learned of them. William E. Corey, then President of the Steel Corporation, told him to call them off, and he did so. J. White Strong, purchasing agent for the Delaware & Hudson Railroad Company, testified to the existence of competition between the Steel Corporation subsidiaries and the independents, resulting in an open market, in which he bought on the best terms offered.

The hearings are held in a room provided by the Steel Corporation at 71 Broadway.

A Decision as to Zinc Dross.

The classification of zinc dross and zinc skimmings, which has been under consideration by the Treasury Department since the enactment of the new Tariff law last October, has been settled in favor of the importers, who asked that merchandise of this kind be allowed to enter at 10 per cent. under the provision for metals, unwrought, under Paragraph 154. Collector Malone, who was consulted by the department, was of the opinion that the articles should be returned at 15 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 163, as old zinc fit only for remanufacture.

Will Answer Questions About Brazil

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Julius G. Lay, United States Consul General to Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, will be in the New York office of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce at 315 Custom House on Feb. 9 and 10 to meet all manufacturers and exporters who may be interested in trade with Brazil. Arrangements are being made by telephone and persons interested are furnishing questions to which they desire answers.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Exports, exclusive of specie, from the Port of New York in the week ended Jan. 31 were valued at $20,521,489, compared with $18,503,067 in the week previous and $19,796,126 in the corresponding week of last year.

Exports of domestics and cotton duck from New York last week totaled $1,025,720, compared with $418,862 in the week previous. The greatest amount shipped to a single country, $449,037 worth of merchandise, went to China.

William R. Corwine, Secretary of the National Association of Clothiers, will be a Councilor Delegate to the second annual meeting of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, to be held in Washington from Feb. 10 to 13. The Councillors will meet in Washington on the afternoon of Feb. 9 to select a committee to nominate officers and Directors and to prepare details of the programme of meetings, which will end with a dinner at the New Willard Hotel. About 1,000 delegates, representing over 500 organizations which belong to the National Chamber of Commerce are expected. Their headquarters will be at the New Willard.

L. M. Butman, Treasurer of the Empire Worsted Mills, Jamestown, N. Y., was in the local market yesterday.

Alfred Suter, textile engineer, 200 Fifth Avenue, has returned from an extended business trip abroad.

The members of the Manhattan Club will meet to-morrow at 2 P. M. informally to discuss the proposed 5 per cent. increase in freight rates for the Eastern railroads.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 3.—Forecasts:

N. Car., S. Car., Ga.—Fair W. and Th.; lt. var. winds.

Fla.—Fair W., Th.; lt. n winds.

Ala., Miss.—Fair W., Th.; colder W. in n; in s Th. lt. var. winds.

La.—Fair W., Th.; colder W. in n; in s Th. lt. n winds, bec. mod. n.

E. Tex.—Fair W., showers in s; colder in n; Th. fair; lt. s winds bec. mod. n.

W. Tex.—Fair W., Th.; warmer in n Th.

Utah—Fair, warmer W.; Th. fair.

Okla.—Fair, colder W.; Th. fair, warmer.

Ark.—Fair W.; colder in e and s; Th. fair, warmer.

Tenn., Ky.—Fair, colder W.; Th. fair.

Ohio—Fair W., Th.; colder W.; mod. w winds.

Ind.—Fair W.; colder in s, Th. fair, warmer.

Ill.—Fair W., Th.; warmer. Th. mod. w. winds.

Lower Mich.—Snow W.; colder in s. e. Th. fair; mod. w. winds.

Upper Mich.—Fair W.; snow along the lakes, Th. fair; mod. n. w. winds.

Wis.—Fair W., Th. Warmer Th.; dim. n. w. winds.

Minn., Iowa, N. Dak., S. Dak.—Fair, warmer W., Th.

Mo.—Fair W., Th.; warmer Th.

Neb.—Fair W., Th.; warmer Th.; in w. W.

Kan.—Fair W., Th.; warmer.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The Wisconsin depression of Monday has moved to Lake Erie, with greatly diminished intensity and attended by very little precipitation, of which there has been very little in the last few days in any part of the country.

The Northwestern cold wave has reached the Lower Missouri and the Upper Mississippi Valley. It, too, is rapidly diminishing and giving way to warmer weather over the extreme Northwest.

Generally fair weather is indicated for the whole country for the next forty-eight hours.

It will be considerably colder Wednesday in the Ohio and Lower Mississippi Valleys, and freezing temperatures will probably reach the Gulf by Thursday morning.

Winds for Wednesday and Thursday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate southwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, light south; South Atlantic Coast, light variable.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Unsettled Wednesday, probably local rains; Thursday fair and colder, moderate variable winds becoming north.

Southern New England—Local rains Wednesday; Thursday fair and colder; moderate south shifting to north winds.

New Jersey—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; colder Thursday; light south winds becoming north.

Western New York—Rain and colder Wednesday; Thursday rain or snow and colder; moderate south winds becoming north.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; colder in north Wednesday and Thursday; variable winds.

Northern New England—Unsettled Wednesday, probably rain or snow, colder by night; Thursday cloudy and colder; moderate variable winds becoming north.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	29	34	4 P. M.	36	47
6 A. M.	30	36	6 P. M.	32	48
9 A. M.	32	39	9 P. M.	33	48
12 M.	30	40	11 P. M.	35	48

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 40; for the corresponding date last year it was 34; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 37; at 8 P. M. it was 48. Maximum temperature, 48 degrees at 5 P. M.; minimum, 33 degrees at 1 A. M. Humidity, 78 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 63 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.39 inches; at 8 P. M. it was 30.17 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.

1:25—13 Pearl St.; Geo. Morris.....Not given
2:30—236 W. 55 St.....Not given; slight
3:10—555 W. 171 St.; Hetty Post.....$150
6:05—162 W. 21 St.; Cont'l Printing...$2,500
7:40—135 E. 115 St.; G. Smith.....Slight
8:38—767 E. 138 St.; Thomas Dunn....Slight
10:55—137 B'way; Mercantile Lunch.....$150
11:00—60 Old B'way; Mrs. Folk.....Slight

P. M.

12:25—152 Norfolk St.; Wm. Gottler.....$25
1:10—45 Vermilyea Av.; F. Polb.....Slight
2:20—2,879 Briggs Av.; W. Sheridan..Slight
3:55—1,028 Wash. Av.; Max Feitz...Slight
4:00—171 7th St.; Ida Lenden.....$100
4:10—504 6th Av.; Bijou Theatre.....Slight
5:45—749 Trinity Av.; L. Schulz....Slight
8:50—145 Nassau St.; Publishers' Press....Slight

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Police Department.

Leon G. Godley, appointed 3d Dep. Com.

Fined: Patrol.—Joseph Rosenstock, 15 Prect., failed to report that disorder was expected at a ball in Arlington Hall, 20 days.

Dismissed from the force: Patrol.—J. J. Moore, 4 Prect, unbecoming an officer; intoxication. H. R. Conrad, 11 Prect., left post and used improper language, &c.; disobedience of orders and neglect; (2) absent without leave; 5 charges in all. J. E. C. Rodriguez, 36 Prect., unbecoming an officer; struck citizen. Prob. Patrol.—M. T. Fick, 26 Prect., unbecoming an officer; intoxication; disrepectful language.

Fire Department.

Transfers: J. D. Miller, Eng. 80 to Eng. 81; Bernard Morris, Eng. 81 to Eng. 80.

Fined: Lt. D. A. Sullivan, H. & L. 13, loss of keys, $2.

BERKELEY SCHOOL
72d ST. and WEST END AVENUE
"From Primary to College." Prepares Boys Thoroughly for all Colleges and Technical Schools. All light rooms. Individual instruction. Size of classes limited. Library. Gymnasium. Athletics under experienced trainer. Afternoon recreation class for younger boys. Primary and junior classes for boys 6 to 12. 700 graduates have entered college.
Illustrated Catalogue upon application.

The Berlitz School of Languages,
Madison Square, (1122 Broadway.)
Harlem Branch, 343 Lenox Av., near 127th St.
Brooklyn Branch, 218-220 Livingston St.
The Best Method—Superior Native Teachers. Private and class lessons. Day and evening. NEW CLASSES CONSTANTLY FORMING. Free conversation circles for students.

THE BETTELHEIM SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
Offers best opportunities for College Preparatory and Special Courses in Languages.
MISS BETTELHEIM, Principal.
265 West End Av., New York City.

ALL LANGUAGES
TAUGHT BY NATIVE GRADUATED TEACHERS. Special course for singers. Translations. THE ITALIAN SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES 5TH YEAR AT 315 5TH AVE., COR. 82D ST.

PRATT SCHOOL—62-64 West 45th St. Individual instruction, day, evening; Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Stenotype, Secretaryship.

Italian Language by refined, experienced Italian teacher; conversational method. Miss Buccini, 3143 Broadway.

Walworth Business Institute, B'way & 72d St. Sten

AUCTION SALES.

Stocks and Bonds.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
BY ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1914,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF WILLIAM REINHART & MICHAEL SHEA, AS RECEIVERS OF B. CAMPBELL & CO.

15 shs. Independent Supply Co. common.
71 shs. Metropolitan Sand & Gravel Co. common.
$7,000 bond and mortgage of Wm. H. D. North of N. Y. City, dated Jan. 1, 1908, to Bernard Campbell and William Reinhart; interest 6 p. c., payable semi-annually, covering property on the northwesterly side of Timpson Place, 83.24 ft. southwesterly from 149th Street, being 100 by 100 feet; mortgage past due, interest from Jan. 31, 1913, unpaid.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
10 shs. Consumers' Brewing Co.
15 shs. German-American Insurance Co.
8,250 shs. Dividend Lake View Consolidated Gold Mining Co., Ltd.
8,334 shs Dividend Lake View Consolidated Gold Mining Co., Ltd.
$2,000 Georgia Coast & Piedmont R. R. 5 p. c. S. F. Bds., 1962.
20 shs. Spokane Gas & Fuel Co. pref.
2 shs. German-American Insurance Co.
25 shs. National Park Bank.
12 shs. Importers & Traders Nat'l Bank.
787 shs. Del., Lack. & Western R. R.
4 shs. Continental Insurance Co.
1 sh. Clinton Hall Association.
2,905 shs. Oneida Mill Corp'n common.
19 shs. Larson Machine Co.
40 shs. Molasni International Aviators pref.
15 shs. American Designing & Reproducing Co.
100 shs. American Lithographic Co. 7 p. c. pf.
50 shs. American Lithographic Co. common.
$6,000 Monmouth County Electric Co. 4 p. c. Bonds.
$5,000 International Industrial Corp'n, Ltd., 5 p. c. Coll. Trust Gold Notes, 1918.
$11,000 Brooklyn Ferry Co. of N. Y. 1st Consld. 5 p. c. Mtge. Bds., 1948. Ctf. of Dep., stamped.
300 shs. Chic. & East Ill. R. R. Pf. (St. L. & San Francisco, Ctf. of Dep.)

FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.

Keeler Art Galleries
12 VESEY ST. { Near Broadway.
NOW ON EXHIBITION
and to be sold
By Unrestricted Auction
To-morrow & Friday, Feb. 5 & 6
at 2:30 each afternoon
Valuable Oil
Paintings
FROM THE ESTATE OF
Mrs. M. F. Hupfer decsd.
By order of
Joseph W. Keeler, Atty., 271 Broadway
together with the collections of
Kenneth W. Nichols and M. E. Robertson
of Brooklyn, N. Y.,
forming a collection of
UNSURPASSED EXCELLENCE,
INCLUDING FINE CANVASES BY
Wm. Merritt Post, A. N. A. J. G. Brown, N. A. Frank Swinnerton, N. A. G. H. Smillie, N. A.
Henry P. Smith Alonzo Perez
W. L. Sontag, N. A. Arthur Parton, N. A.
Jno. Noble Barlow, R. B. A. Edwd. Gay, N. A.
Gilbert Gaul, N. A. Thos. Hill, N. A.
Louis Moeller, N. A. J. B. Bristol, N. A.
Adrian Schultz Theo. Van Sluys.
No charge for catalogues.
GEO. W. KEELER.
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER.

NOW ON EXHIBITION.
SILO'S FIFTH AV. ART GALLERIES
"SILO BUILDINGS,"
546 Fifth Ave., at 45th St., N. Y.
Announce the sale by PUBLIC AUCTION on Friday and Saturday afternoons, February 6th and 7th, commencing at 2:30 each day.
Rich Tapestries and Other Art Textiles
from the great Art Epochs
Cabinetry, Porcelains, Limoges Enamels, Cabinet Pieces in Bronze, Ivory, Crystal, Silver and other costly Art Materials.
THE AGGREGATE COLLECTION IS CONVENED FROM SOURCES OF GREAT DISTINCTION.
Mr. JAMES P. SILO, Auctioneer.

MERCHANDISE.

Fire Underwriters' Sale
FRIDAY, FEB. 6, 1914,
At 10:30 A. M., at our salesroom,
46-50 WOOSTER ST., New York City,
We will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, for account of whom it may concern, salvage stock of CURTIS & BROS., Inc. (Wholesale), Philadelphia, Pa.,
Inventorying about $15,000 worth of
LITHOGRAPH and PRINTING PAPER
Writing, Book, Cover, Coated and Enamel
Such as
Seymour Universal, Newark Blanca, Antique, Super, National, Golden Rod, Monotume, &c., &c.
All in original cases and crates.
90% of the stock in perfect condition, 10% burnt on edge only.
Terms of sale: Cash Deposit required from all buyers.
Stock on exhibition day before sale with catalogue. Stock arranged for sale and sold by
LEOPOLD GANS COMPANY.
Tel. Spring 18.
HENRY REICHMAN, Auctioneer.

David W. Biow & Co.
Tel. 2436-2437 Franklin. 13-15 Lispenard St.
To-day (Wednesday), Feb. 4th, 10:30 A. M.
special peremptory auction sale,
high-class offering of
Men's, Youths' and Children's
Clothing
comprising about
3,000 Men's & Youths' Suits,
Overcoats, Trousers,
Children's Knicker & Novelty Suits,
Reefers, Overcoats, Knee Pants.
also to close out
400 Very Fine Sample Suits.
Department Stores and Jobbers, Attention!
VAN PRAAG & CO., Auct'rs, Will Sell
Tuesday, Feb. 10, and Wednesday, Feb. 11, 1914,
at 10:30 A. M. each day,
at our salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y.,
$60,000 inventory value stock of original cases
DRY GOODS, DOMESTICS,
Ladies' and Gents'
FURNISHINGS
and notions,
Being the entire stock of
AUGUST STEFFENS Dry Goods Co.,
the well-known wholesale concern of Davenport, Iowa, retiring, comprising the most staple and salable merchandise, and will be sold in very large trade lots. Full particulars later.
A large stock of
FURS
Inventoried at over $20,000,
Consisting of COATS,
SCARFS, MUFFS and SETS,
made of great many varieties of skins, in very latest models, will be sold
Friday, Feb. 6th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M.,
at Salesroom, 8 Greene St., near Canal St., N. Y.,
By D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer.
For information, telephone 4299 Spring.

Wholesale and Retail Stock, 100,000 Yards
DRY and DRESS GOODS,
Domestics
Silks and Table Linens, Woolens.
FRANK JACOBOVITZ
sells to-morrow, Thursday, Feb. 5, on premises, 10 Lispenard St., Telephone 2930 Franklin. Open for inspection to-day, (Wednesday.)

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.....3¾@4¼% for the best names
Monday.....4 @4¼% " " " "

Broad Silk Makers Meet.

At the annual meeting of the Broad Silk Manufacturers of the United States, Division D of the Silk Association of America, held yesterday in the rooms of the association, 354 Fourth Avenue, the following were elected to the Executive Committee: R. J. F. Schwarzenbach, Chairman; D. G. Derry, First Vice Chairman; H. B. Cheney, Second Vice Chairman; Fritz Hill, Carl Forsch, G. A. Post, and Albert Tilt.

Shirtmakers to Hold Meeting.

The Board of Directors of the Shirt Manufacturers' Protective Association has elected the following officers: Sidney Rosenstein, Chairman; Samuel Loewy, Vice Chairman and Mark E. Goldberg, Secretary. An Executive Committee was elected also, which consists of the following: Michael Sinsheimer, Chairman; Morris H. Rosen; Charles Millch; Sidney Rosenstein and Samuel Loewy. Notices of a special meeting which will be held to-night at the Hotel Victoria have been sent to the members. At the meeting, officers of the association will be elected and conditions existing in the trade will be discussed.

Lines of Worsteds Open.

A leading woolen house opened yesterday their lings of men's wear worsteds. The fabrics shown were new, and were from 13½ to 14-ounce goods. The price named was $1.15 a yard regular.

Anew line of fancy worsteds made by A. W. Wood & Co. of Wibsey, Yorkshire, was opened yesterday by another house. The goods are London shrunk, and range in price from $1.90 to $2.12 regular. The same concern has opened also complete ranges of plain and fancy vigoria made by the Louis Walther Manufacturing Company, at prices that range from $1.42 to $1.90.

Summer Coal Conditions.

The Coal Trade Journal will say today:

"Conditions in the anthracite trade are more typical of July than of February. All the reports tell of collieries running on short time and of demand tapering off to a degree which is extraordinary for this time of the year. It is a fact, however, that there is less cheap coal being offered in this market than was the case in December, when the demand was as light as it is now. A little individual egg was offered below circular, but in most cases stove and nut were held for full prices. In the bituminous market there are no signs of the upturn which many have been looking for in view of the revival in some lines of manufacturing. The market is dull, and prices are weak even on good coals. Contracts are absorbing the bulk of the output."

Hems and Handkerchiefs.

There is a dispute in the handkerchief field, and it is all about the widths of the hems on the Fall handkerchiefs. Some say that the very wide hems of last year will again be popular, while others maintain that very narrow hems will be the rule. Consequently, there will be both wides and narrows in the field. Many novelties in the form of fancy-shaped hems will also be seen. Madeira and Armenian effects will be popular in the better grades, but the biggest feature of the season will be the extent to which colored handkerchiefs will be used. This will follow the wide range of colors that will be incorporated in women's garments, and the present leaning toward complete harmony in dress. Corner effects will continue to be a feature of fancy handkerchiefs, but conventional flower and scroll effects in white will be more or less abandoned in favor of colored garnitures.

Kinds of Silks in Demand.

Despite the failure of the demand of a few seasons ago to materialize to any extent and the conservatism shown by some manufacturers in discussing them, it is for the most part agreed in the local silk trade that taffetas will be a factor to be reckoned with in the Spring demand. Reports from abroad tell of continued and wide use of these fabrics by the principal dressmakers, and this is increasing confidence in the future of taffetas here to no small degree. Satin crepes and crepe de chine soles, are also well thought of abroad, it is said. The latter are said to drape exceedingly well, despite their ribbed construction. Satin-faced, crinkle-backed fabrics are also in more or less demand on the other side, from all accounts. For tailored suits for Spring, silk gabardines and moires are favored. Charmeuse is still being taken well, though it can safely be called the veteran of the present demand for the better class of goods. Printed silks are in high favor. In the ribbon trade it is said that there has been a distinct gain of late in the amount of these goods being taken by the cutting up for dress garnitures. The demand from the millinery trade is said, however, still to lead.

Pessimism That Hurts.

According to a certain well-known wholesaler of dress goods, a number of retail buyers who are now in this market have spoken to him about the pessimism shown by many of the salesmen from this city on their recent trips. This pessimism naturally had anything but a stimulating effect on the buyers, and it was because of the extreme conservatism of some of them in making their purchases that the merchant in question began asking questions. The result was that he found that some of his own men, as well as his competitors, had been approaching the trade with long faces and seeking orders more on the ground of sympathy and previous friendship than on the qualities and prices of the goods they were carrying. This naturally led the merchants to believe that things must be really bad, and they bought ahead accordingly. It is said to be but another instance of where the pessimism of the average New York business man has worked to his direct disadvantage. While admitting that the salesmen's pessimism doubtless sprang from the chilled hearts of their employers, the wholesaler in question refused to admit that he was anything but a confirmed optimist.

January Bank Exchanges.

Bank exchanges in January displayed considerable irregularity as compared with a year ago, according to R. G. Dun & Co. Returns from 128 cities in the United States, amounted to $16,106,835,096, a decrease of 0.3 per cent. The comparison with 1912, however, was much more favorable, as a gain over that year was shown of no less than 7.1 per cent. The exhibit by New York was comparatively satisfactory, there being gains at the centre of 0.4 and 6.1 per cent. respectively, as contrasted with the two earlier years.

AUCTION SALES.

Merchandise

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auct'rs, Sell
To-day (Wednesday), 10:30 A. M.,
on premises, 14-16 West 33d St., N. Y.,
Entire Stock of United Auto Garment Co.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Automobile Apparel,
Comprising highest grade Suits, Raincoats, Caps for Automobile Wear, and Chauffeurs' Woolens, Trimmings of every description pertaining to above.
Mounted Polar Bear Rug Costing $250.00.

FOR CONFECTIONERY TRADE.

Consular Reports Available for Manufacturers and Exporters.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce, has a series of manuscript consular reports on confectionery and chocolate trade in foreign countries which is to be placed on file in certain cities for the information of manufacturers and exporters who may be interested.

Part one, which covers continental Europe, may be seen at the branch office of the bureau in New York City, 315 Custom House, until Feb. 11; at the Chamber of Commerce, Boston, from March 2 to 16, and at the Commercial Museum in Philadelphia from March 18 to April 1. Part two, covering the United Kingdom, South America, the Far East and other foreign countries, will be in New York until Feb. 27, in Philadelphia until March 16, and in Boston until April 1.

After these offices are through with them the reports will be sent to the National Association of Confectioners for further distribution among firms in the United States.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—C. H. Yeager Co.; C. R. Lambert, silk dress goods; 60 W. 33d.
ALBANY—Wm. Whitney & Co.; T. F. Hickey, white goods; 41 Union Square; Victoria.
ALBANY, N. Y.—The Sample Store; P. A. Samuels, suits, dresses; McAlpin.
ALLIANCE, Ohio—Spring-Holzwarth Co.; J. Spring, ready to wear; Arlington.
AMSTERDAM—Silverman Bros.; M. Silverman, ladies' ready-to-wear, petticoats; 170 6th Av.
ATLANTA—S. E. McConnell, dry goods, notions; Albert.
ATLANTA—Southern Trimming Co.; L. Spiegel, silks; Herald Square.
ATLANTA—J. M. High & Co.; J. D. Bellah, cloaks, suits; 353 4th Av.
ATLANTA—Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.; J. V. Wellborn, dresses; 71 W. 23d.
BAKERSFIELD, Cal.—I. Hochelmer, general mdse.; 16 E. 33d.
BALTIMORE—The Hub; Mrs. H. Sloman, misses', infants' wear, corsets, muslin underwear; Miss C. Rosendale, women's wear; Gregorion.
BALTIMORE—O'Neill & Co.; H. E. Dyatt, dress goods; Broztell.
BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; W. A. Ruchdeschel, ready-to-wear, outer garments; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; E. L. Thiele, clothing; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Bargain House; F. Quelimalz, dry goods; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; A. A. Dieterle, general dry goods; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; L. Goldenberg, dry goods; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; J. G. Hanssman, cloaks, suits; 200 5th Av.
BERWICK, Penn.—Berwick Stores Co.; W. C. Garrison, general mdse.; H. T. Kishbach, dry goods; 16 E. 33d.
BINGHAMTON—Fowler, Dicks & Walker; A. MacArthur, dry goods; 1,130 B'way.
BINGHAMTON—Sisson Bros. & Welden Co.; J. P. Calkin, furs; Marlborough.
BIRMINGHAM—Drennen Co.; Mrs. M. T. Bates, millinery; 17 W. 28th.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; Mr. Clark, boys' clothing; A. Sanborn, ribbons; A. E. Finney, furn. goods; J. T. Hagan, white goods; E. J. Pendergast, silks, velvets; J. A. Belyea, ladies' collars and cuffs; E. Lahiff, laces, embroideries; F. C. Kendall, costumes; Miss Snelling, laces, (basement); Miss M. G. Cronin, infants' wear; Mrs. Matthews, silk waists; Mr. Carter, hdkfs.; R. E. Taylor, house furn. goods, (basement.) 31 Union Sq.
BOSTON—W. Filene's, Sons Co.; W. Clark, untrimmed millinery; C. G. Sheffield, misses's rain coats; Miss Kaleski, ladies' neckwear; Miss Griffin, misses' waists; M. F. Phillips, ladies' coats; basement buyers; W. Silberman, ladies', misses' skirts; H. Levy, waists; Mrs. S. Kasnof, ladies' neckwear; P. Ring, furs, dresses.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss K. Hankap, laces, embroideries, neckwear, hdkfs.; M. A. McBride, cloaks, suits; Miss E. S. Hutchinson, ladies' furn. goods, muslin underwear; R. M. Sean, notions, linings, jumbrellas; T. Barker, housefurn. goods; F. H. Bell, upholstery goods; A. G. Tarpy, cloaks, suits; 60 W. 33d.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; H. E. Rust, laces, embroideries; Knickerbocker; J. Hartford, notions, leather goods, books, toys; 55 White.
BOSTON—Hallparn's; Mrs. H. C. Hannan, ladies', misses' colaks, suits; Martinique.
BUFFALO—Siegrist & Fraley; G. B. Smith, ladies' cloaks, suits; 20 W. 22d.
CEDAR RAPIDS—C. Denecke; A. Bartelle, carpets, upholstery goods; 320 Church.
CHATTANOOGA—D. B. Loveman Co.; Mrs. L. C. Underwood, infants' wear; Miss E. Sweet, infants' wear; 148 W. 23d.
CHICAGO—Liepold, Solomon & Eisendrath; M. Liepold, piece goods; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Liebman-Phillipson Co.; G. Liebman, clothing; 45 E. 17th.
CHICAGO—C. Lederer Co.; B. Frank, cloaks, suits, waists, millinery; Wellington.
CHICAGO—W. Lederer Co.; F. Janovsky, dress goods, silks, domestics; Longacre.
CHICAGO—A. W. K. Co.; I. D. Waxman, jewelry; Claridge.
CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; Miss F. Woods, corsets; 200 5th Av.
CINCINNATI—J. M. Giddings & Co.; Miss G. Cowan, millinery; 564 5th Av.; Victoria.
CINCINNATI—Kline Bros. Co.; M. Herzog, dresses, suits; 95 Madison Av.
CLARKSVILLE, Tenn.—A. Pearson & Co.; Pearson, general mdse.; 43 W. 27th.
CLEVELAND—B. Epstein Co.; J. E. Joseph, clothing, furn. goods; Biltmore.
CLEVELAND—Clawson & Wilson Co.; A. E. Force, furs; 89 W. 32nd.
CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor Son & Co.; Miss A. Kay, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 51 Leonard.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; L. Goppenheimer, upholstery goods; 71 W. 28d.
COLUMBUS—W. & H. Lazarus Co.; Miss B. Dunbar, muslin underwear, infants' wear; Miss S. Burch, neckwear, ribbons, vejlings; 45 E. 17th.
COLUMBUS—Federman & Levy; C. Melancon, gen'l mdse.; 15 East 26th.
DENISON—L. Madden Co.; Miss E. Roberts, millinery; 33 Union Square.
DENVER—A. T. Lewis & Son D. G. Co.; B. Petherick, leather goods, jewelry; 16 E. 18th.
DENVER—Denver Dry G. Co.; R. Dought, erty, upholstery goods; 30 E. 20th; Navarre.
DES MOINES—Wilkin Bros. Co.; W. G. Coe, domestics, linens, white goods; 354 4th Av.
DETROIT—KLINE Garment Co.; J. R. Berdon, dresses, suits; 95 Madison Av.
DULUTH—I. Freimuth; T. Griffith, carpets; 79 5th Av.; York.
FORT WAYNE—Wolf & Dessauer; C. J. Felix, ready-to-wear; 315 4th Av.
FRANKFORT—W. S. Farmer Co.; W. S. Farmer, cloaks, suits; 31 Union Sq.
HAMILTON, Mont.—Valley Merc. Co.; H. G. Pound, general mdse.; 1,261 Bowery.
HOLYOKE—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; A. McAuslan, furnishing goods; Navarre.
HUTCHINSON, Kan.—Pegues Wright D. G. Co.; L. S. Pegues, ready-to-wear; Great Northern.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; H. J. Hearn, ready-to-wear; M. H. K. Malone, fancy goods, jewelry; E. D. Davis, shoes; Miss E. C. Massey, millinery; 60 West 33d.
INDIANAPOLIS—Ogus, Rabinowich & Ogus; W. H. Barnard, millinery; 621 B'way.
INDIANAPOLIS—Pettis D. G. Co.; W. H. Walter, millinery; 2 Walker.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; S. Stroup, linens; 71 W. 23d; Grand.
KALAMAZOO—Strang, Zinn Co.; H. P. Strang, ready-to-wear; 315 4th Av.
KANSAS CITY—Kline Cloak and Suit Co.; Miss K. Clancy, waists; Miss A. Quiett, children's garments; 95 Madison Av.
KANSAS CITY—Emery-Bird-Thayer D. G. Co.; Miss Dresher, ladies', misses' coats; 25 Madison Av.
KANSAS—Jones, Stores Co.; J. M. Brown, corsets, underwear; 214 Church.
LAFAYETTE—Loeb & Rene Co.; S. Loeb, notions, millinery; 315 4th Av.
LOUISVILLE—H. J. Bateman & Co.; Mrs. M. E. Anderson, corsets; 1,261 B'way.
LOUISVILLE—H. J. Gutman Co.; Mrs. M. E. Anderson, corsets; 1,261 B'way.
LOUISVILLE—J. Bacon & Sons; F. Schmitt, upholstery goods, rugs, carpets; 214 Church; Prince George.
LOUISVILLE—Stewart D. G. Co.; M. E. Anderson, representing; 214 Church.
LOWELL—Bon Marche; Miss B. Wood, infants' wear; W. Squier, coats, suits, muslin underwear; Brotzeull.
MADISONVILLE, KY.—McLeod Store; J. A. Mills, coats, suits; Hoffman House.
MARIETTA—J. Katzenstein & Co.; J. Katzenstein, ready-to-wear; 315 4th Av.
MARQUETTE, Mich.—Paris Fashion; S. D. Cohen, ready to wear; Pierpont.
MERIDIEN—Winner, Klein & Co.; S. A. Klein, ready-to-wear; 315 4th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Bannon Bros. Co.; F. W. Rowland, general mdse.; 1,261 B'way, Herald Square.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; G. E. Amluxen, woolen dress goods, silks; 2 Walker.
MONTGOMERY—B. Frank & Co.; M. F. Kahn, domestics, notions, furn. goods; 43 Leonard.
NASHVILLE—Wise Millinery Co.; H. Wise, millinery; 821 B'way.
NASHVILLE—Castner-Knott D. G. Co.; L. Kornicker, fancy goods; 214 Church.
NEW BEDFORD—Steiger-Dudgeon Co.; J. A. Dauphinias, dress goods, silks; Miss Y. Quimet, ladies' wear; 214.
NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson; T. H. Cullen, shoes; W. J. McGuire, furn. goods, hosiery, knit underwear; 75 Spring.
NORFOLK—Ames, Browley & Hornthal; B. D. Ames, notions, millinery; 315 4th Av.
NORFOLK—New York Clothing House; J. Stern, clothing, furn. goods; Marlborough.
OMAHA—Thomas Kilpatrick Co.; W. F. Baxter, domestics, furnishing goods, hosiery, underwear; 220 5th Av.
OMAHA—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; W. C. McKnight, hosiery, gloves; 1,261 Broadway.
OTTUMWA—W. L. Donelan & Co.; W. J. Donelan, general mdse.; J. F. Lamb, cloaks, suits, muslin underwear; 253 4th Av.
PAWTUCKET—Shartenberg & Robinson; H. B. Bincher, furn. goods; 75 Spring.
PETERSBERG—A. Rosenstock & Co.; Mrs. Farthing, ladies' ready-to-wear; 315 4th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—G. K. Davidiyan, rugs; Victoria.
PHILADELPHIA.—Largman Brothers; J. Largman, tie silks; 200 5th Av.; Latham.
PHILADELPHIA—Ullman Brothers & Co.; E. H. Ullman, skirtings; Hoffman House.
PHILADELPHIA—D. M. Ingber, waists; Albert.
PHILADELPHIA—P. Horn & Co.; P. Horn, waists, dresses; Albert.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss A. M. Day, laces, hdkfs., ladies' neckwear; 1,261 B'way.
PIQUA, Ohio—W. T. Hart Co.; W. T. Hart, general mdse.; Grand.
PITTSBURGH—L. A. McNally & Sons; C. N. McNally, woolens; Latham.
PITTSBURGH—K. Solomon & Co.; Miss A. B. Schuster, millinery; 116 W. 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; J. Kohnfelder, housefurn. goods, baby carriages, lawn swings; Miss Looby, costumes, dresses; 95 Madison Av.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin, Weiman Co.; H. Koch, waists; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; Miss Jacobs, jobs coats; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufman Dept. Store; M. Lipman, silks, dress goods; Miss Annis, coats; P. Cohen, millinery; Mr. Wright, sporting goods; 200 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; J. W. McCreery, ladies' ready-to-wear; 37 W. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Campbell's; J. C. McDowell, dress goods, silks; Wallick's.
PITTSBURGH—Hochschild, Kohn & Hulsman; G. L. Kolb, millinery; Claridge.
PROVIDENCE—Shepard Co.; Mrs. B. A. McNiece, gloves; Miss R. A. Callahan, umbrellas; Miss M. B. Moulton, misses', children's, women's wear; 220 5th Av.
PROVIDENCE — Callender, McAusland & Troup Co.; Miss M. Fitzgerald, cloaks, suits; 2 Walker.
PROVIDENCE—Callender, McAusian & Troup Co.; G. Melin, upholstery goods, pictures; 2 Walker.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; J. G. Carmany, dress goods, silks, linings, velvets; 2 Walker.
READING—M. Britton Co.; G. M. Britton, furn. goods; Grand.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; H. Eisenberg, notions, leather goods; Miss A. Lambert, fancy goods; 2 Walker.
READING—Lord & Gage; H. Volk, cloaks, suits, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 214 Church.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; G. S. Pomeroy, millinery; 2 Walker.
RICHMOND—Pourgeuar, Temple & Co.; R. S. Gray, dress goods, silks; A. H. Perrin, notions, leather goods, furn. goods; M. R. Buckley, dry goods; Pierrepont.
ROCHESTER—Stein, Bloch Co.; C. T. Stott, woolens; 200 5th Av.
ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; Miss E. Littlefield, kimonos; 454 4th Av.
ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; G. J. Tulock, furn. goods; J. A. Reynolds, embroideries, trimmings; 454 4th Av.
SALEM—W. G. Webber Co.; L. K. Mansfield, cloaks, suits, waists; Miss N. F. O'Brien, infants' wear; 75 Spring.
SALT LAKE CITY—Keith-O'Brien Co.; J. McArthur, dress goods, silks; 200 5th Av.
SALINA, Kan.—Bulkley Dry Goods Co.; Miss A. Bembeck, ladies' wear; 39 West 32d.
SAN FRANCISCO—Roos Bros.; R. A. Roos, men's, women's clothing; 31 Union Square.
SEATTLE—Rhodes Bros. Co.; Mrs. A. Oden, millinery; 39 W. 32d.
SEATTLE—J. Berkman & Bro.; N. M. Berkman, clothing; Albert.
SIOUX CITY—Davidson Bros. Co.; Mr. Meyers, millinery; 1,261 Broadway.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—Kinnane Co.; P. J. Scully, mdse. mgr.; C. E. Fitzpatrick, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves, underwear; C. R. Rabbitt, ladies' ready to wear; 116 W. 32d.
ST. JOSEPH—Politzer Bros' Merc. Co.; G. Politzer, clothing; 15 E. 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Kline Cloak Co.; I. D. Kline, dresses, suits; 95 Madison Av.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; M. Sellers, upholstery goods; 37 W. 26.
ST. LOUIS—Horwitz-Schoenborn Co.; K. N. Horwitz, cloaks; Great Northern.
ST. PAUL—Bannon Bros. Co.; A. Weinburg, ready-to-wear; 1,261 Broadway.
SYRACUSE—Dey Brothers & Co.; H. G. Robinson, hosiery, gloves; 220 5th Av.
SYRACUSE—G. B. Williams Co.; G. B. Williams, hosiery, gloves; Brozte.
TAMPA—Bentley, Gay & Co.; E. R. Rohrers, notions, laces; 43 Leonard.
TERRE HAUTE—A. Hers; J. M. Keller, waists, house dresses, children's dresses; 116 W. 32d.
TOLEDO—Lion D. G. Co.; R. C. Clark, millinery, hair goods; 214 Church; McAlpin.
TOLEDO—Hugo Stein Cloak Co.; M. Tobias, dresses; 95 Madison Av.
TOLEDO—Lewis & Co.; O. Henderson, millinery; Marlborough.
TROY—The Sample Store; P. A. Samuels, suits, dresses; McAlpin.
TROY, N. Y.—Wm. H. Frear & Co.; W. P. Armitage, domestics; Herald Square.
VANCOUVER, B. C.—Drysdale, Gordon, Ltd.; G. Drysdale, dry goods; 39 W. 32d.
VICKSBURG—Valley D. G. Co.; L. Schwitzer, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.
VICTORIA, TEX.—A. & S. Levy; J. R. Levy, women's ready-to-wear; 96 Madison Ave.
WACO—Sanger Bros.; J. C. Daniells, laces, embroideries; 19 E. 24th.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; Miss K. E. Miller, corsets, ladies' infants' wear; Miss M. Bridget, representing; 15 W 26th.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; J. H. Sisman, ladies' ready-to-wear; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; Mrs. J. C. Nourse, notions, art goods, trimmings; Miss Metz, hdkfs.; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldberg; H. Greenbaum, domestics, dress goods, silks; Wallick's.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons & Co.; Miss T. Creighton, misses', infants wear; 215 4th Ave.
WORCESTER—Jasper Brothers; M. Jasper, woolens; Arlington.
WORCESTER—Barnard-Sumner-Putnam Co.; W. K. Stanley, silks, prints; 75 Spring.
WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; A. E. Flish, dress goods; 2 Walker.
WORCESTER—J. C. Macinnes Co.; A. C. Wood, notions, buttons; 87 White.
WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; L. C. Brown, dry goods; 2 Walker.
WORCESTER—Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Co.; C. Heller, cloaks, suits; 75 Spring.
WORCESTER—S. Marcus, Miss E. A. Sullivan, ladies' ready-to-wear; 33 Union Square.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—George L. Fordyce Co.; W. H. Toulmin, carpets; 75 Spring; Navarre.

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Phil Gill Says:—
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My new Model 900 is the biggest value at $7.50 you've seen in these parts.
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52 William St. Tel. 5087 John.

MUTUAL ALLIANCE ELECTION

Dr. James H. Parker Chosen President of Enlarged Trust Company.

The election of officers of the Mutual Alliance Trust Company, which was postponed at the annual meeting last month because of the pending merger with the National Reserve Bank, was held yesterday.

Dr. James H. Parker, who was Chairman of the trust company and a Director in the bank, was chosen President, and E. E. Jordan was re-elected Vice President. Frank V. Baldwin, Vice President, and Robert B. Minis, cashier, of the National Reserve, were also elected Vice Presidents, and F. H. Hornby, Secretary.

Erskine Hewitt, formerly Chairman of the National Reserve Bank; William O. Allison, its President; E. A. Fisher, and Mr. Baldwin were elected Directors to fill vacancies. H. A. Clinkunbroomer and F. B. French were continued in the offices of Treasurer and Assistant Secretary, respectively.

Business Notices.

60 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

Young man to call on office trade, and some local jobbing and mail order trade, muslin underwear line; must be thoroughly experienced in line, and with trade. Write, stating full particulars as to salary, trade, &c., Box L 24 Times.

LABELS AND STICKERS for all classes of business; satisfactory work at correct prices guaranteed; forward samples for estimate. H. E. M., Sinclair Apartment, Graham Court.

Retail merchants desiring resident buyers' service will find it to their advantage to communicate with a buyer of twenty-five years' experience. T 6 Times.

MANUFACTURER'S AGENT wants for jobbing trade only, for coming Fall season, line of cloaks and suits. Call Room 508, 25 West 27th St.

We are open for a few good numbers in suits, latest styles, prices $8 to $15. 120 West 32d, room 1,206.

WANTED—Novelty wool dresses and discontinued samples. Specialty Shop, L 22 Times.

Jobber looking at silk dresses and skirts. 11 West 25th St.

FUR SALESMAN, business producer, commanding large fine trade city, out of town, seeks connection with responsive furrier; would consider partnership; O. K. credentials. S 147 Times.

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American Chicle, Com. & Pref.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Turn Upward Again—Investment Demand Is Still Active.

On a diminished volume of trading the more active stocks recovered yesterday most of the ground which they had lost on Monday, and many special issues showed sharp advances. Only the first and last hours of the session were active. Amalgamated Copper led the forward movement among the stocks usually most prominent in the trading, but recovery in the Rock Island shares, which had been extremely weak for two days, and an upturn from the decline which took place on Monday in the telephone and telegraph stocks, helped to give stability to the market by offsetting the restraining influence which the movement in those stocks had exerted at the outset of the week. The most noteworthy movement in the Rock Island group was the advance of nearly four points which occurred in the refunding 4 per cent. bonds of the Rock Island Railway, apparently in recognition of the fact that the plans under discussion are directed toward the strengthening of the position of the railway company proper.

Evidence of continued investment demand was reflected in the well-maintained strength of the recently issued New York State bonds and in other State and municipal issues. Another factor which contributed to the improved position of the market was a resumption of buying for foreign account after fairly large profit-taking sales at the opening of the week. The foreign markets, taken as a whole, showed irregularity, although at London active investment demand found favorable reflection on the Stock Exchange. British consols rose, despite a slight hardening of discount rates, which was brought about by the Continental competition for the day's arrival of South African gold. This was shared by France, Germany, Russia, and India. This was not unnatural, in view of the fact that London had in the last fortnight outstripped the other European markets in the down rush of discount rates. More was heard yesterday of further possible reduction in the official rates of the Bank of England and of the Imperial Bank of Germany. With the German rate standing at 4½ per cent., a reduction at Berlin seems even more likely than a further cut in the English rate. The weekly statement of the Bank of Germany, however, showed a rather large loss in cash, though the enormous gain which the German Bank has made in its gold holdings since last year leaves it in a position of unusual strength.

Evidence that the business world is looking forward hopefully to continued recovery from the conditions into which business declined during December is supplied by the further preparations which bankers see under way for the placing of commercial paper. The business done in commercial discounts during January was exceptionally large, and the demand for paper is still very active. The tendency in rates has continued downward. Within the last few days a very considerable amount of four months' paper has been sold at 3½ per cent. The paying off of the $27,000,000 New York State notes had the expected effect on the call money market. The highest rate reached was 2 per cent., compared with the maximum of 3 per cent. the previous day.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	2	1¾	2	2
A year ago	2¾	2½	2½	2½
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	..	..
Same period, 1913	5	2¼	..	..

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2¼@3	3¼@3½	3½@3¾
Commercial paper (prime bills)	..	3½@4	3¾@4¼

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$75,162,440	$48,181,525
Sub-Treasury debit balance	..	967,259

Banks lose since Friday $1,714,000.

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
Berlin	2¾	3½	20 m 45½ pf
Paris	3½	3½	25 f 17c
London	1 13-16@1½	1@1¼	..

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High	Low	Last
Yesterday	$4.8380	$4.8570	$4.8575
A year ago	4.8745	4.8735	4.8745
Since Jan. 1	4.8695	4.8550	.....
Same period 1913	4.8780	4.8570	.....

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8575	$4.8595
Paris	5 18⅛–1-32	5.18⅜+1-32
Berlin	94 15-16+1-32	95
Switzerland	5.18⅜	5.18⅜–1-16
Holland	40.24	40.27
Belgium	5.21¼+1-32	5.20⅝–1-32

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.84	$4.83 *
Paris	5.21¼	5.22½–1-32
Berlin	94½	94¼

Commercial Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.83⅝	$4.82¾
Paris	5.21⅞	5.23⅛–1-32
Berlin	94⅜–1-32	94¼+1-32
Amsterdam	39.92	39.80

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	25c	San Francisco	50c
St. Louis	25c	Montreal	62½c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	15c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26⅝d per ounce, off 1-16d; New York, 57⅜c, off ⅛c.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Richard D. Wyckoff has become a special partner in the firm of Alfred Mestre & Co.

Stone & Webster have issued their 1914 Electric Railway, Electric Lighting, Gas and Water Power Properties Manual, containing brief descriptions of the properties under their management.

The United States Mortgage and Trust Company has $37,301 for the purchase of first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds of the Madison River Power Company for the sinking fund.

The Legislative Committee of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, consisting of M. E. de Aguero, Orden D. Budd, F. A. Farnsworth, W. T. Marsh, and W. L. S. Webster, will appear to-morrow before the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency in relation to Senator Owen's bill.

Lee, Higginson & Co., the Guaranty Trust Company, and J. W. Seligman are offering at 94 an issue of $16,000,000 first and refunding mortgage 5 per cent. sinking fund bonds of the Montana Power Company. This company is now producing 102,000 electrical horse power, and by 1918 will have an additional 160,000 horse power, when it will furnish power for 430 miles of the St. Paul, and the electrified lines of the Butte, Anaconda & Pacific.

The National Surety Company has elected as members of its Executive Committee Franklin Q. Brown, S. R. Bertron, R. Rieman Duval, A. L. Lathrop, John C. McCall, Samuel McRoberts, Samuel Sloan, Frank B. Keech, Felix M. Warburg, and L. B. Brainerd. W. B. B. Smith, controller, was elected a Vice President, and Howard Abrahams, recently Assistant Secretary, was made a Vice President.

The Reorganization Committee of the Laramie, Hahn's Peak & Pacific, and subsidiary, the Laramie & Routt Co. Railway, has formulated a plan involving a cash payment by the holders of the first refunding mortgage bonds, collateral trust notes, general mortgage bonds, unsecured notes, stock, and claims. Securities, with a 25 per cent. cash payment, are to be deposited with the Guaranty Trust Company by Feb. 16.

Exploration Company Earnings.

The Guggenheim Exploration Company has reported for the year ended Dec. 31, 1913, net income of $3,353,852, a gain of $82,102 over the preceding year. After paying $2,357,145 in dividends, a surplus of $996,707 was left. The total profit and loss surplus at the end of the year was $24,811,839.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Odd Jump in General Motors.

At one time yesterday General Motors common was selling at 63, an advance of sixteen points in two days. The preferred stock was up 6⅝ in two days. The sudden advance started a report that the company was about to pay dividends on the common stock, and traders began an anxious hunt for earnings figures. It developed that the company has $2,000,000 to be paid on Oct. 1, as the third installment on its notes of 1910, and $8,000,000 of the principal to be paid off a year later. The original issue of these notes was $15,000,000, of which $1,500,000 was paid off in 1911 and 1912, and $2,000,000 last year. In view of the balance to be taken care of out of earnings a prominent Director said yesterday that there was no reason to look for a dividend on the common until 1915 at the earliest. The Stock Exchange heard that the advance had come about through the sudden death of a broker who was short General Motors, making it necessary to buy in a considerable amount of stock. When this had been accomplished the shares reacted to 56, where they held a net gain of 5 points for the session.

***

Another Encouraging View.

J. M. Hannaford, the new President of the Northern Pacific Railway, was in New York yesterday with a favorable forecast for business in the Northwest. Mr. Hanaford said that the outlook was for a good season, for other lines as well as for agriculture. Lumber and coal have been moving slowly, the latter because of an unusually mild Winter. For the first half year the Northern Pacific's gross revenues declined $676,000, and its net earnings $1,397,000.

***

Hope for Rock Island.

When the Rock Island Company was formed in 1902 the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway came to the holding company with a big surplus and a very poor roadbed. Now the company has a good railroad, but no surplus. The new Chairman, T. M. Schumacher, and representatives of Phelps, Dodge & Co., who have recently made an inspection, are very much pleased with the way the property has been kept up, but also are convinced of the need of large sums to be put into the system to make it a competitor on more even terms with other lines in its territory. It is planned eventually to build cut-offs and shorten curves so that the Rock Island can make better time between competitive points without tearing the equipment to pieces. When this money has been provided there is every reason to believe that the road can become a good earner again.

To get the money, or a part of it, the interests in charge have long considered it necessary to be freed from the necessity of paying dividends into the holding company for the purpose of meeting interest on the collateral bonds. Indications are that the plan for dissolving the interlocking companies will be ready by May 1, when the next interest payment falls due, so that if it is decided to effect a reorganization by defaulting on the collateral bonds, the work can be started then. The railway has not been earning a surplus sufficient for its dividend in late months. Other plans for releasing the railway stock without a default have been under consideration.

***

Bulls on Sentiment.

While bulls on stocks are most in evidence these days, there are other kinds of bulls whose numbers are steadily increasing. Bulls on manufacturing, on trade and on politics appear to be daily springing up. In commercial paper brokerage offices the heavy borrowing on mercantile notes since the first of the year is taken as a forecast of a great expansion of business. The bull on politics is a man who has studied the situation at Washington for the past six months, and tells his friends so convincingly that big business is no longer in danger that they believe and are comforted. From the trend of gossip in Wall Street commission houses it appears that the ranks of the political bulls have been substantially increased of late.

The bulls who have forced their way into especial prominence in recent days, however, are the bulls on sentiment. They do not limit their thoughts to the stock market, or to business or politics, but merge them all into a composite whole and see great things for the country ahead. The improvement they see loses nothing of its force for them because it is intangible. A return of cheer to business circles and the stock market counts, in their opinion, for a great deal more than betterments which may be considered in terms of dollars and cents. The bulls on sentiment find a great deal of opposition among contemporaries who still cleave to a bearish view of conditions, but they are not abashed.

***

Chary of Making Guesses.

Preliminary estimates of the probable increase of stocks of copper were so far out of line with the figures presented in the last monthly statement of the Producers' Association that few conjectures are heard in the trade this week. The statement for February will be issued next Monday. It is expected that another increase of supplies in the hands of refiners will be reported, but buying has been so spotty that much difficulty surrounds the making of a satisfactory guess. A heavy decrease in visible supplies abroad reported this week gave the impression that copper had been absorbed in quantity in the last days of January, and uncertainty over the amount taken was increased by the fact that exports during the month had been much greater than in the same month of 1912. Domestic consumption has been indifferent, but some large sales were reported in the second and third weeks of January. The problem presented to those who would like to venture a prediction about stocks on hand is to decide just how large were the domestic sales on the days when copper was moving in bulk. One guess is that stocks will show an increase somewhere between 10,000,000 and 20,000,000 pounds.

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Steel Prices Slowly Harden.

Steel prices have hardened in the past ten days to a degree that is worthy of mention, although the market can by no means be called strong. According to dispatches from different manufacturing centres in Pennsylvania the quotation on bars, plates, and shapes for prompt specification has been advanced from $1.20 to $1.25 a hundred pounds. Steel wire and rods have gone up $1 a ton, and the same increase has been made on extra heavy pipe by the National Tube Company. Basic iron is reported to be in increasing demand, but no large orders have been announced.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

Quotations for public utility securities in which price changes were reported yesterday were:

	Bid.	Asked.
Colorado Power Co. pf	82	85½
Pacific Gas & Electric	43	44
Standard Gas & Electric pf	32	34
Tennessee Ry., Light & P. Co.	15	17
Tennessee Ry., Light & P. Co. pf.	69½	70
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	87½	89

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Oil Stocks Maintain Their Strength in an Otherwise Featureless Market.

The oil stocks maintained their strength in the outside security market yesterday. The greatest gain was twenty points in Prairie Oil and Gas. Other sharp advances were 12 points in Standard Oil of India, 9 points in Solar Refining, and 6 points in Continental Oil. Atlantic Refining fell off 5 points. Among the industrials Kelly Springfield Tire lost 2 points, while Willys Overland gained 3 points.

INDUSTRIALS.

Shares.		Open.	High	Low.	Last.
100..	Bri. Am. Tob	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞
600..	Houston Oil	19	19	17¾	18
10..	K. Spring. T	58	58	58	58
50..	L. Rub. T ctfs	9½	9½	9½	9½
200..	Mar. of Am.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
300..	Mex. M., com.	4⅜	5½	4⅜	5½
300..	M. M. 1st pr.	27½	28½	27½	28½
350..	M. M. 2nd pf.	8¾	9	8¼	9
100..	N. Y. Trans.	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
250..	P. Smelt. & Rf.	2½	2½	2⅜	2⅜
1,900..	Riker-Heg.	8	8	7⅞	8
400..	Tob. Pro., pf.	86	86½	86	86½
900..	†U C S Co Am	93¼	93⅝	92½	93
250..	Willys Over.	65½	68	65½	68
300..	Willys O. pf	93¼	94	93	94

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

3,500..	Anglo-A. Oil, new	17	16¾	16	17
90..	Atlantic Ref.	856	865	845	845
60..	Buckeye P. L.	179	177	177	177
75..	Continental Oil	240	230	226	226
40..	Cres. Pipe Line	59	58	58	58
110..	Galena-Signal O.	190	184	188	188
50..	Ind. Pipe Line	141	140	141	141
200..	National Tran.	44½	44	44	44
5..	N. Y. Transit	320	320	320	320
50..	North. Pipe L.	123	122	123	123
320..	Ohio Oil	164	160	164	164
40..	Pierce Oil	90	90	90	90
125..	Prairie O. & G.	548	533	545	545
35..	Solar Refining	400	392	400	400
85..	So. Pipe Line	255	250	250	250
70..	South Penn. Oil	352	345	350	350
300..	S. O. of Cal.	285	281	284	284
700..	S. O. of Cal. rts.	18¼	18	18	18
45..	S. Oil of Ind.	521	505	520	520
30..	S. Oil of Kans.	490	485	490	490
250..	S. O. of Ky. new	265	258	265	265
5..	S. Oil of Neb.	485	485	485	485
175..	S. Oil of N. J.	427	425	426	426
350..	S. Oil of N. Y.	189	184	189	189
10..	St. Oil of Ohio	450	443	448	448
160..	Union Tank Line	99	98	99	99
250..	Vacuum Oil	219	215	219	219
100..	Washington Oil	63	62	63	63

RAILROAD.

700..	U. P. rts. exc. $3 cash div.	30	30	29⅝	29⅞

MINING STOCKS.

2,000..	*Atlanta	18	18	17½	17½
100..	*Beaver Con.	28	28	28	28
1,000..	*Big Four	15	15	13	13
200..	Boston Mer.	6⅝	6¾	6⅞	6⅞
700..	Braden Cop.	7⅝	7¾	7⅜	7⅜
2,100..	B. Col. Cop.	3⅝	3⅝	3½	3⅝
100..	Buffo M.	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16
1,150..	*Car'o Cop.	72	72	71	72
1,000..	*Cham. Fer'd.	14	14	14	14
2,000..	*C. O. D. con.	5	6	5	6
500..	Cop. M. Con.	2 15-16	3	2 15-16	3
6,500..	Crown Res.	1⅝	1¾	1 13-16	1 13-16
500..	Con. A. S.	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16	2 1-16
100..	D. Cop.	2 5-16	2 5-16	2 5-16	2 5-16
2,000..	*Diam'd B. B.	3¾	4	3½	4
1,500..	*Florence	55	55	50	53
200..	Gold. Cons.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
6,900..	*G. H. Min.	23	27	22	24
4,500..	*Greenwater	7	7½	7	7½
500..	*Keene Won.	20	20	20	20
100..	Kerr Lake	5	5	4⅞	4 15-16
300..	La R. Con.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
1,000..	*MacNamara	11⅛	11⅛	11	11
100..	McK.-Dar	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
200..	Mason Val.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
100..	Mines of A.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
1,100..	*Nev. Hills	42	42	41	41
100..	*N. U. Bing.	40	40	40	40
3,000..	Nip. M. Co.	7¼	7¼	7	7¼
4,000..	*North Star	43½	45	43½	44½
200..	O. Cop., f. p.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
8,000..	*Ore	14½	14½	13½	14
1,000..	*S. S. Kendal	10	10	10	10
600..	S. Sil.-L.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16
1,500..	Stewar.	1¾	1⅞	1¾	1⅞
2,800..	*Temiskaming	14	16	14	15½
320..	Ton. Belm.	1 15-16	1 15-16	1⅞	1⅞
20,300..	T. J. Butler	96c.	$1.03	96c.	$1.00
2,500..	*Ton. Merger	68	69	68	69
200..	*Ton. Midway	45	45	45	45
300..	*Ton. Mizpah	48	49	48	49
400..	Ton. Mining	7-16	7 3-16	7¼	7⅜
800..	Ton. of Nev.	7 3-16	7¼	7 1-16	7⅛
100..	Tuolum. Cop.	78	78	78	78
3,400..	W. End Con.	1 9-16	1 9-16	1½	1½
2,500..	*W. End. Ex.	3	4	3	4

BONDS.

$5,000..	Am. Can 5s.	94½	94½	94½	94½
35,000..	C. P. 6% nts.	103½	103½	103½	103⅝
10,000..	K. S. T. 4s.	70	70	70	70
15,000..	W. Pac. 5s.	74	74	74	74¼

*Sell cents per share. †Ex div.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American Oil	16¾	17	16	16¼
Atlantic Refining	840	850	848	852
Borne-Scrymser	305	315	305	315
Buckeye Pipe Line	177	179	179	181
Chesebrough Mfg.	675	685	675	685
Colonial Oil	125	130	129	130
Continental Oil	237	242	225	230
Crescent Pipe Line	58	61	59	62
Cumberland Pipe L.	65	70	65	70
Eureka Pipe Line	330	340	335	340
Galena-Signal Oil	186	188	182	183
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	135	140	134	140
Indiana Pipe Lines	140	142	138	141
National Transit	43	45	43	45
New York Transit	322	317	317	322
Northern Pipe Line	121	123	120	124
Ohio Oil	162	164	160	162
Prairie Oil & Gas	538	543	530	535
Solar Refining	390	400	385	395
Southern Pipe Line	250	255	252	255
South Penn. Oil	345	350	343	350
S. W. Penn. P. Lines	154	158	155	159
Standard Oil (Cal.)	285	287	280	282
Stand. Oil (Cal.) rts.	17½	18½	17½	18½
Standard Oil (Ind.)	518	522	500	505
Standard Oil (Kan.)	485	495	480	490
Standard Oil (Ky.)	263	268	255	265
Standard Oil (Neb.)	480	490	475	485
Standard Oil (N. J.)	427	429	426	428
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	187	189	184	186
Standard Oil (Ohio)	445	450	437	442
Swan & Finch	280	290	280	290
Union Tank Line	97	99	97	99
Vacuum Oil	218	220	213	216
Washington Oil	62	65	61	65
Waters-Pierce Oil	3200	..	3200	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Feb. 3. Bid.	Asked.	Feb. 2. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	150	147	146	150
American Cigar pf.	92	93	91	93
Am. Machine & Fdry.	75	80	75	80
British-American	22½	23½	23	23½
British-Am., new	23¼	23½	23	23½
Conley Foil	270	290	270	290
Johnson Tin & M.	175	190	175	190
J. S. Young	140	150	140	150
MacAndrews & F.	180	190	180	190
MacAndrews & F. pf.	92	102	92	102
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	220	230	220	230
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip.	125	135	125	135
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip.	101	103	101	103
Tobacco Products pf.	86	86½	85	86½
United Cigar Stores.	92½	93	93	94
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	112	115	112	115

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Amal. Copper	5	Mar. 15, '15	100½	100¾	4.30
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1915	99⅜	100¼	4.80
Austrian Gov.	4½	July '14-15	99½	100¼	4.35
B. & Ohio	5	July, 1914	100⅜	100⅝	3.40
Boston & Me.	6	June 2, '14	99	99	18.00
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	99¼	99½	5.20
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2, '24	103¼	103½	5.55
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June, 1914	100	100¼	3.70
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1914	99¾	99¾	5.10
Con. Gas. Co.	6	Feb. 25, '14	100	100¼	2.75
Erie R. R.	6	Apr. 8, '14	100¼	100½	3.00
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1914	100¼	100½	4.00
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	100½	100¾	5.00
Gen. Elec.		April 16, '14	3.75%	3.00%	
Gen. Motors	6	Oct., 1915	100	100½	5.65
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	98¾	99	5.25
Hock. Valley	5	Nov., 1914	100⅜	100⅝	4.10
Ill. Central	4½	July, 1914	100¼	100⅜	3.65
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug., 1914	95¾	96½	11.75
Intl. Harvest.	5	Feb. 15, '15	100¼	100¼	4.55
Lack. Steel.	5	Mar., 1915	96½	97½	7.70
L. S. & M. S.	4½	Mar. 15, '14	100	100⅛	3.00
Mich. Cent.	4½	Mar., 1914	100	100⅛	3.00
Minn. & S. L.	6	Feb., 1916	96½	97¼	7.38
Mo., K. & T.	5	May, 1915	96½	97	7.85
Mo. Pacific	5	June, 1914	98¾	97¼	12.75
M. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	98¾	100	6.00
N. Y. C. & H. R.	4½	Mar., 1914	100	100⅛	3.00
N. Y. C. & H. R.	5	Apr. 21, '14	100⅛	100⅜	3.00
N. Y. C. & H. R.	5	Sep. 15, '14	100⅜	100⅝	3.75
N. Y. C. & H. R.	5	Nov. 5, '14	100⅜	100⅝	3.80
N. Y. C. & H. R.	4½	May, 1915	99⅝	99¾	4.65
N. Y., N. H. & H.	6	May 18, '14	99¾	100	6.00
Nor. Pacific	6	July 9, '14	100⅛	100¼	3.80
Pac. G. & E.	6	June 25, '14	100¼	100½	4.80
Seaboard A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	99¾	100¾	4.50
So. Pacific	5	June 15, '14	100⅜	100⅝	3.35
So. Railway	5	Feb., 1916	100	100¼	4.90
Swift & Sons	6	June, 1916	99½	100	6.00
State of Tenn.	5	July, 1914	100⅛	100⅜	3.90
U. S. S. R. & M.	5	Aug., 1914	99½	100¼	4.50
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15, '16	97	98	6.05
United Fruit.	6	May, 1917	102	102⅜	5.20
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	99⅝	100¼	5.85
West. E. & M.	6	Aug., 1915	101¼	101½	4.05
Western Md.	5	July, 1915	95	98½	6.15

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

B. & O. eq. tr.	4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.50%	4.40%	
Chat. R. & L.	5	June, 1915	96	97¾	7.00
C. P. (M.).	6	May, 1917	93	97	7.00
S. & N. W. eq. tr.	4½	July, 1914-23	4.50%	4.35%	
Erie eq. tr.	5	Jan., 1914-23	5.00%	4.90%	
H. Val. eq. tr.	5	Aug., 1914-23	5.00%	4.90%	
Ill. C. eq. tr.	4½	Aug., 1914-23	4.50%	4.40%	
N. Y. C. & H. R. eq. tr.	4½	Jan., 1914-23	4.75%	4.65%	
Penn. eq. tr.	4½	Jan., 1914-23	4.50%	4.30%	
P. A. C. eq. tr.	5	Jan., 1914-23	5.00%	4.80%	
So. Pac. eq. tr.	4½	Jan., 1914-23	4.50%	4.40%	
West. Pacific	5	Nov., 1914	98½	7.00	

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60..	Adventure	1 15-16	1⅝	1 15-16
445..	Allouez	39½	38	39½
100..	American Zinc	20½	20½	20½
675..	Arizona Commercial	5 3-16	5⅛	5 3-16
265..	Butte-Bal.	4 1-16	4	4 1-16
6,065..	Butte & Superior	36	35½	36
350..	Calumet & Arizona	68	67¾	68
35..	Calumet & Hecla	440	437	440
75..	Centennial	17	17	17
177..	Copper Range	39¾	39½	39¼
110..	East Butte	12¾	12¼	12¾
165..	Franklin	4¼	4¼	4¼
3,779..	Granby	89⅞	88	89¾
210..	Greene Cananea	40	39¼	40
45..	Hancock	20½	20	20½
50..	Island Creek	48	48	48
..	Island Creek pf.	86¼	85½	86¼
667..	Isle Royale	23	21½	23
450..	Keweenaw	3⅜	3⅜	3 11-16
25..	La Salle	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
50..	Michigan	1¼	1¼	1¼
735..	New Arcadian	3¼	3¼	3¼
555..	North Butte	29	28⅝	29
20..	Old Colony	5	4⅞	4⅞
200..	Old Dominion	52⅜	51⅝	52⅛
40..	Osceola	82	81½	82
215..	Pond Creek	20	19⅝	20
300..	Santa Fe	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
150..	Shannon	7	7	7
135..	Shattuck	28¼	28	28¼
40..	St. Mary's Land	37	37	37
200..	Superior & Boston	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
360..	Superior Copper	30	28½	30
548..	Tamarack	35	31½	35
185..	Trinity	4¾	4⅝	4¾
200..	Tuolumne	78c.	75c.	75c.
1,000..	U. S. Smelting	42¼	41⅜	42
534..	U. S. Smelting pf.	48¾	48¼	48½
237..	Utah Copper	55½	55	55½
400..	Utah Apex	2 9-16	2½	2½
355..	Winona	4¼	4¼	4¼
48..	Wolverine	46	45½	46

RAILROADS.

60..	Boston & Albany	195	195	195
40..	Boston El

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4½s—1914
Pierson & Howell,
25 Broad St. Tel. 2930 Broad

Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
MULLER & NASH
35 Broad St. Tel. Broad 3115.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, FEB. 3, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales Feb. 3, 1914	421,483
Same day last year	255,654
Total year to date	11,005,743
Same period last year	9,460,843
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	72.81 +.41
Same day last year	76.86 —.12

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	73.30	Jan. 31	67.50	Jan. 3
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	75.00	Jan. 17
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
22¾	23	500	Alaska Gold Mines	22⅞	23	22⅞	23	+ ½
13	13¼	300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	13	13¼	13	13¼	+ ¼
46	48½	50	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	48½	48½	48½	48½	...
77⅜	77½	29,700	Amalgamated Cop	76⅛	77⅝	76⅛	77½	+1⅜
54⅝	55	200	Am. Agricul. Chem	54⅞	55	54⅞	55	...
95¾	97	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	96¼	96¾	96¼	96¾	+ ¼
...	...	100	Am. B. S. & F. pf	141¾	141¾	141¾	141¾	+ ¼
32¾	33⅛	35,150	Am. Can	33	33¾	31½	33	— ⅞
94½	95	1,700	Am. Can pf	95⅛	95⅝	94⅞	95	— ⅛
52⅜	53	900	Am. Car & Fdry	52	53	52	52⅞	+ ⅞
115⅞	116¼	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf	115¼	115¼	115¼	115¼	+ ⅛
65¾	67	300	Am. Cities pf	66¼	66¼	66	66	—1
104	106	60	Am. Coal Prod. pf	104½	104½	104½	104½	...
44½	45	250	Am. Cotton Oil	44	44½	44	44½	...
4½	4¾	200	Am. Hide & Leath	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	+ 1/16
24½	24¾	100	Am. Hide & L. pf	24	24	24	24	— ⅛
27⅝	27⅞	7,200	Am. Ice Securities	27	27⅝	26⅞	27⅝	+1⅛
11¼	11½	200	Am. Linseed	11	11¼	11	11¼	...
36¼	36½	500	Am. Locomotive	36	36¼	36	36¼	— ¼
48	50	100	Am. Malt pf	49	49	49	49	— ⅛
69¼	69¾	1,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	68½	69⅝	68¼	69¼	+1
35⅝	36¼	200	Am. Steel F'dries	36	36	36	36	+ ⅛
108	108¼	330	Am. Sugar Refin	107½	108¼	107½	108¼	+ ⅛
122¼	122½	2,000	Am. Teleph. & Tel	121	122½	121	122½	+1¼
251	252	130	Am. Tobacco	251	251	251	251	— ⅝
104½	105¾	100	Am. Tob. pf., new	105	105	105	105	+ ½
82	83	200	Am. Woolen pf	82¼	82¼	82¼	82¼	— ⅛
38¼	38⅝	5,100	Anaconda Cop. Co	37⅞	38¼	37⅞	38¼	+ ⅛
99⅛	99¼	1,800	Atch., Top. & S. F	98⅜	99¼	98½	99¼	+ ⅛
93	95¼	900	Baltimore & Ohio	95¼	95¼	94⅞	94⅞	— ⅛
...	...	105	Bank of Commerce	175	177	174	176½	...
36¼	37¼	800	Bethlehem Steel	36⅜	36¾	36½	36½	...
77½	78½	200	Bethlehem Steel pf	77	78	77	78	+ ⅛
91⅜	91⅞	600	Brook. Rapid Tran	91¼	91⅞	91¼	91⅞	+ ⅛
27⅝	28¼	400	California Petrol'm	28	28	28	28	— ¼
64½	65	200	California Pet. pf	64¾	64¾	64¾	64¾	— ¼
219	219½	7,700	Canadian Pacific	218¼	219½	217⅝	219	+1½
91¾	94	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	92	92	92	92	+ ⅞
29¾	29⅞	3,400	Central Leather Co	28⅝	29⅝	28⅝	29⅝	+1
99½	100¼	700	Cent. Leather Co.pf	99⅝	100	99⅝	100	+2
106	107½	22	Cent. & So. Am.Tel	107	107	107	107	...
67	67¼	600	Chesapeake & Ohio	67	67⅛	66¾	67⅛	+ ⅛
9⅜	10¼	100	Chicago & Alton	10	10	10	10	+ ⅞
13⅞	14¼	600	Chicago Gt. West'n	13¾	14	13¾	14	+ ¼
32⅝	33⅜	600	Chi. Gt. Western pf	32	32¼	32	32¼	+ ¼
106⅞	106⅞	3,750	Chi., Mil. & St. P	106½	106⅝	105⅞	106⅝	+ ⅜
141	142½	200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	142	142	142	142	— ½
135	13[illegible]	210	Chi. & Northwest	136	136	136	136	+ ½
42⅞	43	4,400	Chino Copper	42¾	43	42	43	+ ⅛
33⅜	34	2,300	Col. Fuel & Iron	32⅝	34	32⅝	34	+1¼
12[illegible]	13[illegible]	100	Consolidated Gas	13[illegible]	13[illegible]	13[illegible]	13[illegible]	— ½
12⅞	12½	2,000	Corn Products Ref	12½	12⅝	12	12⅜	— ¼
71	72	400	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	71	71	71	71	— ¼
99	99½	100	Deere & Co. pf	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	+ ¼
400	407	116	Del., Lack. & West	401	401	401	401	+ ½
30	30½	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	30	30⅜	30	30⅜	+ ⅛
31⅜	31¾	1,900	Erie	31¼	31⅝	31¼	31⅝	+ ⅛
48⅜	49	1,100	Erie 1st pf	48¾	48¾	48¼	48⅝	+ ⅛
144½	148¾	1,285	General Electric	147½	148¾	147½	148¾	+ ⅝
55¾	56	3,100	General Motors	52½	63	52	56	+5
89	91	1,800	General Motors pf	87	90¼	87	90¼	+3⅝
25¾	26	7,100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	24	26½	23⅝	26¼	+2½
91	92	600	Goodrich pf	89⅞	91	89⅞	91	+ ⅝
132⅞	134⅛	12,764	Great Northern pf	132⅝	134¼	132⅝	134¼	+1⅝
133½	135	50	G. N.sub.cfs.full pd	132⅝	132⅝	132⅝	132⅝	...
36⅛	36¾	1,900	G. N. certs.ore prop	36¼	36⅜	35⅝	36⅛	— ⅜
51½	51¾	3,200	Guggenheim Explor	50¼	51⅞	50	51¾	+1⅜
114⅜	115	200	Illinois Central	115	115	115	115	+ ⅝
17⅞	18	4,900	Inspiration Copper	17	18	17	17⅞	+1⅛
15⅞	16	1,100	Inter.-Met. v. tr.cf	15⅞	15⅞	15⅝	15⅞	...
61⅝	62	1,600	Inter.-Met. pf	61¼	62⅛	61¼	62⅛	+ ⅝
110½	111¼	200	Int. Harvester, N. J	111	111	111	111	...
116	...	100	Int. Harv., N. J., pf	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	— ¼
10¼	10⅜	300	Int. Paper	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	+ ⅛
27⅛	27½	100	Kan. City Southern	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	+ ⅛
83	87	100	Kayser (J.) & Co	85	85	85	85	— ½
92	93	100	Kresge (S. S.) Co	92	92	92	92	— ⅛
101½	104	100	Kresge (S. S.) Co.pf	103	103	103	103	...
99	102	200	Laclede Gas	99	99	99	99	+1⅞
155	155¼	4,982	Lehigh Valley	154¼	155	154⅛	155	...
35	38¼	1,000	Long Island	34½	35½	34½	35½	+1¼
37	37½	2,100	Loose-Wiles Bis	36⅞	37⅝	36⅞	37½	+ ¼
170	174	100	Lorillard, (P.) Co	174½	174½	174½	174½	— ½
139½	140	200	Louis. & Nash	139½	139½	139½	139½	— ⅝
83⅝	84½	300	Mackay Cos.	84	84	84	84	...
60	60½	150	Mackay Cos. pf	69⅜	69⅜	69⅜	69⅜	— ⅛
70¼	70¾	8,500	Mex. Petroleum	69	70⅝	68⅝	70⅝	—1⅛
...	87	100	Mex. Petroleum pf	86	86	86	86	+1
23⅝	23⅞	1,300	Miami Copper	23⅞	23¾	23½	23⅝	— ⅛
132⅛	132⅝	600	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	132	132½	131½	132¼	— ½
23	23½	600	Mo., Kan. & Texas	23	23	22⅝	23	— ¼
59	60	200	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	60	60	59½	59½	— ½
28	28½	1,100	Missouri Pacific	27¾	28½	27¾	28½	+ ½
165	170	29	Morris & Essex	165	165	165	165	...
140	145	100	Nash., C. & St. L	140	140	140	140	...
139	140	3,400	Nat. Biscuit Co	137	139	136½	139	— 2½
13⅞	13⅞	700	Nat. Enam. & St. Co	13⅜	14	13⅜	14	+ ⅝
50	51½	100	Nat. Lead Co	50½	50½	50½	50½	...
16¼	16⅜	1,300	Nevada Con. Cop	16¼	16½	16¼	16¼	...
94⅝	94⅞	2,950	N. Y. Central	94½	95	94⅜	94⅝	+ ⅝
74⅞	75	300	N. Y., N. H. & H	74½	74⅝	74⅜	74⅜	— ¼
105¼	105⅝	900	Norf. & Western	105½	105½	105⅜	105½	+ ⅛
117½	117¾	11,520	Northern Pacific	116⅝	118	116½	117⅝	+1
28	30	100	Pacific T. & T	29½	29½	29½	29½	+1
113¼	113⅝	3,000	Penn. R. R	113⅛	113½	113⅛	113⅜	...
124½	124½	550	People's Gas, Chi	124	124½	124	124	+ ½
22⅜	22⅝	4,800	Pitts. Coal	22	22⅝	21⅝	22½	+ ⅝
92⅜	92⅝	960	Pitts. Coal pf	91⅝	93	91⅝	92⅝	+ ⅝
92½	94	100	Pitts. Steel pf	93	93	93	93	+ ¼
44½	44½	1,600	Pressed Steel Car	44½	44⅝	44	44½	— ⅛
110½	111	600	P. S. Corp. of N. J.	110	110⅝	110	110⅝	+ ⅝
33½	33¾	3,150	Railway Steel Sp	33½	34½	33	33½	+ ⅛
19⅝	19⅞	1,900	Ray Con. Copper	19⅝	19⅞	19⅜	19⅞	+ ⅛
168⅜	168⅝	36,500	Reading	168½	169	167⅝	168⅝	+ ⅛
91⅞	92	200	Reading 2d pf	92	92	92	92	+ ⅛
26	26½	750	Rep. Iron & Steel	26	28¼	25⅞	26	+ ⅝
80	80½	30	Rep. Iron & S. pf	88½	88½	88½	88½	...
10⅞	11	10,200	Rock Island Co	10⅛	11	9⅝	10⅞	+1⅛
15⅞	15⅞	7,050	Rock Island Co. pf	15⅝	16½	14⅝	15⅞	+ ½
14	14¾	400	Rumely, (M.,) Co	13⅝	14¼	13⅝	14¼	+1¼
33	33¼	200	Rumely,(M.,) Co. pf	31½	33	31½	33	+2
20⅞	21	3,700	Seab. Air Line	20¼	21¼	20¼	21¼	+1⅛
56⅛	56¼	14,300	Seab. Air Line pf	54⅝	56¼	54¼	56¼	+2
192	193	200	Sears, Roeb. & Co	192	192	192	192	— ⅞
35½	36	300	S.-S. S. & I. Co	34½	34½	34½	34½	+ ½
98⅝	98⅞	15,900	Southern Pacific	98¼	99	97⅞	98¾	+ ½
...	...	100	So. Pacific t. r	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	—1
27½	27⅝	4,300	So. Railway ext	27	27⅝	27	27⅝	+ ⅝
84½	84⅝	400	So. Ry. pf. ext	84¼	84¼	84¼	84½	— ⅛
35	36	200	Standard Milling	34½	35½	34½	35½	— ¾
65	66	100	Standard Mill. pf	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞	...
26	27¼	1,500	Studebaker Co	26	27⅞	26	27⅞	+1⅞
82	84	425	Studebaker Co. pf	82	83¾	82	83⅝	+3¾
35¼	35⅜	2,010	Tennessee Copper	35¼	35⅝	34⅞	35⅜	+ ¼
145½	146	1,800	Texas Co.	145½	147¼	145½	146	+ ⅝
16⅝	17	200	Texas & Pacific	16½	16½	16½	16¾	...
42⅜	43¼	825	Third Avenue	42½	43	42½	42⅝	+ ¼
10	12	20	Tol., St. L. & W	10½	10½	10½	10½	...
107½	108	400	Twin City R. T.	107⅝	108	107⅝	108	+ ½
7½	7¾	2,900	Union B. & P. Co.	7⅝	7⅞	7	7⅝	— ⅛
30	33	300	Un. B. & P. Co. pf.	32½	32½	32½	32½	+ ⅛
163⅜	163⅞	21,700	Union Pacific	163	164	162⅜	163⅞	+1½
85½	85½	600	Union Pacific pf	85	85	84⅜	85	+ ⅛
12½	13½	200	U. S. C. I. P. & F	13½	13½	13½	13½	+ ⅛
56	57½	200	U. S. Express	52¼	55	52¼	53	— ⅞
59½	59¾	1,000	U. S. Rubber	59¼	59¾	59	59⅝	+ ⅛
101⅞	102¼	700	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	102½	102½	102	102	— ⅛
66½	66⅝	60,500	U. S. Steel	65⅞	66⅝	65⅝	66¼	+ ⅛
110½	111¼	100	U. S. Steel pf	110½	110½	110½	110½	— ⅛
55⅛	55¾	4,400	Utah Copper	55⅛	55⅝	55	55¼	+ ⅛
31	32	200	Va.-Car. Chem.	31	31⅝	31	31½	+ ⅛
102	105	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	104	104	104	104	...
2⅞	3	200	Wabash	3	3	3	3	...
9⅝	9¼	400	Wabash pf	9½	9½	9⅜	9½	+1⅛
87	90	100	Wells-Fargo Exp	89	89	89	89	...
63⅝	64	1,400	West. Union Tel	62	64	61⅝	64	+3
71½	71⅞	2,800	Westingh. E. & M	70⅝	71⅞	70½	71⅞	+ ⅛
98⅝	100	700	Woolw., (F. W.,) Co	99½	99½	98⅝	99½	+ ⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	98⅝	99¼
2s, c, 1930	98⅝	99½
3s, r, 1918	102	103
3s, c, 1918	102¼	...
4s, r, 1925	111⅜	112¾
4s, c, 1925	112	...
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98	...

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	96	100
Am. Bank	26	27½
Am. Cities	36	36½
Am. Coal	80	100
Am. C. Fr.	83	84½
A. C. O. pf.	95	110
Am. Exp.	107	110
Am. L. pf.	30	32
A. Loc. pf.	101	101½
Am. Manila	6	8
A. S. pf. B.	83	85
A. S. & R. pf.	102½	104½
Am. Snuff.	169	172
A. S. & R.	101	103
A. S. R. pf.	112	114
A. T. & C.	57	63
Am. Wool.	19	20½
A. W. P. pf.	15	17
Assets R.	23	25
A. T. & S. F. pf.	100½	102
At. C. L.	123½	125½
Bald. Loc.	75	85
B. & O. pf.	105¾	106½
B. & O. pf.	80½	81¾
Batop M.	1	1¼
B. Un. G.	128	128½
Bruns Ter.	8	8½
B. R. & P.	109	113½
Do pf.	116	135
But'k Co.	23	26½
Canada S.	60¼	65
C. R. R. of N. J.	203	205
C. & A. pf.	15	19
C. & L.	4	5
C. & N. W. pf.	173	181¼
Chi. St. P. M. & Om.	126	131
Do pf.	186	...
C. C. C. & St. L. pf.	38	44
Do pf.	67	75
Col. P. & I. pf.	90	190
Col. & So.	28	28¼
Do 1st pf.	60	62
Do 2d pf.	50	60
Crex Carp.	73	80
Cub-Am S.	...	30
Do pf.	...	84
Del & H.	158½	159½
D. & R. G.	18	19
D. M. & Ft. Dodge pf.	4½	10
Do pf.	20	..
Det. & M.	85	..
Do pf.	85	..
Det. U. Ry.	71¾	..
Dist Sec.	17½	17¾
D. S. & A.	5	7¼
Do pf.	10¾	12
Dul. & P.	87¾	..
Pow pf.	87¾	..
Erie 2d pf.	39¼	39¾
F. M. & S.	15	17
Do pf.	40	42
Gen Chem.	175	180
Do pf.	107½	108½
Granby C.	85	90
Hav. E. R.	5	7
L. & P.	81½	84
Do pf.	92	94½
Helme (G. W.) Co	163	190
Do pf.	110	118
Hock Val.	125	128
Homest'ke.	115	117
Inger-R	120	..
Do pf.	92	..
Int Agricul.	7	9¼
Do pf.	30	35
Int H. C.	108	110
Do pf.	116½	..
Int P. pf.	40	40½
Int St. P.	8	9½
Do pf.	25	30
Iowa Cent.	7½	10
Do pf.	15	20
K. C. Ft. S.	83	..
& M. pf.	65½	70¼
Kan C So. pf.	61	62½
Kayser (J.) & Co 1st pf.	86	90
K. & D. M. pf.	4½	..
Lack. Steel	38	55½
L. E. & W.	7	8½
Do pf.	19	21
Lake Sh.	480	490
Lig. & M.	225	230½
Do pf.	115	117
L-W B 1st pf.	103	..
Do 2d pf.	90	97
Lor Co. pf.	111½	114
Man Elev.	131½	134
M. Dep S.	66½	67
Do pf.	100	102
Mer Mar.	3½	3⅞
Do pf.	13⅞	14⅜
Mich Cent.	...	190
M. & St. L.	15½	16
Do pf.	30	40
M. St. P. & S. S. M.	143¼	150
Do 1 l.	84½	88
M. P 1st pf.	102	..
M. Wd. pf.	109	115
Nat. Acme	122½	123
Nat. Enam.	12⅝	13
Do pf.	79	82½
Nat. L. pf.	107	110
Nat. Rys of Mex. 1st	31	37
N. Cent C.	40	60
N. O. M. & C. pf.	...	25
N. Y. A. B.	67	69
N. Y. C. & St. L.	42	44
Do 1st pf.	92¼	..
Do 2d pf.	53	85
N. Y. Dock.	5	20
Do pf.	24⅜	42
N. Y. L. & West.	115	120
N. Y. C. & H. R.	98	..
West.	29¾	31
Norf So.	38⅜	40½
N. & W. pf.	82	88½
North Am.	72⅜	73
Ont Light	63½	65
Ont Min.	2¼	2⅜
Pabst B pf.	104½	107
Pac Coast.	80	95
Do 1st pf.	80	95
Do 2d pf.	80	95
Pac Mail.	27½	27¾
P. T. & Tel	67	92
Peo. & E.	6	10
Pett-Mull.	26	29
Do 1st pf.	87	90
Phelps-D.	183	..
Phila Co.	38	90
Do 6 p c pf.	89½	90½
P. C. C. & St. L.	98	98
Pr'man Co.	155⅜	157½
Quicksilver	2	2¾
Do pf.	2¼	4
R. R Sec I	78	..
Ry St Spr. pf.	100¼	102
Rdg 1st pf.	88	90
R. G. M. Co	100	110
St. L. & S. Fran. pf.	3¾	5
Do 1st pf	14	20
Do 2d pf.	8	9
St L. & S. F. 2d cl'fs.	10	16
St L. S. W. pf.	25	27
Do pf.	64	65
Sears-R. pf.	123	124⅜
S-S S. & I pf.	91	97
So P. R. S.	...	65
Do pf.	...	106
So. R. M. & O. ctfs.	70¼	77
T. P. T. pf.	97	102½
T. St. L. & W. pf.	19½	22½
T. C. R. T. pf.	130	140
Und Type.	82	90
Do pf.	108	111
Un Cig. M.	49⅞	50⅝
Do pf.	100	108
Un Dry G.	85¼	93
Do pf.	99½	101
U. Rys In.	20¼	21⅛
Do pf.	43	44
U. S. C. I. P. & F.	45	50
U. S. Ind. A.	21	33
Do pf.	83	87
U. S. R. & I.	56	57
Vand. R. R.	...	85½
Va. I. C. & Coke	50	52½
Va. R. & P.	52½	56
Do pf.	95	..
Vul Detin.	9	..
Do pf.	35	40
West Md.	33	34
Do pf.	52	58
W. E. & M. 1st pf.	116	119
Weym-B.	235	275
Do pf.	114	120
W. & L. E.	5¼	6
Do 1st pf	18	19½
Do 2d pf.	6	9
Wis Cent.	46	49
Wwth (F. W.) Co pf.	115	118

NEW BOND AND NOTE ISSUES

Improvement In Conditions Shown by the Good Demand for Them.

The recent improvement in the investment market was emphasized yesterday by the announcement of a number of new offerings of moderate size. The subscription list for the $7,400,000 South and North Alabama Railroad general mortgage 50-year 5 per cent. bonds, offered by J. P. Morgan & Co., the National City Bank, and the First National Bank was closed, the issue having been oversubscribed. These bonds are guaranteed by the Louisville & Nashville.

Harris, Forbes & Co. have purchased $10,000,000 Utah Power and Light Company first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds running 30 years. The Utah Company serves an extensive territory in Utah and Southeastern Idaho, and through a subsidiary, the Western Colorado Power Company, an important section of Colorado.

All of the $1,500,000 Chicago & Eastern Illinois receivers' certificates authorized early in January and taken by a syndicate headed by the Equitable Trust Company have been sold.

The St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railway has sold $470,000 5 per cent. equipment trusts to Townsend, Whelen & Co. of Philadelphia to finance the recent purchase of 25 freight locomotives.

The Hocking Valley has sold $800,000 4½ per cent. equipment trust certificates to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. to cover 1,000 cars recently ordered.

Stern Brothers have sold $2,500,000 five-year 6 per cent. notes to Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Lehman Brothers. The loan is to retire all of the corporation's short term notes circulating in the public market and will provide the company with funds to take care of its rapidly expanding business in the new store. This financing does not increase the company's indebtedness.

ORDERS SALE OF ORIENT.

Will End Long Receivership—Road to be Reorganized.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 3.—Assets of the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railroad are to be sold within sixty days for not less than $6,000,000 under an order signed in the Federal court here to-day by Judge John C. Pollock. The order means dissolution of the receivership that has existed. Judge Pollock will announce the date of sale later.

Samuel W. Moore, local solicitor for the bondholders, said a bondholders' committee, already appointed, probably would bid in the property and turn it over to a reorganized company agreed upon by the bondholders. Frederick Hurdle of London, a member of the bondholders' committee, is ready to refinance the road, according to Mr. Moore.

CHEMICAL CO.'S PROFITS.

Net Earnings In 1913 Were $2,869,441 and Surplus Is $5,005,582.

The General Chemical Company reports net profits for 1913 of $2,869,441, out of which dividends of $1,949,715 were paid on the preferred and common stock. There was charged off for reductions of plant and investment accounts $782,103 and for salvages $343,657. The surplus carried forward at the end of the year was $5,005,582. The company expended $1,138,995 on new construction and $779,964 for repairs and reconstruction in 1913. W. H. Nichols, Chairman of the board, says:

"The year has been one of general apprehension in manufacturing circles, but chemical manufacturers suffered as little as any, and this company has been content to maintain its relative position in the industry. This is a time for renewed concentration of our energies upon the question of economies of production rather than an increase in output."

Julius Kayser & Co. Earnings Report.

Julius Kayser & Co. report for the year 1913 total net profits of $1,203,827, compared to $1,191,577 earned in the previous year. The capacity of several of the plants was increased during the year. The company paid out $600,000 in dividends, set aside $158,000 for the retirement of preferred stock, and added $446,000 to the previous balance, making a total balance at the end of the year of $802,466.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con.	.02	Mexican	1.10
Andes	.03	Occidental Con.	.70
Belcher	.38	Ophir	.17
Caledonia	1.40	Overman	.30
Challar	.02	Potosi	.01
Confidence	.30	Savage	.07
Con. Cal. & Va.	.14	Seg. Belcher	.08
Con. Imperial	.02	Sierra Nevada	.06
Crown Point	.32	Union Con.	.02
Bould & Curry	.02	Utah Con.	.05
Justice	.02	Yellow Jacket	.35
Kentucky Con.	.04		

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$100.....6% Bonds
$200.....7% Bond Shares

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PROPOSALS.

INVITATION TO CONTRACTORS
FOR THE SUPPLY OF TRACK MATERIALS FOR USE IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF RAPID TRANSIT RAILROADS.

The Public Service Commission for the First District (hereinafter called "the Commission") invites proposals to supply track materials for use in the construction of rapid transit railroads, to wit:

Open-Hearth Rail, Manganese Rail, Splice Bars, End Inclines, Adjustable Separators, Cut Track Spikes, Screw Spikes, Ties and Timber, Bolts and Nuts, Nut Locks, Washers, Rail Braces, Tie Plates, Felt Pads, Anti-Creepers and Ballast.

A fuller description of the materials to be supplied as to form, and other requirements, provisions, details, and specifications are stated, in the form of contract and in the contract drawings therein referred to. Copies of the form of contract, contract drawings, bond and contract proposal may be inspected and purchased at the office of the Commission, No. 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Proposals must be for furnishing only one of the above mentioned materials, and if one bidder wishes to bid on more than one class of material, he shall submit a separate proposal for each class of material bid upon.

Sealed bids or proposals for each class of material separately will be received at the office of the Commission at No. 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, until the 24th day of February, 1914, at twelve-fifteen (12:15) o'clock P. M., at which time, or at a later date to be fixed by the Commission, the proposals will be publicly opened.

Proposals must be in the form prescribed by the Commission.

Bidders shall specify in their proposals the times of first and last delivery of the material. In view of the necessity for prompt deliveries, the times of delivery as set forth in the Contractor's Proposal as well as the prices contained therein will be considered in awarding the contract.

Bidders for the supply of tie-plates must submit with their proposals drawings showing the details of the tie-plates to be furnished, and bidders for the supply of anti-creepers must submit with their proposals drawings showing the details of the anti-creeper to be furnished.

Every proposal must, when submitted, be enclosed in a sealed envelope endorsed "*Proposal for Supplying ..... for use in the construction of Rapid Transit Railroads*," and must be delivered to the Commission or its Secretary; and in the presence of the person submitting a proposal, it will be deposited in a sealed box. No proposal will be received unless accompanied by a separate certified check drawn upon a national or state bank or trust company having its principal office in the City of New York, satisfactory to the Commission and payable to the order of the Comptroller of the City of New York for the sum of Five Hundred ($500) Dollars. Such check must not be enclosed in the envelope containing the proposal.

Deposits made by bidders whose proposals are not accepted will be returned within five (5) days after the contract is executed and delivered. The deposit of the successful bidder will be returned when the contract is executed and its provisions in respect to the bond or deposit are complied with.

No proposal, after it shall have been deposited with the Commission, will be allowed to be withdrawn for any reason whatever.

The award of the contract will be made by the Commission as soon as practicable after the opening of the proposals.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

New York, January 30, 1914.
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
FOR THE FIRST DISTRICT.
By EDWARD E. McCALL, Chairman.
TRAVIS H. WHITNEY, Secretary.

*Here insert name of class of material for which bid is submitted.

FORT TOTTEN, N. Y., JAN. 26, 1914.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for installing steam-heating apparatus in Bldg. 54 and 55, double set, this post, will be received here until 11 A. M., Feb. 26, 1914. Information furnished upon application to Quartermaster.

HOUSE REJECTS ASIATIC EXCLUSION

Refuses to Embarrass Wilson by Accepting Immigration Bill Changes.

AVOIDS OFFENSE TO JAPAN

Republicans, Democrats, and Progressives Swamp Hayes and Raker Amendments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Disregarding party lines, the House of Representatives to-day rallied to the support of the Wilson Administration in its handling of the Japanese situation and voted down all the pending Asiatic exclusion amendments to the Burnett Immigration bill. Secretary Bryan had appealed to House leaders not to permit the consideration at this time of any legislation seeking the exclusion of Asiatic laborers, aimed at the Japanese, because it might embarrass the Administration in its pending negotiations with the Japanese Government.

California members of the House disregarded this appeal from the Secretary of State and tried yesterday to force precipitate action. When the House adjourned last night an amendment offered by Representative Hayes (Rep.) of California, providing for the exclusion of Hindus, Mongolians, Malays, and Africans had been tentatively adopted. To-day the members of the House became convinced that the enactment of such legislation at this time might be construed as a slap at the Japanese and complicate the country's foreign relations, and on sober second thought the House heeded the appeal of the Administration against the adoption of such legislation at this time.

Republicans and Progressives joined with Democratic leaders in pledging their respective forces to-day to avoid Japanese complications by voting down all the pending amendments. By a vote of 54 to 203 the House rejected the Hayes proposal. By a vote of 6 to 182 the House also defeated the proposal of Representative Baker (Dem.) to bar all "Asiatic laborers," "Asiatic" being defined as embracing all races of Asia east of a line marked by the Red Sea, the Mediterranean, the Sea of Marmora, the Black Sea, the Caspian Sea, the Ural River, and the Ural Mountains, except Japan. Baker's amendment was so worded as not to affect Asiatics to whom admission is now granted by agreement as to passports.

Mann Appeals to Patriotism.

Consideration of the anti-Asiatic amendments precipitated a spirited debate, the feature of which was a stirring appeal from Representative James R. Mann, the Republican floor leader, on patriotic grounds, for all members of the House, regardless of party affiliations, to stand by the Administration in its handling of the Japanese question. Mr. Mann said:

"I have been long enough in this House, I hope, to place the country above the party. I do not believe any of these amendments should be agreed to at this time. Dealing with our foreign relations is a matter of delicacy at the best. While I do not have the greatest pride in the present State Department, yet I feel that in conducting our relations with foreign countries I am bound to rely in the first instance, at least, upon the State Department. If they cannot eradicate the difficulties of the situation through diplomatic negotiations it is time enough then for the Congress to act by specific legislation.

"I am not prepared to invite war with Japan or any other country, though if war should come as a result of any legislation I would not shrink from it. I think now is the time for us to be cool and collected, not to be carried off our feet because we think perchance we can play politics at the expense of the Democratic side of the House. We owe an allegiance to our country above our party."

Mr. Hayes asked Mr. Mann to acquit him "of any desire to play politics in any part I take in this legislation."

"Oh," said Mr. Mann, "the gentleman is a sincere advocate of this proposition. He, standing as he is, as an advocate on one side, is properly doing what he believes is right, and he is more or less prejudiced. We represent the entire country, and we ought to protect at this time even California against herself."

Representative Swagar Sherley of Kentucky made a similar appeal to the Democratic forces in the House. Representative Burnett of Alabama, the Chairman in charge of the bill, asserted that if Asiatic exclusion legislation were attached to the measure it would insure its defeat in the Senate. Representative Harrison of Mississippi told the House that the adoption of the Asiatic exclusion amendments would bring on a "very critical" condition in international affairs. Representative J. Hampton Moore of Pennsylvania also appealed to the House members to act calmly. He told the Democrats that their own Secretary of State did not want anti-Japanese legislation. Others spoke in similar vein, and the support which the anti-Japanese amendments appeared to muster last night vanished when the votes were taken to-day.

After the defeat of the Asiatic exclusion propositions the House proceeded with the consideration of the Burnett bill, which was adopted in Committee of the Whole as far as Section 19. With two-thirds of the bill considered, an agreement was reached making its further consideration in order to-morrow.

CAN CO. EARNINGS DOWN.

Payment of 24% on Preferred Shares Cut Big Hole In Surplus.

Floods last Spring in Ohio and Pennsylvania and the financial stringency of last Summer were blamed in part by President Wheeler of the American Can Company, in the annual report, issued yesterday, for the falling of in profits during 1913 as compared with 1912. Net earnings were set forth in the statement of income as $6,595,679, in contrast with $7,522,982 in the preceding year.

As the company sold in the year $14,000,000 of debenture bonds, the interest on them was a charge on net income which did not have to be considered in 1912. Interest amounting to $350,000 was paid, and $291,666 had accrued when the fiscal year ended on Dec. 31. The company credited to the depreciation account $500,000, as against $500,000 in the previous year, while improvements were valued at $612,762, an increase of more than $128,000 over 1912. The final balance for dividends was $4,741,251, the equivalent of the regular 7 per cent. dividend on the preferred shares and 4.49 per cent. on the common stock. In the preceding year surplus earnings were equal to nearly 9 per cent. on the junior issue after paying the preferred dividend.

The profit and loss surplus at the close of the year was $2,402,797, a decrease of $9,441,072 from the previous year's total, the great falling off being accounted for chiefly by the payment of 24 per cent. of the deferred dividends on the preferred shares. Total assets were stated at $109,468,575, of which new construction accounted for $13,635,635 and cash in bank, $4,863,924.

The retiring Directors were re-elected for the ensuing year at the annual meeting of stockholders. At the Directors' meeting afterward James McLean of Phelps, Dodge & Co. was elected to the Executive Committee to succeed W. T. Graham, who recently resigned.

Reduction of German Rate Likely.

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—A further reduction this week of the discount rate of the Imperial Bank of Germany from 4½ to 4 per cent. is expected generally by the money market.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

VERNETTE ELIHU PRENTICE, general promoter, of 210 West Eighty-sixth Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $53,874 and assets of $23 in a judgment. The debts were contracted in Chicago, Sioux City, Ia., and Hot Springs, S. D., between 1892 and 1899, mainly for money loaned.

E. HELEN O'BRIEN, milliner, of 53 West Thirty-ninth Street, has filed a petition with liabilities of $6,906 and assets of $702.

FRIEDMAN, HOBERMAN & WELTMAN.—A petition has been filed against Friedman, Hoberman & Weltman, manufacturers, of 80 University Place, by these creditors: Meyer Kramer, $400; Paul S. Halpern, $300, and Maurice Posner, $300. They made an assignment on Jan. 27.

ALFRED GILLESPIE.—A petition has been filed against Alfred Gillespie, jeweler, of 200 Houston Street, by these creditors: Spandorfer & Katzin Co., $420; Rudolph Timkel, $80, and L. Wade & Co., $42. It was alleged that he is insolvent and made several small preferential payments.

ABRAHAM RESNICK.—A petition has been filed against Abraham Resnick, wholesale confectioner, of 257 Madison Street, by these creditors: Grammercy Chocolate Company, $161; John Grammas, $86; Trop Chocolate Company, $67; Auto Sales Gum and Chocolate Company, $120, and M. & S. Cocoa and Chocolate Company, $80. He made an assignment on Feb. 2. Liabilities are $4,000 and assets $2,000.

POCH & RUBIN.—Schedules of Poch & Rubin, wholesale dealers in cotton and woolen goods at 105 and 107 Eldridge Street, show liabilities of $14,630 and assets of $9,377, consisting of stock, $3,500, and accounts, $5,877.

D'AMRON COMPANY.—Schedules of the D'Amron Company, stationer and printer, formerly at Thirty-fourth Street and Broadway, show liabilities of $7,387 and assets of $797, consisting of accounts, $56, and money received by the trustee from the assignee, $741.

HUSCH'S.—Schedules of Alfred Husch, who did business as Husch's, at 797 Broadway, Brooklyn, show liabilities of $29,695 and assets of $10,500, consisting of stock, $7,000, and fixtures, $3,500. Among the creditors are L. M. Stern, $4,900, secured; L. M. Stern & Co., $4,875, and Al Husch Company, $1,607, all of Brooklyn. He was President of Husch, Inc.

HUSCH, INC.—Schedules of Husch, Inc., retail dealer in women's wear at 1,476 Broadway, Manhattan, show liabilities of $19,571 and assets of $11,500, consisting of stock, $7,500; fixtures, $3,500, and accounts, $500. Among the creditors are the Bonwit Costume Company, $1,324; Kaufman Costume Company, $1,061, and Arnstam & Co., $1,286.

FRIEDMAN BROTHERS. — Schedules of Friedman Brothers, furriers, of 20 West Twenty-seventh Street show liabilities of $11,463, and assets, consisting of stock and fixtures sold by the receiver, amount realized unknown; one share of stock of the Wyona Realty Company, value unknown, and a judgment for $69. Among the creditors are the Union Exchange National Bank, $3,000; Samuel Sachs & Co., $2,172, secured; Manheims & Ente, $1,372, secured, and Pollak & Terker, $1,861.

NATIONAL LUNCH COMPANY.—Judge Hand has appointed Hamilton M. Dawes Receiver for the National Lunch Company of 823 and 987 Sixth Avenue under bond of $1,000.

GREAT NORTHERN TRADING COMPANY.—Justice Giegerich of the Supreme Court has appointed W. C. Clune Receiver for the Great Northern Trading Company of 154 Nassau Street in proceedings for the voluntary dissolution of the company, brought by the Directors, among whom are Frederick B. Knowlton, Albert Halsey, and Dudley S. O'Neall. Liabilities are said to be $10,700 and assets $3,700. Percival H. Gregory was appointed Referee. The company was incorporated six years ago, with capital stock $100,000, to trade in real estate.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Ash, Wm. H.—Empire Tire Co., $229.
Ageer, Frank—J. B. Wyatt, $138.
Abrams, Hyman—S. Brown, $1,105.
Anderson, Axel—Pigelow Varnish Co., $151.
Almond, Daniel—United Gas Improvement Co., $222.
Arnold, Margaret, and Frederick Hechter—People, &c., $300.
Brody, Solomon T. and Rose—H. Gerertz et al., $982.
Black, Mary—Saks & Co., $228.
Barracano, Frank—Texas Co., $290.
Same—Same, $403.
Burby, Wm. H.—A. K. Helderich, $130.
Butinsky, Morris—S. H. Gitter, $200.
Bonacci, Domenick—Catskill Vitrified Brick Co., $8,302.
Cornelius, Thomas F.—B. H. Webber, $149.
Cossenas, Michael N.—R. Holland, $127.
Carter, Louis R.—Palm, Fechteler & Co., $519.
Colsenas, Michael N. and Victor C. Bell—R. Holland, $308.
Conwell, Charles—Rock Island Butter Co. of New York, $129.
Deutsch, David D., Irving Rafsky, and Joseph Cohen—Public Bank of N. Y. City, $570.
Davidson, Lillian L.—O. Hitchins, $217.
Diamond, Charles, and Philip Landau—J. Cohen, $378.
Daly, Daniel—P. E. Nagle, $10,530.
Day, James R.—J. Herb et al., $222.
Doelger, Chas. A.—R. Fitzpatrick, $228.
De Feo, George—J. Davis et al., $342.
Eidt, John C.—M. Horowitz, $3,934.
Eufemio, Michael—B. C. Samuel et al., $129.
Fritsch, Henry J.—F. E. Boehmcke et al., $351.
Fagin, Sam—J. Victor, $104.
Fuchs, Wm. J.—Jefferson Aems Co., $120.
Graham, Harry C.—L. P. Cantine, $122.
Ginsburg, Alfred S., Alfred Bondy, and Alfred Ginsburg, Inc.—L. H. Abenheimer, $3,725.
Gordon, Abraham—Peoples National Bank of Brooklyn, N. Y., $1,165.
Healy, Timothy—W. Geisner, $1,594.
Hamlin, John—Hamnla Distilling Co., $228.
Irving, Frank—J. T. Apgar, $105.
Kolker, Hyman—L. Kolker, $834.
Kutchen, Sam—B. Ernstein et al., $152.
Kuiper, Benne—I. Levy, $608.
Lookstein, Max F.—U. B. Soule, $187.
Landy, Yetta—B. Jaffe, $250.
Lyons, Martin—W. O. Biccolis, $185.
Massas, Stephen—A. J. Bruen, $187.
McCormack, Thomas J.—Columbia Knickerbocker Trust Co., $622.
Morgan, Reginald H., Jr., Treas.—E. A. Denton, $2,145.
Meyer, Max—K. F. Woolsey, $165.
Mahony, Fordham C.—Sheffield Farms, Slawson-Decker Co., $177.
Meeker, Herman E.—E. Taylor, $128.
Mulvihill, Mary E., and Fannie Rabinovich—J. B. Harrison et al., $150.
Martin, Frank R.—W. F. Blaisdell, $566.
McKee, Thomas H. executor—City of N. Y., $174.
Necker, William—E. Lewis, costs, $100.
Schwartz, Max—I. Acker, $206.
Schinasi, Louis and Abraham—E. R. Goodnow, $270.
Senowitz, Julius—Fleck & Hillman, $482.
Schwab, Emanuel—J. Wiener, $140.
Swain, Thomas F.—McLaughlin & Donovan, Inc., $167.
Steinebach, Emma; Richard Furlong, and Fred F. Steinbach—American Brass & Copper Co., $140.
Stimon, Rose—B. Gluck, $1,841.
Tichenor, Frank A.—German Savings Bank of City of N. Y., $179.
Tompkins, William W. and Elsie G.—E. H. Bauer, $5,335.
Waters, William D.—E. H. Sayre et al., $267.
Wilkins, Baron—F. S. Roesch, $134.
Wolkomir, Gottlieb—B. Trouplansky, $340.
Zeller, Simon—M. Kinert et al., $177.
Abley Realty Co.—Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co., $138.
American Gas and Electric Co., Thomas D. Nesbitt, William H. Johnston, and Andrew N. Walker—General Electric Co., $2,030.
City of N. Y.—C. L. Luce, $6,500.
Same—C. G. Smith, $7,000.
Commercial Advertiser Association—J. Larocque, $500.
Degnon Contracting Co.—C. Jennings, $7,096.
Fifth Avenue Tailors—J. G. Boggs, $165.
Gravesend Development Co. and Joseph Loizzio—A. Rodolico et al., $358.
Gault Realty Co.—M. L. Edwards, $1,871.
Illustrated Supplement Co., Inc., and Ira A. Milliro—J. Single, $2,138.
S. Schendel Cigar & Tobacco Co.—City of New York, $339.
Sarasahn Pub. Co.—Same, $125.
Reliance Paint Co.—Same, $125.
Salkey & Blumberg Co.—Same, $179.
Selectro Tea Co.—Same, $125.
Salem Nail Co.—Same, $232.
St. Andrew Importation Co.—Same, $125.
Saint George Mfg. Co.—Same, $125.
Snyder Ry. Specialty Co.—Same, $232.
Seager Tuning Co.—Same, $126.
Saint Nicholas Construction Co.—Same, $125.
Scientific Aeroplane & Airship Co.—Same, $125.
Joseph Schoen Co.—Same, $125.
Inter-City Land & Securities Co.—Olin J. Stephens, Inc., $724.
L. B. & C. Construction Co. and Joseph Loizzo—B. Rodolico, $184.
Loeb Bros., Inc.—Philip Strobel & Sons, Inc., $882.
McKinley Realty & Construction Co.—L. H. Beers and others, costs, $121.
National Lunch Co.—C. F. Boell, $183.
Navarre Hotel & Importing Co.—American Appraisal Co., costs, $178.
Oval Construction Co.—C. Denier, $277.
Paul Lacroix Automobile Co.—C. B. Harmon, costs, $68.
Patrick Cont. & Trucking Co.—C. J. Lennon Co., $298.
Pilot Films Corp.—F. B. Kones, $221.
Schundler Van Aukem & Co., Inc.—Johnston Export P. Co., $249.
Shore Building Co.; Henry Brandt and John Brandt—International Heater, $321.
United Copper Bearings & Metal Co.—Jiffy Fire Hose Rack Co., $609.
William Haaker Co. No. 1—F. Hollender, $11,075.

Bronx County.

Armanino, John B., and Maria Armanino—W. Zimbardi, $1,060.
Becker, Berth—Cosmopolitan Bank, $2,257.
Bronx and Yonkers Realty Co.—Eberhardt & Podgur, $10,141.
Crey, Harry D.—Cortlandt Mortgage Co., $737.
Devine, John A.—I. Solonomick, $240.
Duere, Marins—H. Kissan, $483.
Greene, John G.—Kerin & Dunn, $331.
G. & S. Realty Co. and Hyman Shatzkin—H. J. Pope, $86.
Knepper, Herman—H. Michaelson, $111.
Lauria, James J., and Emil Squazzo—C. Kling, $407.
Nagle, John E.—Montclair Bels Cigar Co., $100.
Piasecka, Stephen—J. M. Lyons, $119.
Springer, John H.—Western Electric Co., $1,798.
Shipley, Albert L.—J. Foreman, $251.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

Peskin, Hyman—J. Rosenblum & Co., Dec. 19, 1913, $104.
Bushnell, Ericsson F., Henry S. Blossom, William Ely, Jr., Andrew J. Wellington Clark, Chapin & Bushnell, Conron Bros Co., and Nicele Olive Oil Co.—A. L. Reynolds, Feb. 21, 1912, $2,715.
Crockett, Stuart—S. E. Kehoe, Nov. 22, 1913, $906.
Columbus & Dorfman Construction Co.—City of New York, July 20, 1911, $274.
Corn, Morris—J. Gluck, March 28, 1913, $191.
Castelli, Domenico—B. Semenza, May 15, 1913, $321.
Exeter Machine Works—Berlin Construction Co., Dec. 3, 1912, $3,775.
Hecht, Anton, and Max Lubin—Hilduth Varnish Co., Jan. 30, 1914, $1,300.
Phillips, Fred A.—Lozier Motor Co., Nov. 12, 1913, $133.
Bernstein, Sarah and Benjamin—W. Ginsberg Nov. 20, 1913, $200.
Molinari, Giuseppe, Jr.—City of New York, April 23, 1908, (vacated,) $213.
Selenkow, Max J.—M. Eggers, Jan. 5, 1912, $215.
Same—Same, Feb. 16, 1912, $214.
Same—Same, Jan. 30, 1912, $215.
Scolaro, Frank—J. B. Owens et al., May 23, 1913, $218.
Wagner, Otto—Black, Starr & Frost, Dec. 29, 1913, $2,297.

In Bronx County.

Rogers-Gallagher Construction Co., Inc., and Michael A. Gallagher and Clarence E. Rogers—A. Waldan, Jan. 9, 1914, $373.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

The grain markets sold down yesterday. Wheat receded from ¼c to ⅝c, corn from ½c to ⅝c, and oats from ⅝c to ⅝c net. Cotton was irregular at the close, with a 3 point gain in the February option, and declines ranging from 3 to 5 points in the others. Cotton oil and provisions were heavy.

WHEAT.

Prices made slight gains over the final of Monday, but late in the session there was a quick decline of ½c to ⅝c, and the market closed easy at the bottom, with net losses of ¼c to ⅝c.

Reports from Liverpool said that Russia was again offering wheat freely. Bradstreet's reported stocks in America and in and afloat for Europe at 206,865,000 bushels a decrease for the week of 1,438,000, and compared with 203,755,000 last year.

In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at 98½c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive; No. 2 red, $1.00½, nominal, elevator, domestic; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.02½, free on board, afloat, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.01½, free on board.

NEW PORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.00¼	99¾	99⅞	1.00 3-16	99 11-16
July	....	....	97	97¼	

CHICAGO PRICES.

May	93⅝	92⅛	92⅞	93⅛	93⅜
July	88⅝	88⅜	88⅝	88⅝	91⅛

CORN.

The corn market was under considerable pressure, and prices at the close were ½c to ⅝c net lower. The cash markets in the West were generally lower. Bradstreet's visible supply showed an increase for the week of 1,114,000 bushels, compared with an increase of 489,000 bushels last year.

In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 70½c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	66¾	66⅛	66⅜	66⅝	53¼
July	65⅛	65	65	65¼	54½
September	64⅝	63⅝	63⅝	64⅛	55¼

OATS.

The oats market was steady early, but commission houses sold freely, and late in the day declined in sympathy with corn, closing at ⅝ to ⅝c net lower. Bradstreet's visible supply decreased 1,823,000 bushels, compared with a decrease of 154,000 last year. The local cash market was barely steady, standard white quoted at 44¼ to 45c; No. 2, 43 to 45¼c; No. 3, 44 to 44¼c; No. 4, 43¼ to 44c; ordinary clipped white, 44 to 46c; fancy clipped white, 45 to 47c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	39⅝	39¼	39¼	39⅞	34½
July	39⅜	39	39⅛	39½	34⅝

COTTON.

A renewal of March liquidation caused further nervousness in the cotton market yesterday and after an early advance prices eased off, closing steady at a net gain of 3 points on February, but generally 8 to 5 points lower.

Southern advices continue to indicate preparations for a large crop and fertilizer concerns abroad claim that their shipments to the South this year will be the largest since 1911. Southern spot markets as officially reported were 1-16c lower to 1-16c higher, generally unchanged. The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 12.75c for middling upland; sales nil.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
February	12.15	12.14	12.14@12.15	12.11
March	12.35	12.22	12.20@12.22	12.30
April	....	....	12.10@12.12	12.20
May	12.12	12.02	12.04@12.05	12.08
June	12.03	12.03	11.98@12.00	12.03
July	12.06	11.95	11.97@11.98	12.02
August	11.82	11.75	11.77@11.78	11.80
September	....	....	11.51@11.53	11.55
October	11.52	11.44	11.45@11.46	11.49

COTTONSEED OIL.

The weakness in lard undermined prices, and during the afternoon an easier tone prevailed and prices at the close were 2 to 8 points lower. The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	7.00@7.12	7.00
February	7.10	7.10	7.09@7.12	7.09
March	7.16	7.14	7.13@7.13	7.17
April	....	....	7.20@7.24	7.24
May	7.36	7.31	7.31@7.32	7.36
June	....	....	7.37@7.42	7.45
July	7.56	7.53	7.52@7.53	7.55
August	....	....	7.06@7.05	7.08
September	....	....	7.08@7.71	7 71

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was lower owing to quite active selling prompted by easier hog markets in the West and by the monthly statement of stocks, which showed large gains over last month, especially for lard and ribs. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 32,000; estimated for Wednesday, 35,000; Kansas City received 12,000 and Omaha 14,000.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	11.02	10.97	11.00	11.06	10.35
July	11.17	11.15	11.17	11.20	10.35
Ribs—					
May	11.50	11.45	11.47	11.52	10.32
July	11.65	11.60	11.62	11.67	10.30
Pork—					
May	21.52	21.45	21.47	21.50	19.37

COFFEE.

The way coffee continues to arrive at Brazilian points is not very encouraging to those who had bought on predictions of a falling off in the movement, and during yesterday's operations prices were easy, closing at a net decline of 9 to 10 points under quiet but persistent liquidation on the part of discouraged longs. The Havre market was steady early, but eased off and closed net unchanged to ¼ franc, while Hamburg was unchanged to ¼ pfennig decline. Prices in the Brazilian spot market were unchanged, and Santos futures at midday were 25 reis lower to 25 reis higher. In the cost and freight market Santos 4s were quoted as 12.35 to 12.45, 3s and 4s at 11.85 to 11.95, 4s at 11.55 to 11.65, 4s and 5s, 11.35 to 11.40, and, Rio 7s at 9.05 to 9.10.

In the local spot market trading was quiet and prices were easy, with Rio 7s quoted at 9¾c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
February	....	....	9.08@9.10	9.17
March	9.18	9.14	9.14@9.15	9.25
April	....	....	9.24@9.26	9.35
May	9.44	9.35	9.35@9.37	9.44
June	....	....	9.45@9.47	9.55
July	9.60	9.57	9.56@9.57	9.65
August	....	....	9.62@9.64	9.23
September	9.80	9.68	9.69@9.71	9.82
October	....	....	9.75@9.77	9.90
November	....	....	9.80@9.82	9.96
December	9.91	9.85	9.85@9.87	10.04

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(‹) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

COURT OF APPEALS.—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.
Watson‹Huntington, USA‹NY & O SS Co. Same‹O S Nav. Sandy H Pilots‹Dela, Clyde SS‹Amb Snow. Verbaugh‹Gray, Cook‹Tug Hercules, Nashville Int Ry‹Barrum.
In re Mitchell. Cornell S'boat Co‹Bayone. In re McCrum. Olson‹US Shipping. Reid‹Fargo.

DISTRICT COURT.—Hazel, J.—(Admiralty.)
Buchholz Hill‹Barge Irish Bros‹same.

DISTRICT COURT.—Mayer, J.—(Jury.)
Keller‹Loyless, Keller‹Loyless, In re Junction Rity.
Valentine‹Int Merc Mar Co. Clarke‹NY, NH, &c.

DISTRICT COURT—Hunt, J.
Hennessy‹Wine Growers.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.
Laduke‹Hud Riv Tel, Des Jarduis‹Hotchkin Univ Talking Mach‹Landay & ano. Peo ex rel Gaffey & ano‹Fobes.
Un Surety‹Meenan, Welker & others‹Lathrop & ano. Podolsky & ano‹Ireland. Chesterton‹NYC, &c.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Laughlin, Clarke, Scott, JJ.—Enumerated motions.
Apgar‹Connell. Butler‹Roberson. Tull‹Barrett. Little‹Martin. U S Fidelity, &c‹Carnegie Trust. Same‹same. Varnum‹Barrett. Ochs‹Woods.
CNY‹Linch. Shawmut Tire‹Latham-Phelps. Anderson‹Brady. Same‹same. Farley‹Archibald. O'Neill‹CNY. Abe Brill Co‹Patten. Doelger‹Meyer.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I., Bijur, J.—Litigated motions.
Althoitz‹Naughton. Hart‹Equit Life. Thompson‹Thompson. Kelleher‹F E C RR. Lehman‹Moral, (Neuberger.)
Oliver‹Well. Patter‹Pictl Review. Von Keller‹E Riv Bk. Brawnstein‹Brawnst'l Meese‹Meese. Hollins‹McPartland.
In re CNY, (Bronx Boulevard.) Heidelbach‹Penn Rub Fritz‹Van Beuren. Same‹same. Cox‹St. Luke's Home. Fetman‹Bishop. C Asphalt Pav‹CNY. Same‹same. Same‹same. McDevitt‹Gillespie. CNY‹Schoenholz. Griffin‹Thompson. Case on.
Rosenbaum‹N Y, S & W R R. Huguley‹Gardner. Sanzo‹Cramo. Nat Nas Bk‹Ludingtons. Black‹same. Paterno. Jones‹Crane. Kennedy‹Hud Nav. Belinsky‹Braunstein. Matter of Dickerson. Unick‹Johnson. Levene‹Levene. Dominick‹Dominick. Leonore‹Leonore. Same‹Same. Leonard‹Blake. Francis‹Herwig. Clausen‹Title Guar, &c Claflin‹Claflin. Jones‹Barber Asph. Spadaccini‹Simbar R. In re Wash'n Sav Bk. Stern & Sons‹Egner. Sheldon‹Brown. Engel‹Hirsch. Same‹same. Conlan‹same. Richardson Press‹ Vandergrift. Lien Inv Co‹Wildey. Same‹same. Henshaw‹same. Eneman‹Eneman. McCormack‹Slosson. Adler‹Ascher. In re Moynihan. Hayes‹McAvoy. Ettlinger‹Natl Surety.

PART II.—Giegerich, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—PART III.—Newburger, J. Motions. Undefended divorces.
Stangl‹Stangl. Carl‹Bopp. Lilienthal‹Lilienthal. Clark‹Clark. Graux‹Graux. Kaplan‹Kaplan. Dobbins‹Dobbins. Blank‹Blank. Rombone‹Rombone. Walsh‹Walsh. Gebalo‹Gebalo. Lorenzi‹Lorenzi. Berra‹Berra. Rosenbaum‹Rosen'm. Preferred causes. Farley‹Schultz. Same‹Smalley. Same‹Aaron. Same‹Barrick. Same‹Wasser. General calendar.
Archer‹Turbo El Con. Damstadt‹Browning. Williams‹McClave. Wash. Sav. Bk‹Kingston Sec. N. Bk. of NY‹Wash. Sav. Bank. Gale‹Home As. Carroll‹Clark. Mass. Bond & I Co.‹Kennedy Valve. Co. Snyder‹Seiznick. Delehanty‹Dunne. Nat. Res. Bk.‹Lesk Realty Co.
Paltrawit‹Am Ins, Newark. Paltrowitz‹Am Ins, Newark. Same‹Royal Ex As. Same‹Ger-Am Ins. Same‹Ham Brem Ins. Same‹Pruss Nat Ins. Same‹Royal Ins.
Preston‹D, L & W RR Paltrowitz‹Am Ins, Newark. Same‹Royal Ex As. Same‹Ger-Am Ins. Same‹Ham Brem Ins. Same‹Pruss Nat Ins. Same‹Royal Ins.

PART IV., clear; Part V., case on; Part VI., clear; Part VII., case on; Part VIII., clear.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Davis, J.—Criminal Term.—Hans Schmidt.

PART II.—Wittaker, J.
Brauer‹Lawrence, Holliday‹Stallo. Dickman‹Cornell Clb. Veldman‹Same. Same‹same.
Evans‹Smylie. City B, Bayonne‹Tollner. Case on.

PART III.—Platzek, J.
Erb‹Goldstone. Rosen‹CNY. Cato‹42d St, &c, RR. Abolamitis‹Union Ry. Whitnack‹Holzwasser. Case on.
Bonci‹NYC & H

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

TUESDAY, FEB. 3.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

ATTORNEY ST, 152, e s, 25x100.5; Dane Brown to Brooklyn Building Material Company, 140 Nassau St, Jan. 21; attorney, Samuel A. Potter, 140 Nassau St.....$1
SAME property; Vigdor Bogolowitz to same, Jan. 21; attorney, same.....$1
BROADWAY, n e corner of 138th St, 199.10 to s s of 139th St x 225.9 to w s of Hamilton Place x 217.1 to 138th St x 139.10 to beginning; Hamilton Place, s e corner of 139th St, runs e 69.8x99.11 x w 25 x s 99.11 to n s of 138th St x w 15.1 x n w — to place of beginning; Montefiore Home, a Hospital for Chronic Invalids, &c., to Leopold Kahn, 525 West End Av, Feb. 2; attorneys, Strock & Strock, 30 Broad St.....$500,000
BROADWAY, n e corner of 138th St, 199.10 to s s of 139th St x 223.9 to w s of Hamilton Place x 217.1 to 138th St x 139.10 to beginning; Hamilton Place, s e corner of 139th St, hereinbefore described; 138th St, n s, 116.5 ft e of Hamilton Place, runs n — to e s of Hamilton Place x s — to n s of 138th St x e — to beginning, gore, Leopold Kahn to the Wexford Company, 212 5th Av, (mtg $370,000,) Feb. 2; attorneys, same.....$100
BROADWAY, 1,914 and 1,916, s e corner of 64th St, 58.4x20.8x50.3x50; Henry K. Brent to Kenneth H. Wood, 500 West 160th St, (mtg $85,000,) May 28, 1913; attorney, Robert Gray, 45 Cedar St.....$100
BROADWAY, 1,323 w s, 24.3x—, 34th St, w s, 275 ft, e of 7th Av, 83.4x—, 34th St, w s, 358.4 ft, e of 7th Av, 41.8x98.9; Nathan Straus, et al, Executor, to Percy S. Straus, Middletown, N. J.; attorneys, Wise & S., 15 William St.....$1
CANNON ST, s e s, 100 n of Grand St, 25x 100; Max Swersky to Chas. Baumobia, 340 Manida St., Jan. 31, (mtg $25,000;) ttorney, Jos. Fenison, 299 Broadway $1
CLAREMONT AV, e s, 300 ft n of 125th St, 50x100; Right Realty and Security Company to Max Gutschneider, 601 West 174th St, (mtg $52,000,) Feb. 2; attorney, L. J. Frey, 31 Liberty St $100
LEWIS ST, 117 n s, 25x100; Ellis. A. Toop to William H. Toop, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., (mtg $26,500;) Feb. 2.....$100
LEXINGTON AV, n w corner of 119th St, 100.11x15; Annie L. Phelan to Jennie C. Donnelly, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y., (mtg $9,000,) Jan. 20; attorneys, Conway, W. & K., 66 Broadway.....$1
LEXINGTON AV, 1,664, w s, 16.8x55; Ernest F. Bliss and others to Bliss Real Estate Company, 7 East 42d St, Feb. 2.....$100
MADISON AV, n e corner of 128th St, 50x 72.6; Gertrude J. Hirsch to Brentmore Realty Co., 505 5th Av, (mtg $69,000,) Dec. 19; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 128 Broadway $1
PARK AV, 987 to 991, e s, 50 ft s of 84th St, runs e 56.8x s 41.4x s e — x w 70.10 to av x n 52.2 to beginning; Simon M. Rosenblatt, executor of Meyer Rosenblatt, to Charter Construction Co., 505 5th Av, Feb. 2; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway $61,000
PLEASANT AV, w s, 35.8 ft s of 117th St, 39.11x94; Annie Greenthal and another to Perry W. Greenthal, 174 St. Nicholas Av, (mtg $28,000,) all liens, Jan. 29; attorneys, Greenthal & G., 873 Brook Av.....$100
PRINCE ST, 123, n s, 25x95; Henry Hirsch to Brentmore Realty Co., 505 5th Av, (mtg $40,000,) Dec. 16; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 128 Broadway $1
SPRING ST, 83, n s, 25x117x25x118.6; Leo H. Hirsch and others, executors, &c, of Julius Hirsch, to Gilbert Hirsch, 523 East 77th St, one-sixth part, (mtg $35,000,) Dec. 31; attorneys, Meighan & N., 38 Park Row $2,500
SAME PROPERTY; same to Frederick W. Kahn, Cedarhurst, L. I., one-sixth part, (mtg $35,000,) Jan. 19; attorneys, same.$500
SAME PROPERTY; Gilbert Hirsch to Bella Hirsch, 254 West 76th St, one-sixth part, (mtg $35,000,) Dec. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $1
SAME PROPERTY; Frederick W. Kahn to Brentmore Realty Co., 505 5th Av, one-sixth part, (mtg $35,000,) Jan. 30.....$1
SAME PROPERTY; Bella Hirsch to same; one-sixth part, (mtg $35,000,) Dec. 17....$1
SAME PROPERTY; same to same, one-sixth part, (mtg $35,000,) Jan. 10.....$1
SAME PROPERTY; Hy. Hirsch to same, 1-6 right, title, and insurance, (mtg $35,000,) Dec. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $1
SAME PROPERTY; Selma H. Kahn to same, (mtg $35,000,) quitclaim, Dec. 17; attorney, same $1
SST, AV, 1,622, e s, 20.4x85; Frances A. Scott, heir of Robert Fanning, to Emanuel Arnstein, 1,592 Avenue A, all liens, Feb. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway $1
2D AV, 2,622, e s, 25x75; Ella Sachs to Ida Lowenthal, 2,032 2d Av, (mtg $16,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway. $100
9TH ST, s s, 158 ft w of Avenue C, 25x86; Ernest F. Bliss and others to Bliss Real Estate Co, 7 East 42d St, (mtg $10,849,) Feb. 2.....$100
86TH ST, n g, 309 e of 7th Av, 50x105; 35th St, 145 w, 25x98.9; 36th St, 325, e s of 7th Av, 41.8x—; 148th St, s s, 500 w of 7th Av, 100x99.11; 19th St, n s, 126. ft, e of 7th Av, 23.1x90; Webster Av, e s, 140 ft s of City Line, 150x—; 19th St, n e s 103.1, s e of 7th Av, 23.1x90; Nathan Straus to Percy S. Straus, Middletown, N. J., Jan. 17; attorneys, Wise & S., 15 William St.....$1
88TH ST, 223 to 231 West, n s, 102.11x98.9; Max Thorn to Bayswords Realty Co., 35 Nassau St, (mtg $100,000,) Jan. 30; attorneys, Goldsmith, R. M. & B., 35 Nassau St $1
98TH ST, n s, 300 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.5; Caroline E. Taubert to James C. Gaffney, 1,148 Tiffany St, Feb. 2; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co, 160 Broadway. $100
99TH ST, 325 East, n s, 18.9x100.5; Anna M. Unlandherm, individually and others, executors, &c., Christopher H. Unlandherm to Edward M. Clarke, 205 Gordon St, Roselle, N. J., all liens, Feb. 2; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway. $100
SAME PROPERTY; Edward M. Clarke to Sadie A. Byrne, 325 East 236th St, (mtg $4,500,) all liens, Feb. 2; attorney, same. $100
55TH ST, 347 and 355 West, n s, 100x100.5; Brentmore Realty Co to Clandere Realty Co., Oswego, N. Y., (mtg $300,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $1
61ST ST, n s, 200 ft e of West End Av, 25x 100.5; Tax Payers' Holding Co, Inc, to Sophie Knepper, 199 Belmont St, all liens, Nov. 25, 1913 .....$20,000
83D ST, 166 West, n s, 25x100.8x25.1x107.8; Sarah E. Taylor, 59 West 69th St, to Elliphalet L. Davis, 249 West 22d St, Feb. 2; attorney, S. B. Hamburger, 2 Rector St..$1
SAME PROPERTY; Elliphalet L. Davis to Ensign Realty Co. 55 Liberty St, (mtg $23,-000,) Feb. 2; attorneys, McLaughlin & Co, 15 William St $100
96TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Park Av, 50x100.8; Isaac Brush to Simon Wyburg, 170 West 74th St, (mtg $60,000,) Feb. 3; attorneys, Kantrowitz & Esberg, 320 Broadway...$100
99TH ST, s s, 75 ft w of Columbus Av, 25x 100.11; Daniel E. Reilly to James J. Reilly, 67 East 95th St, Jan. 30; attorney, R. K. Brown, 320 Broadway $1
SAME property; James J. Reilly to Mary E. Reilly and another, 244 West 123d St, Jan. 30; attorney, same $1
104TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of 3d Av, 25x100.11; Ernest F. Bliss and others to Bliss Real Estate Company, 7 East 42d St, Feb. 2.....$100
108TH ST, n s, 180 ft e of Park Av, 25x 100.11; Ernest F. Bliss and others to Bliss Real Estate Co, 7 East 42d St, all liens, Feb. 2.....$100
113TH ST, 105 East, 42.8x100.11; Acadia Realty Company to Wentworth Holding Company, 1,400 5th Av, Feb. 3, (mtg $50,-800;) attorney, J. A. Kohn, 1,400 5th Av. $100
114TH ST, 334 to 338 East, 40.11x100.11; Alice Leaderer to Robert Gray, 413 ft w of 146th St, Jan. 29, quitclaim, (mtg $54,250;) attorney, M. S. Borland, 46 Cedar St.....$1
SAME PROPERTY; Lucy P. Lederer to same, Jan. 29, (mtg $54,250,) attorney, same $1
115TH ST, 413 West, n s, 66.8x100.11; Lorraine Holding Co. to Walter R. Hosack, 14 Kendall Av, Bellevue, Penn., (mtg $87,500,) Jan. 31, 1913; attorneys, Chrystie W. & B., 115 Broadway $100
SAME PROPERTY; Walter R. Hosack to Fifth Av. Bond & Mort. Co., 334 5th Av, (mtg $96,000,) Feb. 2; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway $1
116TH ST, 151 East, 17x80; Sam'l Bernstein, Referee to A. Gertrude Cutter, 781 Lenox Av, Jan. 30; attorney, F. M. Tichenor, 58 Park Row $10,000
118TH ST, 14 and 16 West, s s, 44x100.11; Esther Levin to Annie Hoffman, 13 West 114th St, (mtg $4,500,) all liens, Oct. 30, 1913; attorney, S. N. Freedman, 55 Liberty St.....$100
122D ST, s West, 21x100.11; Earle W. Webb, referee, to Martha A. Feehtman, White Plains, N. Y., Feb. 2; attorneys, Alexander & Ash, 92 William St.....$750
123D ST, 246 West, 13.10x100.11; Mary E. Reilly to James J. Reilly, 67 East 95th St, Jan. 30; attorney, R. K. Brown, 320 Broadway $1
SAME property; James J. Reilly to Mary E. Reilly and another, 244 West 123d St, Jan. 30; attorney, same $1
128TH ST, 107 West, 20x99.11; Rebecca Harries to John Cyriacks, 803 Col. Av, 4-17 part, Feb. 3; attorney, A. Mayer, 261 Broadway $1
133D ST, n s, 366.6 ft w of Lenox Av, 33.3x 99.11; Angel Construction Inc. to Annie B. Kaplan, 1,468 Seabury Place, (mtg $25,-000,) Dec. 5; attorney, Rudolph Loewenthal, 1,347 Boston Road $1
138TH ST, n s, 116.5 ft e of Hamilton Place, runs n w — to e of Hamilton Place s — to n s of 138th St x e — to beginning; Hebrew Orphan Asylum to Leopold Kahn, 525 West End Av, B. & S., all liens, Jan. 27; attorneys, Hoadley, L., & J., 22 William St $1
138TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Lenox Av, 50x 99.11; Louis Doctor to Charles G. Baner, 52 John St, (mtg $54,800,) Feb. 2; attorneys, Simpson & S., 2 Rector St.....$1
150TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 75x100; Maria A. Mesick, heir, &c, of Frank B. Mesick, to Alex. McDowell, 63 Morningside Av, (mtg $18,000,) Jan. 31; attorneys, Steele & Otis, 25 Broad St.....$1

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, w s, at line between Lots 91 and 102, map of Morrisania, 79x irregular; John H. Rogan, referee, to Elisabeth Ditchett and another, 18 Bay 28th St, Brooklyn, Jan. 30, (mtg $8,427.18;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,000
BRIGGS AV, 2,592, e s, 235.10 ft s of 194th St, 19.8x77.9x irregular; Barbara M. Havlik to Walter R. Hosack, 14 Kendall Av, Bellone, Penn., Feb. 2, (mtg $8,000;) attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $1
BRIGGS AV, 2,592; Walter R. Hosack to Lorraine Holding Co., 115 Broadway, Feb. 2, (mtg $8,000;) attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $1
BROOK AV, n e corner of 164th St, 29.2x 74.5x irregular; Katie Jaecker to Harry C. Jaecker, 1,626 Amsterdam Av, Jan. 29, mtg $7,000; attorney, H. Edwards, 15 William St $1
CARPENTER AV, s e corner 223d St, 90x105; Hale J. Berlinsky and others to W. M. Realty Company, 41 Park Row, Feb. 2, (mtg $2,000;) attorney, William Maas, 605 East 236th St $1
ELTON AV, s w corner of 162d St, 31.8x90x irregular; Wm. Corcoran to Mary A. McGowan and others, 211 Franklin St., Long Island City, Feb. 2, mtg $32,000; attorney, Mary A. McGowan, 211 Franklin Av, L. I. City $100
GARDEN ST, s s, 28.7 ft e of Crotona Av, 37.6x100; Sadie A. Byrne to Christopher H. Nulandhem and ano., 814 Tinton Av, Feb. 2, (mtg $20,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way $100
HUGHES AV, w s, 179.8 ft s of Oak Tree Pl., 16.8x95; Jacob Meyer to Joseph W. Meyer, 2,139 Hughes Av, Feb. 2, (mtg $2,500) $100
LOTS 68 & 69, map of Kingsland Estate, Edw. D. Dowling, Referee to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Jan. 29; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St. $10,000
LOTS 116, 117, and 118, map 123 lots Willis estate; Elise Ott, executrix, to Albert A. Ott, St. James, L. I., Jan. 27; attorney, J. J. Robinson, 233 Broadway $1
LOTS 195 and 196, map of Section A of Vyse estate; Louis F. Kuntz to Louisa K. Kuntz, 192d St and Concourse, Jan. 2. (mtg $6,500;) attorney, Louis F. Kuntz, 192d St and Concourse $1
LOTS 138 to 140, map of Section A of Vyse estate; Rose Fellse to Mary Rogers, 334 58th St, Brooklyn, Feb. 2; attorneys, Jonas, L. & W., 115 Broadway $100
LYON AV, 2,306, e s, 80 ft n of Grace Av, 25x100; Rosa Nathan and ano., exrs., to Pat'k Kelleher, 319 East 90th St, Jan. 26, (mtg $8,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,000
MARMION AV, s e corner of Elsmere Place, 100x41.4; Fred Kuser to Annie A. Egan, 850 Elsmere Place, Jan. 31, (mtg $9,000;) attorney, J. Neuman, 135 Broadway $1
MELROSE AV, n w corner of 151st St, 150x 2:0x150; 152d St, n s, 50 ft w of Melrose Av, 50x100; J. & M. Haffen Brewing Co. to Jacob Ruppert, a corporation, 1,639 3d Av, Feb. 2, (mtg $200,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. .$1
MOSHOLU PARKWAY NORTH, n e s, 110.7 ft w of Jerome Av, 110.7x86.4x irregular; Elbert H. Dickinson et al. to Josephine B. Hamlin and another, 750 St. Nicholas Av, Feb 2; attorney, United States Title Guarantee Co. 51 Chambers St.....$8,107
MOUNT HOPE PLACE, n e corner of 175th St, 70x39; Phelan Brothers Construction Co. to Eberhart Building Co., Inc., a corporation, 1,462 1st Av, Feb. 2, (mtg $30,000;) attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St.. Exchange
PARK AV, e s, 35.9 ft s of 154th St, 55.9x 116.2x irregular; Katharina Zimmermann to Frank Straub, 861 East 156th St, Sept. 5, 1913, mtg $4,000; attorneys, two. $100
STEBBINS AV, n w corner of 162d St. 44.10 x85.4x irregular; J. C. Gaffney Construction Company to Albert Taulbert, 3,221 Cruger Av, Feb. 2, mtg $42,000; attorneys, Lawyers Title Company, 160 B'way. $1
TEASDALE PL, s s, 135 ft w of Cauldwell Av, 100x100; Louis P. Mendham to Latest Construction Company, 44 Court St, Brooklyn, Feb. 2, (mtg $8,000;) attorney, L. F. Moss, 26 Court St, Brooklyn $1
TREMONT AV, 770, s s, 72.5 ft e of Prospect Av, 98.11x40; Friedman Construction Co. to Lillie Bohm and another, 244 West 137th St, Feb. 2; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $1
VYSE AV, 1,217 w s, 191.4 ft, n Home St, 15.9x100; Max Powell to Henry Wollner, 337 Alex. Av, Feb. 2; attorneys, Lawyers Title Company, 160 Broadway $100
VYSE AV, 1,133 w s, 120 ft w of 167th St, 20x100; Simon Phillips to Marcus B. Kramer, 112 Penn. Av., Brooklyn, Nov. 6, 1913; attorney, M. B. Kramer, 112 Penn. Av, Brooklyn $100
WEBSTER AV, s w corner 194th St, 112.6x 30.9x irregular; Thomas Regan to Mary Annan, 2,545 Webster Av, Jan. 30; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Company, 176 Broadway $100
WESTCHESTER AV, e s, 44.5 ft s of 156th St, 25.2x88.6x irregular; R. G. Realty Corporation to Consolidated Industrial Company, 916 So. Blvd., Jan. 24, mtg $21,000; attorneys, Hillquit & L., 30 Church St. $100
WHITE PLAINS ROAD, n w corner of 219th St, 30.1x80; William A. Skahen and others to Jacob Ruppert Realty Corporation, 1,609 3d Av, Feb. 2, (mtg $2,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1
3D AV, w s, 30 ft n of 176th St, 26x97.10x irreg.; Alfred Kleischner to Peter Stumpf, 947 Morris Av, Feb. 2, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100
3RD AV, e s, 167.10 ft s of 163 St, 58.9x120.1 irregular; Anthony Cuneo to Alpenland Realty & Construction Company, Inc., 160 Broadway, Jan. 29, mtg $50,000; attorney, Harry Robitzek, 160 Broadway $100
136TH ST, 448 East, s s, 425 ft e of Willis Av, 25x100; Elkan Kahn to Josef M. Deckelmann, 718 East 136th St, Feb. 2, (mtg $10,500;) attorneys, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $1
136TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of 3d Av, 25x100; Abr. Greeberg to Jacob E. Ryttenberg, 321 West 92d St, Jan. 3, (mtg $18,500;) attorney, Moses R. Ryttenberg, 135 Broadway..$1
141ST ST, s s, 256.9 ft, e St. Anns Av, 25x 05; John F. Gavenda to Franz Gavenda, 870 Longwood Av, Feb. 2, mtg $12,500; attorney, F. C. Hirlemann, 391 East 149th St. $100
144TH ST 737 East n s, 115 ft w Brook Av, 25x99.9; John F. Gavenda to Franz Gavenda, 870 Longwood Av, Feb. 2, mtg $16,-000; attorney, F. C. Hirlemann, 391 East 149th St. $100
144TH ST, 737 East, n s, 115 ft w of Brook Av, 25x99.9; 141st St, s s, 256.9 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 25x95; Frank Gavenda to John F. Gavenda, 870 Longwood Av, Jan. 20, (mtg $28,500;) attorney, F. C. Hirlemann. 391 East 149th St $100
165TH ST, 491 East, n s, 85.2 ft e of Washington Av, 50x113.6; Owl Construction Co. to Louis Teven, 74 and 76 2d Place, Brooklyn, Feb. 2, (mtg $40,000;) attorneys, Kramer & B., 220 Broadway $100
172D ST, s s, 100 ft e of Longfellow Av, 25x 100; Henry Heverin to Frederick E. Misfeldt, 538 East 89th St, Jan. 20, (mtg $5,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Company, 176 Broadway $1
181ST ST, 779 East, n s, 94 ft w of Mapes Av, 51.2x46.1; Tony Sanzo to Regina Constr. Co., 779 East 181st St, Jan. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,000
181ST ST, n e s, 94 ft w of Mapes Av, 51.2x46.1; Regina Constr. Co. to Alex. R. Munro, 458 West 143d St, Jan. 29, (mtg $20,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BROOME ST, 141; City Real Estate Company against Hyman Greenstone and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.
BROADWAY, 313 to 319, Mercer St, 84 to 94; Broadway, 156 and 158; Liberty St, 69; Waverley Pl, 11 and 13; David H. Haight and others against Edward C. Haight and others, (amended petition;) attorney, H. C. Beadleston.
BROADWAY, e s, 21 ft n of 126th St, 42.6x 72.5; Irene C. Brown against Robert J. Prior and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. Frey.
EDGECOMBE AV, 127; Ida Van Wert against Henry M. Oeters and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, N. H. W. Schutt.
LOT 731, map of Laconia Park, Bronx; Bernhard Baer against Vincenzo Carre and others, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, C. H. Schwartzman.
MADISON AV, 1,935; Henry L. Cammann against Fannie L. T. Hubbard and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Duer, Strong & Whitehead.
PARCEL of land beginning at a point 92.2 ft s of 5th St, runs e along s s Lot 18, Sec. 2, Block 460, 25x s 4x w 25x n 4 to beginning; Hannah Gold and others against William J. Baker and others, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, L. J. Gould.
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, w s, 95 ft n of 195th St if extended, 24.9x59.11x irregular; Otto R. Hartmann against New York Real Estate Security Company and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. S. Schector.
WATTS ST, s s, 71.3 ft e of Sullivan St, 20x 6.7x18.11; Hannah Gold and others against Seth M. Milliken and others, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, L. J. Gould.
2D AV, w s, between 117th and 118th Sts, Lot 26; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Joshua York, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
3D AV, e s, between 106th and 107th Sts, Lot 47; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Eliza McManus, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
95TH ST, 234 East; Greenwich Savings Bank against Fritz Gerspacher and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, B. A. Sands.
97TH ST, n s, between 1st and 2d Avs, Lot 8; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Mina Bailie, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
104TH ST, n s, between Park and Lexington Avs, Lot 1; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Bernard Cohen, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
107TH ST, s s, between 2d and 3d Avs, Lot 44; Rudolph Wallach Co. against American Wet Wash Laundry, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
112TH ST, n s, between Park and Madison Avs, lot 26; Rudolph Wallach Company against Mary T. Rennard, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
115TH ST, n s, between 1st and 2d Avs, Lots 13 and 14; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Sarah I. Johnson, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
116TH ST, s s, between 1st and Pleasant Avs, Lot 42; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Grilla Feria, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
120TH ST, n s, between 8d and 2d Avs, Lot 7; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Mary A. Meager, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
129TH ST, n s, between Lenox and Mount Morris Avs, Lot 5; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Jacob Shrady, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
126TH ST, n s, between 5th and Lenox Avs, Lot 10; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Adelaide Arnold, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, w s, between 176th St and Tremont Av, Lot 24; Rudolph Wallach Co. against Church of St. Joseph, in the City of New York, et al., (action to foreclose tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.
LOT 95, map of Joel Wolfe Estate; Lillian W. White against Elmer D. Coulter et al., (action to foreclose tax lien;) attorneys, Williamson & B.
LOT 43, Bronxwood Park; Suburban Brooklyn Realties against John Whalen et al., (action to foreclose tax lien;) attorney, T. J. Schwartzman.
LOTS 551-552, map of Wakefield; Louis Pines against Daniel Pines et al., (action to foreclose tax lien;) attorney, T. L. Schwartzman.
LOTS 41 and 42, map of Siems Estate; Luigi Avitabile against Onofrio Micell et al., (partition suit;) attorney, J. H. Corn.
156TH ST, s s, 141.6 ft w of Mott Av, 18.6 x71.6x irreg.; John Torner against Sarah McCormick et al., (foreclosure and correct mortgage;) attorney, T. J. Bannon.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:07|Sun sets..5:20|Moon sets..1:53

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	1:45	1:48	8:05	7:59
Governors Island	2:01	1:35	9:04	8:38
Hell Gate	3:51	3:45	10:44	10:18

Arrived—Tuesday, Feb. 3.

SS Finland, Antwerp, Jan. 24.
SS President Grant, Hamburg, Jan 22.
SS Martha Washington, Trieste, Jan. 17.
SS Victoria Luise, Nassau, Jan. 31.
SS Iroquois, Turks Island, Jan. 29.
SS Mesaba, London, Jan. 22.
SS Bayamon, San Juan, Jan. 27.
SS Sabine, Brunswick, Jan. 21.
SS Nueces, Mobile, Jan. 27.
SS Denver, Galveston, Jan. 28.
SS Millinocket, Stockton, Feb. 1.
SS Birkhall, Terra Nova, Jan. 10.
SS Saratoga, Havana, Jan. 31.
SS Emil L. Boas, Port Limon, Jan. 23.
SS Virginia, St. Thomas, Jan. 28.
SS Ottar, Cardenas, Jan. 20.
SS Madison, Norfolk, Feb. 2.
SS Symra, Plymouth, Mass.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Hamburg	Hamburg	Jan. 24
Bremen	Bremen	Jan. 24
America	Naples	Jan. 22
City of Savannah	Savannah	Jan. 31
Flandre	Antwerp	Jan. 21
Calamares	Port Limon	Jan. 28
Grosser Kurfuerst	Bremen	Jan. 24
Potsdam	Rotterdam	Jan. 24
Czar	Libau	Jan. 20
Xaracas	Trinidad	Jan. 27
San Gregorio	Rotterdam	Jan. 20
Antonio Lopez	Havana	Jan. 31
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Feb. 1
El Norte	Galveston	Jan. 29

DUE TO-MORROW.

St. Paul	Southampton	Jan. 28
Kristianiafjord	Bergen	Jan. 25
Moncenisio	Lisbon	Jan. 20
Iroquois	London	Jan. 23
Arcadian	Bermuda	Feb. 3
Philadelphia	Curacao	Jan. 28
Panama	Cristobal	Jan. 30
Almirante	Kingston	Jan. 21
Huron	Jacksonville	Feb. 2
Creole	New Orleans	Jan. 31

DUE FRIDAY.

Lusitania	Liverpool	Jan. 31
Franconia (Aust.)	Algiers	Jan. 27
Floride	Havre	Jan. 24
Queen Louise	Swansea	Jan. 22
Italia	Palermo	Jan. 23
Mexico	Havana	Feb. 3
El Alba	Galveston	Jan. 31
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Feb. 3

DUE SATURDAY.

Kaiserin Aug. Victoria	Hamburg	Jan. 29
Megantic	Liverpool	Jan. 29
Provence	Havre	Jan. 31
Uranium	Rotterdam	Jan. 24
Cufic	Liverpool	Jan. 27
Parima	St. Thomas	Feb. 2
Commewijne	Trinidad	Jan. 31
San Eduardo	London	Jan. 24
Caribbean	Bermuda	Feb. 5
Scottish Prince	Trinidad	Jan. 30
Pisa	Hamburg	Jan. 23
San Marcos	Galveston	Jan. 31
Apache	Jacksonville	Feb. 4

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Close.	Vessels Sail.
France, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Olympic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carmania, Liverpool	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Stephano, Newfoundland	5:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Progreso, Curacao	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Zacapa, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Barnton, Matanzas	——	12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Esperanza, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Pr. Sigismund, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Lorenzo, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Juan, Port Antonio	——	12:00 M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Rio, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Philadelphia, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Suriname, Belize	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vigilancia, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Jan Van Nassau, Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Grayscn, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Caledonia, Glasgow	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carpathia, Gibraltar	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
M. Washington, Antwerp	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
Ardoyne, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vauban, Barbados	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Calamares, Jamaica	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Emily L. Boas, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Guiana, Cor, Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Ancon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Pretoria, Hamburg	——	9:00 A.M.
Cymric, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
Czar, Libau	——	2:00 P.M.
Tacuma, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Denver, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Nueces, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Victoria Luise, Havana	——	11:00 A.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Valle, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., FEB. 3.

SS Grosser Kurfeurst, Bremen to New York, was 530 miles E. at noon; due 5th, forenoon. North German Lloyd.
SS Finland, Antwerp to New York, signaled; time and distance not given; due 4th, forenoon. Red Star Line.
SS America, Naples to New York, signaled; time and distance not given; due 4th, afternoon. Italian Line.
SS Buffalo, Hull to Boston and New York, was 540 miles E. of Boston at 11:15 A. M.
SS Hamburg, Hamburg to New York, was 700 miles E. at noon; due 5th, afternoon. Hamburg-american Line.

BROW HEAD.

SS Savoie, New York to Havre, was 240 miles S. W. at 12:10 P. M.; due Havre 4th, afternoon. French Line.

FASTNET.

SS Campania, New York to Liverpool, was 220 miles W. at 11 A. M.; due Fishguard 4th, forenoon. Cunard Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Radiant, Port Arthur to New York, was 865 miles S. E. of Diamond Shoals at 8 A. M.
SS Lampasas, Mobile to New York, crossed Mobile Bar at 4 P. M.
SS El Alba, Galveston to New York, was 67 miles N. of Jupiter at 6 P. M.
SS Mexico, Vera Cruz to New York, was 1,070 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, passed Martin's Industry at 6:40 P. M.
SS Huron, Jacksonville to New York, was 517 miles S. of Sandy Hook at 7 P. M.
SS Olinda, Nipe Bay to New York, was 373 miles S. at noon.
SS Philadelphia, San Juan to New York, was 501 miles S. at noon.
SS Calamores, Limon to New York, was 190 miles S. at 8 P. M.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 130 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.
SS Arcadian, Bermuda to New York, was 500 miles S. E. of Ambrose Lightship at 8 P. M.
SS El Oriente, Galveston to New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 6 P. M.
SS El Norte, Galveston to New York, was 115 miles S. at 6 P. M.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, was 170 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS San Marcos, Galveston to New York, was 72 miles N. of Key West at 8 P. M.

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 5, SS Philadelphia.
Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 11, SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria.
France—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 5, SS Philadelphia.
Austria—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 7, SS Martha Washington.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 3, SS Kroonland.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Feb. 7, SS Carpathia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Feb. 9, SS Potsdam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 12, SS United States.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Bing & Bing to Build Eighteen-Story Apartment House at Park Avenue and Eighty-fourth Street—Block Front Deal on Upper Broadway—Bronx and Suburban Sales.

What will be the tallest apartment house in the city, eighteen stories, is being planned for erection on the southeast corner of Park Avenue and Eighty-fourth Street by Bing & Bing, who increased their holdings at that site by purchasing yesterday four additional dwellings on Eighty-fourth Street. They bought the old houses at 102, 104, 106, and 108 East Eighty-fourth Street, fronting 77 feet.

The adjoining Park Avenue corner, 56 feet on the street and 102.2 feet on the avenue, was acquired by them last December, the immediate corner being purchased from the Glenn Realty Company and the Park Avenue lots from Simon M. and Samuel Rosenblatt. The total street frontage now controlled for the projected improvement is 133.1 feet.

The Eighty-fourth Street houses were bought from Michael P. Breslin, who also owns the adjoining house at 110. Just beyond, the three flats at 114 to 118 were sold the preceding day through Douglas L. Elliman & Co. to an investor, and it is understood that another improvement is contemplated there in the near future.

Bing & Bing's announcement of erecting an eighteen-story house on the corner created somewhat of a surprise in some circles. In view, however, of the success of their seventeen-story house finished last year on the northeast corner of Park Avenue and Seventy-ninth Street, which was well rented before its recent sale to Mrs. Morris K. Jesup, those operators evidently have faith in the future stability of excessively high-apartment structures for that choice residential thoroughfare.

Upper Broadway Apartment Deal.

Two more apartment houses owned by the New York Real Estate Security Company, now in a receiver's hands, are about to be sold. They are the two six-story structures known as the Elgersle Court, north and south, occupying the block front on the west side of Broadway, between 140th and 141st Streets. They were acquired by the company a year ago from ex-Gov. Levi P. Morton, who has a $250,000 mortgage on each house. The deal has been virtually closed by Weschler & Kohn, attorneys for the receiver, James N. Rosenberg, and the sanction of the court will now be applied for.

West Side Dwelling Sold.

Mrs. D. Lowden has sold to a client of F. H. Eggers 174 West Ninety-third Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 18 by 100.8.

Investors Buying Tenements

An investor has purchased from the Lawyers Mortgage Company 626 and 628 East Thirteenth Street, a six-story and basement tenement, with stores, 39 by 90 by 103.3. The property was acquired recently by the sellers in foreclosure proceedings.

The Realty Realization Company has sold 111 Lewis Street, five-story front and four-story rear tenements, on lot 20 by 100, to a buyer, who gave in part payment seven lots at the southwest corner of State and Seventeenth Streets, Broadway, Flushing.

H. Kimberger sold to Williams and Grozinsky 6 East 118th Street, a five-story double tenement on a lot 25 by 100 feet. Arnold Byrne and Baumann were the brokers.

Bronx Borough Sales.

George H. Jans sold the lot 25 by 100, on the west side of Leland Avenue, 350 feet south of 176th Street. The buyer, Giovanni V. Del Vesco, gave in exchange 294 Lockwood Avenue, New Rochelle, a two-story frame house.

Cahn & Pittman have sold for Bertha Brundage, plot located on the east side of Kingsbridge Terrace, near 231st Street, 75 by 100. The new owners, being builders, will erect four private dwellings on the site. The same brokers have also sold to Lillie J. Cooper, a two-family private dwelling, 1,355 Plimpton Avenue, on a lot 25 by 100.

A. R. Munroe has purchased for investment from the Regina Construction Company 779 East 181st Street, a five-story flat on a plot 51 by 46. In part payment the buyer gave a vacant plot 45 by 101 on the southwest corner of Zerega and St. Raymond Avenues. D. A. Trotta was the broker.

The Academy Construction Company has purchased from the Peerless Holding Company a plot 95 by 85 on the southeast corner of Washington Avenue and 165th Street.

Two six-story apartments will be erected on the site from plans by Samuel Sass.

Brooklyn.

Tutino & Cerny sold for Clementine Carle to a client for investment the three-story and cellar brick three-family dwelling on a lot 20 by 100, known as 638 Sixtieth Street.

Fred M. Smith has sold 800 Putnam Avenue, near Patchen Avenue, two-story basement and cellar brick house, 19 by 42 by 100, for Nellie Condon to a client. The same broker also sold 85 Seventy-third Street, between Narrows and Colonial Avenues, a two-story and cellar stone front single family house, for Katherine Scheren to an investor.

I. Salzberg sold for R. Solomon to L. Berenson a two-family cottage on a plot 40 by 100, known as 1,326 Forty-fifth Street.

Long Island City.

Henry Lockhart, Jr., President of the Simplex Automobile Company, has increased his holdings in the industrial centre of Long Island City by the purchase of thirty lots from the Long Island City Real Estate Company. The property fronts about 750 feet on Hunters Point Avenue and adjoins the tract purchased by Mr. Lockhart lying between Borden and Hunters Point Avenues about two years ago.

Long Island.

The Metuchen Development Corporation has sold to Catherine MacFarland and bungalow and two lots in the Howard Estates.

Company a one-acre tract in its Murray Hill development. The buyer will break ground at once for the erection

New Jersey.

S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, have sold to a New York client, for the National Nassau Bank of New York City, a plot 150 by 250, on the westerly side of Highland Avenue, Kathawood Park, Ridgewood.

Suburban.

Arthur Stewart of Manhattan has purchased from the Scarsdale Estates of a $12,000 dwelling for his own occupancy.

Recent Buyers.

Richard C. Daniel is the purchaser of the dwelling at 844 St. Nicholas Avenue, sold recently by the Lawyers' Mortgage Company.

L. G. Forgotson is the buyer of the plot 100 by 150 on the east side of Post Avenue, 200 feet south of 207th Street, recently sold by John A. Knapp.

Eleanor Kent is the buyer of 313 West 104th Street, sold recently by Georgiana Brown.

Takes Title to Old Montefiore Home

Title passed yesterday to the old Montefiore Home Hospital buildings, covering the block bounded by Broadway, Hamilton Place, 138th Street and 139th Street, which was sold some time ago to Leopold Kahn. The consideration is given as $500,000. In addition Mr. Kahn took title to the opposite block front on the east side of Hamilton Place, 116.5 on 138th Street and about 50 on 139th Street from the Hebrew Orphan Asylum for a stated consideration of $20,000. Both parcels were transferred by Mr. Kahn to the Wexford Company.

Lease in Old Silk District.

Tenantless for two years the five-story building at 90, 92 and 94 Greene Street in the old silk and woolen district, has been leased by L. Tanenbaum, Strauss & Co., to Weingarten & Gerberer, whose establishment was destroyed along with others through a fire which wrecked the propery they occupied at Thirteenth Street and Ninth Avenue.

The property was recently purchased by Charles Laue from the Rosenwassen Brothers.

Big Lease in Times Square Section.

The Fuchs & Lang Company have leased for their executive offices and showrooms an entire floor, covering 14,000 square feet, in the Philip Lewisohn Building, Fortieth Street, running through to Forty-first Street, for a long term of years.

They are One of the largest lithographic supply houses, and have a large plant at Rutherford, N. J. Their offices in this city were heretofore located in Warren Street, where they occupied an entire building for the past thirty-three years. Frederick Fox & Co. were the brokers in the transaction.

Commercial Leases.

Henry Trenkmann has leased the store and basement at 203-5 Lafayette Street to the A. J. Nipple & Pipe Cutting Company for a term of five years.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased the store and basement at 32-4 Frankfort Street for John V. Black to the Paramax Safety Paper Company, the store, basement and sub-cellar at 40 John Street for Andrew C. Zabriskie to Corlies, Macy & Co. for five years, and the store and basement at 46 Gold Street for the estate of William Volk to the Carbondale Sponge Company.

The Duross Company has leased the store 111 West Sixteenth Street to the Knapp Rubber Binding Company.

Real Estate Notes.

The Empire City Savings Bank has placed a permanent loan of $102,500 on the southeast corner of 192d Street and Wadsworth Avenue.

Weaver's dry goods store, now located at 148th Street and Third Avenue, Bronx, will erect a new store, two stories and basement in height, on the east side of Third Avenue, south of 153d Street, 50 feet front and 185 feet deep, extending through to Bergen Avenue. Mr. Weaver has retained Albert E. Davis to prepare plans.

To-day at 12 o'clock noon at the Exchange Salesroom, Bryan L. Kennelly will offer at absolute executor's sale the four-story tenement, with stores, at 318 West Thirty-seventh Street; also 75 East 121st Street, a four-story flat, and 167 East 113th Street, a similar building.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY ST.
By Joseph P. Day.

17th St, 50-54 West, n s, 179 ft e of 6th Av, 60x92, twelve-story loft and store building; Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. against Widbern Realty Co. et al; Woodford, B. & B., attorneys; J. H. Fargis, referee; due, $275,597.95; taxes, &c, $11,824.29; to the plaintiff, for $280,000.

164th St, 503-505 West, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x99.11, six-story tenement; adjourned to Feb. 17.

127th St, 141 East, n s, 20 ft e of Lexington Av, 15x63.11x20 to Lexington Av (2,113-2,115) x36x35x99.11x15, three three-story dwelling; New York Trust Co. against Maude Groset et al; Merrill & R., attorneys; W. G. Brown, referee; due, $17,977.76; taxes, &c, $308.75; to Edmond Berger for $18,200.

By Henry Brady.

131st St, 130 West, s s, 390 ft e of 7th Av, 20x99.11, three-story dwelling; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against R. K. Benaim et al; R. & E. J. O'Gorman, attorneys; J. A. Corbin, referee; due, $10,556.11; taxes, &c, $226.26; to the plaintiff, for $9,000.

AT 3,208 3D AV.
By Joseph P. Day.

Guion Place, s s, 125 ft e of St. Lawrence Av, 50x80; withdrawn.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

Lawrence Av, n s, and Sedgwick Av, s s, Lots 29 to 31; S. T. Umpleby against W. Z. Partello et al; F. W. Pollock, attorney; Herman Joseph, referee; due, $5,587.15; taxes, &c, $1,026.26. to the plaintiff, for $5,000.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Bryan L. Kennelly.

37th St, 318 West, s s, 250 ft w of 8th Av, 25x98.9, four-story flat; executor's sale, estate of Patrick Flynn, deceased.

121st St, 75 East, n s, 40 ft w of Park Av, 20x100.11; four-story flat; voluntary sale.

113th St, 167 East, n s, 100 ft w of 3d Av, 20x100.11; four-story flat; voluntary sale.

By Joseph P. Day.

96th St, 324 West, s s, 266.8 ft w of West End Av, 41.8x100.8, six-story tenement; Dora Schiffer against Sause Realty Co. et al; Wolf & Co., attorneys; J. N. Tuttle, referee; due, $43,438; taxes, &c., $883.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By George Price.

Bronx Boulevard, n e s, 238 ft w of 222d St, 180x80; also Bronx Boulevard, n s, 663 ft w of 222d St, 112x84x73, gore; George McCauslan against Bronx Borough Bank et al; L. E. French attorney; L. A. Abrams, referee; due, $5,727; taxes, &c., $750.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

44TH ST, East, foot of; for a coal conveyor and a hoisting crane; estate of Edward R. Ladew, owner; United Dressed Beef Co. of New York, lessee and architect; cost.$8,000

EVANS AV, s e corner Haynes Av, for a 1-story frame bowling alley and dancing pavilion, 41x85; Sonn Bros., owners; Henry Viehaus, lessee, on premises; Anton Pirner, 2,069 Westchester Av, architect; cost.$2,000

PARK AV, n e corner 174th St, for two 6-story brick stores and tenements, 49x90x51x86; Free Realty Co., Jacob Freeman, 567 East 169th St, President, owners; Maximillian Zipkes, 220 5th Av, architect; cost..$100,000

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified:

Manhattan.

ACADEMY ST, s w corner of Vermilyea Av, 25x100; Warren F. Johnston to Walter J. M. Donovan, 302 West 105th St, (prior mtg $10,000,) 2 years.....$2,000

ALLEN ST, 25, e s, 22x50.1; Barnett Levy and others, executors, to Jennings Realty Co., 230 Grand St, Jan. 20, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Jacob Gordon, 346 Broadway.

AMSTERDAM AV, n e corner of 143d St, 99.11x30; Franz J. Michel to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Feb. 3, 5 years.....$52,000

BLEECKER ST, 370, w s, 21x70; George Doyle to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due as per bond, Feb. 3.$6,000

BROADWAY, n e corner of 138th St, 99.11; Leopold Kahn to Montefiore Home Hospital for Chronic Invalids and Country Sanitarium for Consumptives, 210th St and Gun Hill Road, due as per bond, Feb. 2; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway..$115,000

BROADWAY, s e corner of 139th St, 99.11x —; same to same, Feb. 2, due as per bond; attorney, same $140,000

BROADWAY, n e corner of 138th St, 199.10x —; 138th St, n s, 116.5 ft e of Hamilton Place, —; same to same, Feb. 2, prior mtg $35,000, due as per bond; attorney, same $40,000

CLAREMONT AV, 192, e s, 50x100; Right Realty & Security Co. to Isaac Shiman, Cleveland, Ohio, due Jan. 1, 1917, 6 p. c., Feb. 2; attorneys, Strasbourger, E. & S., 74 Broadway $7,000

FIRST AV, 1,623, e s, 20.4x85; Emanuel Ornstein to Philippine Wallbott, 114 Riverside Drive, Feb. 3, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $7,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Frances M. Scott, 258 67th St, Brooklyn, (prior mtg $7,000,) Feb. 3, 5 years; attorney Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $5,000

HAMILTON PLACE, s e corner 139th St, 108.6x—; Leopold Kahn to Montefiore Home, &c., 210th St and Gun Hill Rd, Feb. 2, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$500

HAMILTON PLACE, n e corner 138th St, 108.6x—, same to same, Feb. 2, due as per bond; attorney, same.....$40,000

PARK AV, 987 to 991, e s, 52.2x—; Charter Construction Co to Simon M. Rosenblatt, executor, 925 East 57th St, Feb. 2, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $46,000

STANTON ST, 194, n s, 25x100; Josef Eichner to Hermann Levy, 60 West 129th St, (prior mtg $27,000;) Feb. 3, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. Meyer, 302 Broadway..$3,000

1ST ST, s s, 150 ft w of Avenue A, —x81.4; Julius Valenstein to Jos. H. Schwartz, 920 Avenue St. John, March 26, 1913, (prior mtg $59,000;) 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Krakower & P., 309 Broadway.....$10,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, Jan. 20, 1914, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, same..$6,000

7TH ST, 61 East, 25x97.6; Joel Berkowitz to Morris S. Thompson, trustee, 76 West 80th St, Feb. 2, 3 years; attorneys, Thompson, K. & W., 256 Broadway $24,000

48TH ST, 323 East, 25x100.5; James C. Gaffney to Lawyers' Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway, Feb. 2, 5 years, 5½ p. c.....$12,000

49TH ST, 325 East, 18.9x100.5; Edward M. Clarke to Hamilton F. Dean, 214 East 31st St, Feb. 2, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway $4,500

67TH ST, 207 West, 25x107.5; Mary A. Kelly to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, (prior mtg $3,000,) Feb. 3, due as per bond $3,000

83D ST, 166 West, 25x100.8; Eliphalet L. Davis to Sarah E. Taylor, 59 West 69th St, Feb. 2, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway $23,000

115TH ST, 415 West, 66.8x100.11; Walter R. Hosack to Lorraine Holding Co., 115 Broadway, Jan. 31, (prior mtg $87,500,) due as per bond; attorneys, Chrystie, W. & B., 115 Broadway $8,500

128TH ST, 137 West, 29x99.11; John Cyriacks to Rebecca Harries, 192 East End Av, Feb. 3, due as per bond; attorney, A Mayer, 261 Broadway $4,700

180TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 75x190; Alexander McDowell to Maria A. Mesick, 220 Rugby Road, Brooklyn, 1 year, Jan. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway $8,000

Bronx.

AVENUE A, Lot 23, map of New Jerome, 25x100; John Dina to Gustino Insera; 652 East 187th St, Jan. 31, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. B. M. Penetto, 912 Brook Av $900

BATHGATE AV, e s, 51.2 ft n of 174th St, 50x95.7; Daniel W. McCahill to New York Co-operative Building & Loan Association, 35 West 125th St, Jan. 31; installments; attorney, William Langdon, 2 Rector St.$2,000

DALY AV, s w corner of 179th St, 32.9x110.4; Phelan Bros. Construction Co. to Eberhart Building Co., 1,462 1st Av, Feb. 2, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, A. & H. Block, 99 Nassau St.....$6,000

FOX ST, w s, 365 ft n of 163d St, 40x105.5; John Whalen to Mary Trotter, 83 Grand Av, Englewood, N. J., (prior mtg $24,000;) Jan. 31, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$5,000

MARMION AV, s e corner of Elsemere Place, 100x41.4; Annie A. Egan to Fred Kuser, 441 East 57th St, (prior mtg $9,000,) Jan. 31, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. Newman, 135 Broadway $1,400

MIDDLETOWN RD, adjoining lot 4, map Frederick Baxter, 44.7x156.9; Richard W. Shaw to John H. Bruning, 566 Brook Av, prior mtg $2,500, Jan. 20; 3 years, 5½ p. c. $500

MOSHOLU PARKWAY, NORTHWEST, e s, 110.7 ft w of Jerome Av, 88.4x133.7; Josephine B. Hamlin and another to George M. Thompson, Bound Brook, N. J., Feb. 3, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Stimson & W., 2 Rector St $4,800

ROBBINS AV, n e corner of Crane St, 72.9x100; Nathan Bichall to John Bussing, Jr., Mount Vernon, N. Y., Feb. 2, due July 1, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. Williamson, 366 Alexander Av $3,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,881, w s, 18.11 x91.6; P. J. Dwyer Building Co., Inc., to Margaret Knox, 478 Mott Av, Feb. 3, 3 years, 5 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$7,000

VYSE AV, w s, 150 ft n of Jennings St, 50x100; Hargton Building Co. to Peter Sinnott, 967 East 165th St, (prior mtg $3,500,) Feb. 2, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, George A. Steinmuller, 1,511 3d Av.....$5,000

VYSE AV, w s, 86.7 ft s of 180th St, 38.6x105.3; Phelan Bros. Construction Co. to Eberhart Building Co., 1,462 1st Av, (prior mtg $2,900,) Feb. 2, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, A. & H. Block, 99 Nassau St.....$4,000

WEBSTER AV, s w corner 194th St, 52.11x112.6; Mary Annon to Thomas Pagan, 127 West 121st St, Jan. 30, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway, (prior mtg $3,000,) Feb. 3, due as per bond $20,000

136TH ST, 448 East, s s, 25x100; James F. Deckelmann to Elkan Kahn, 1,048 East 163d St, Feb. 2; 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Company, 160 Broadway.

139TH ST, s s, 290.3 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 37.6x100; Frederick E. Techt to Walter A. Stevens, 624 East 17th St, Brooklyn, (prior mtg $25,000,) Feb. 2, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, E. J. Welch, 76 William St..$2,000

142D ST, 434 East, s s, 15x100; Hyman Spindel to Harry Lichtenstein, 419 Brook Av, (prior mtg $4,000;) Feb. 2, due Aug. 2, 1916, 6 p. c. $350

145TH ST, w s, 85.2 ft e of Washington Av, 50x113.6; Louis Teven to Owl Construction Company, 652 Broadway, prior mtg $40,000, Feb. 2; due Feb. 1, 1924, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. Freeman, 99 Nassau St. $14,000

207TH ST, s s, 540.6 ft e of White Plains Rd, 32.5x114; Benj. F. Brown, Jr., to Citizens' Savings & Loan Association, 215 West 125th St, Feb. 3, installments, 5 1-5 p. c.; attorney, W. Wray, 141 Broadway $2,500

231ST ST, n s, 207.6 ft w of Old Albany Post Road, 25x68.11; Joseph J. Halpin and others to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Feb. 3, due, &c, as per bond $700

233D ST, n s, 100 ft e of White Plains Road, 80.1x114; Mary O. R. Hibbard to Angel J. Simpson and others, 612 West 207th St, (prior mtg $2,000,) Jan. 29, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Engelhardt & P., 111 Broadway $500

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

AVENUE A, 1,625, store and basement; G. A. Schreiber, executor, to Daniel Krockel, 1,625 Avenue A, 2 years from May 1, 1913. .....$612

AVENUE B, 279, store; Saul Nadler to Samuel Horowitz, 279 Avenue B, 6 months from Feb. 1, 1914.....$100

BOWERY, 347, all; Joseph T. Ryan, trustee, to Isidor Schoen, 2,075 2d Av, 5 years from Feb. 2, 1914; attorney, J. T. Ryan, 149 Broadway.....$2,530

MONROE ST, 230-232, all; Anna Selzer to Abraham Schwartz, 230 Monroe St, 3 years from Oct. 1, 1913; attorney, Victor Deutsch, 63 Park Row $6,278

RIVINGTON ST, 64, stoop store; Jacob Rogers to Mendel Evenberg, 64 Rivington St, 5 years from May 1, 1914; attorneys, Frank & W., 69 Rivington St.....$1,200

1ST AV, 1,468, store floor; Rudolph Segliowitz to Gustav Kollsch and another, 2 years and 10 months from July 1, 1914; attorney, M. Waldman, 233 East 77th St.....$1,680

6TH AV, 398, all; Michael P. Rich to Solomon Jacobs, 398 6th Av, 5 years from May 1, 1914.....$2,750

16TH ST, 218 East, all; James A. Cox to Louis Hujber, 711 2d Av, 5 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, Frank W. Burr, 257 Broadway $1,400

111TH ST, 99-101 East, all; Flora Bachrach to Sigmund Greenberg, 64 East 103d St, 3 years from Jan. 1, 1914; attorney, Benjamin Chess, 302 Broadway.....$4,800

125TH ST, 209-211 East, all; Julius Lee Cooke to Cooke Storage Warehouse Co., Inc., and another, 21 East 125th St, 5 years from Nov. 1, 1913; attorney, Otto A. Samuels, 99 Nassau St. .....

134TH ST, 240-242 West, all; Louis Manheim to Samuel Reiner, 48 East 101st St, 3 years from Jan. 1, 1914.....$4,450

Bronx.

135TH ST, 256-258 East, all; Rocco Contino to Savetsky, Scheftman & Co., 256 East 135th St, 5 years from March 1, 1914; attorney, Meyer Baskey, 299 Broadway....$3,600

HEWITT PLACE, 818-862, 12 houses; George F. Jonnson Co. to Scnle Ackerman, 726 East 9th St, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, Abr. Feit, 45 Broadway.....$33,359

BARETTO ST, 915, and Southern Boulevard, 890, store; Diedrich Eggers to Terence Conlan, 915 Baretto St, 10 years from March 1, 1913; attorney, Bernheimer & S., Amsterdam Av and 128th St.....$2,700

MELROSE AV, 871, s w corner of 161st St; Stephen Kraser to Raymond Krebs, 702 East 156th St, from May 1, 1914 to April 30, 1919; attorneys, Bernheimer & S., Amsterdam Av and 128th St.....$1,980

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BEEKMAN ST, 113; Golliek & Smith against Volunteer Hospital, owner; James F. Egan, contractor $878

BOWERY, 312 and 314; Kari Golod against Abraham King, owner; Michael E. Chieffo, lessee and contractor; J. & E. P. Epstein Co., Inc., contractor.....$325

SAME PROPERTY; Tager Co., Inc., against same $174.50

BROADWAY, 1,710; Hyman Steinberg against Tyce Realty Co, owner; Henry G. Avidan, contractor $75

UNION SQ, 4; Jacob Platkin against Daniel Brubacher and Julian Billiard Academy, owners; Joseph Whitman, contractor....$100

1ST AV, n e corner 92d St, 97x94; Julius Golub against Catherine A. and Edith Newbold, owners; Jafco Realty & Holding Co., contractor $130

2D AV, 57 and 59; Oscar Luttinger against Harry G. Rouse, executor, owner and contractor; Mortimer Rouse, executor, owner.$34

11TH AV, 628 to 644; J. L. Keating & Co. against D. Auerbach & Sons, owners; Stanley Gollick Co., contractor.....$5,250

106TH AV, 100 and 102; J. Greenberg Co. against Michael McGuire, owner; Long & Hagen, contractors $93

136TH ST, 167 WEST; Jacob Soffen against Thomas J. and Mary Simcox, owners and contractors, (renewal,) $170

Bronx.

FREEMAN ST, s w corner Vyse Av, 50x95; Peter Sinnott against Martha Perna, owner and contractor $350

FREEMAN ST, s w corner Vyse Av, 50x95; Brand & Silverstein against Martha Perna, owner and contractor.....$500

HOME ST, n e corner Hoe Av, 50x109; Samuel Frank against First Preferred Realty Corporation, owner and contractor $227

TINTON AV, 625-629; Samuel Frank against First Preferred Realty Corporation, owner and contractor $36

173D ST, 731 East; Samuel Frank against Inter-City Land & Securities Co., owner and contractor $88

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

1ST AV, 1,782; Oscar F. Peterson against Frank Locker et al., Jan. 16, 1914, (by bond) $48

92D ST, 401 East; Oscar F. Peterson against Frank Locker et al., Jan. 16, 1914, (by bond) $90

176TH ST, 801 East; Charles Schratt, Inc., against Mary Crocker et al., June 18, 1913 .....$400

Beautiful New Stucco Dwelling

Choice location, high ground, extensive views. Hollow tile construction; green tile roof. 11 rooms, 3 baths, sleeping porches, etc.; reasonable price; convenient terms.

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Surrounding
KEW STATION

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A successful broker, or one having had requisite experience with a corporation dealing in New York City high-grade first mortgages, possessing executive ability, good education, clean record, and substantial business and social connections, can secure an important, permanent, and remunerative connection, with ample scope and possibilities, with a representative, long-established New York mortgage corporation, representing them with their regular customers, comprising important savings banks, life insurance companies, and other substantial mortgage investors; one in business for himself and realizing the obstacles through lack of efficient existing organization or capital might profitably investigate. No capital required, but successful experience imperative. Only a forceful man of temperate habits—married preferred—around 30 to 40, accustomed to cultivating the acquaintance of the right kind of business men, and whose record as to the above requirements would bear the closest investigation, please answer, stating age and experience, to insure reply. Communications confidential; returned if requested.

Integrity, R 274 Times Downtown.

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Absolute Executor's Sale
without reserve, to highest bidder,
To close estate of Patrick Flynn, Dec'd
by order of John J. Campbell, executor,

318 West 37th St.,
250 ft. west of 8th Av,
4-story brick Tenement, with stores; size 25x98.9.
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Small building with *Attractive Store* on long lease.
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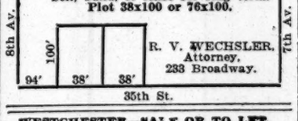
PENNSYLVANIA ZONE.
Sell, build, or lease for long term.
Plot 38x100 or 76x100.



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FOR SALE AT SCARSDALE ABSOLUTE SACRIFICE
8-room stucco dwelling, 2 baths, hardwood trim. Hot-water heat. Best location. Plot 90x100. Price $9,500.
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An Elegant Country Home **At BRONXVILLE, N. Y.**
12 rooms, 2 baths; electricity, hot-water heat; every appointment perfect; 135-foot front porch; acre shady lawn; 12 minutes from station. Owner anxious to sell. Want offer.
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New Residence, 10 bedrooms, 4 baths; stable. Rental $2,400 a year, unfurnished. One at $1,800—one at $2,000
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WATERFRONT
The choicest waterfront at Great Neck; 2½ acres on Long Island Sound for sale at an attractive price for Gentleman's country residence site. Unexcelled surroundings, fine old trees, and a view for miles over the Sound. To those desiring a choice piece of waterfront no more advantageous opportunity will ever be presented. Address at once, E 207 Times Downtown.

AN IDEAL HOME
in a restricted section; within 20 minutes of the Pennsylvania Station; located on large plot. First floor has large 10-foot porch, with sun parlor on the south side; foyer hall; living room, dining room, butler's pantry, and kitchen. Second floor has two master's chambers connecting, one bedroom, tiled bathroom. Third floor has three bedrooms and storage room. Cellar contains laundry, toilet, and coal bins. Has 2½-inch North Carolina pine flooring on which parquet floor is laid. Ground floor is finished in straight oak trim; second floor in birch trim; third floor in cypress trim. Has slate roof, handsome combination gas and electric fixtures; combination coal and gas range in kitchen with sink chute to cellar. Hot water heating system. Shrubbery, lawn and hedge surrounding house all completed.
PRICE, $7,500.
Can be bought by responsible buyer on easy terms. For particulars, address
Secretary, Room 1003, 1 W. 34th St.

CHICKEN FARM.
$100 Cash Will Start You.
Balance $3 weekly will buy a poultry farm with well built house, 6 rooms; range and stationary tubs in kitchen; large dry concrete cellar; in greatest poultry country; population 7,000; trolley and railroad; one hour from city; few minutes from station and beautiful harbor; healthy climate; good markets right in town; all kinds of factories; plenty of work all year; soil just suited for poultry and farming. Address POULTRY, Box 52 Times Downtown.

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All improvements, very pretty, must be sold, owner going away.
$100 NEEDED,
$16 MONTHLY.
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Small Farm with Modern House
For sale on easy terms; conveniently situated near Railroad station; very desirable for Summer boarders; also beautiful cottage with garage; modern improvements. For particulars address FARM, Box 84 Times.

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How Much Rent
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A Lovely Home
Semi-detached brick, 7 rooms and bath, steam heat, parquet floors, hardwood trim, elegantly decorated, electric lights, sewer; $5,500 and up; small payments; 20 years' time; FEW FOR RENT, $25 to $35; everything desirable; photos and details mailed upon request. MANAGER, 60A Liberty St., New York. 'Phone Cortlandt 5528.

$300 "Old English" Down
7-room brick home at express sta. of new Subway, only $4,500; $24 monthly pays all carrying charges. 5c. fare to N. Y. Souvenir booklet upon request. OTTO SINGER.
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Gentleman's Country Estate and Farm, 200 acres, Main Line R. R. 60 miles from Boston, 150 from New York. Every modern convenience, including Electric Light and Water Plants. Highly suitable for School or Sanitarium. Complete description on request. Address owner,
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Splendid Home
FINE LOCATION.
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Just completed, several beautiful new residences, with all modern improvements; eight rooms and two baths; unusually attractive and well built; choice location, near depot; price, $7,000; reasonable terms. Write for boo

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Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST—Last night at Broadway and 31st St., gentleman's black leather pocketbook initialed "W. H. D." Liberal reward if returned to Dunbar, Room 405, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St.

LOST.—A black seal scarf, white trimming, Saturday evening, in lobby or front of Armory, 84th St. and 4th Av.; reward. Jacobson, 1,012 Falls St. Tel. Melrose 2369.

LOST—Skunk muff, lined with white and brown, in R. H. Macy & Co.'s, Monday afternoon. Reward for return to E. H. Bronson, 445 West 153d St. Phone 2366 Audubon.

LOST—Gold-rim spectacles, corner Broadway at 116th St., 2:30 P. M. Feb. 3; case marked Hochstetter. Return to Mrs. Thurber, 29 Claremont Av.

LOST—Monday afternoon or evening, diamond platinum bracelet; reward offered. Call Room 414, Cambridge Building, 5th Av. and West 33d St., New York.

LOST—Diamond 3-inch bar pin, between Twelfth Night Club and 55th St.; liberal reward. Geraldyne Bergh, (Cambria,) 355 West 56th St.

LOST—Jan. 17, blue sapphire scarfpin, set in six or seven platinum rings; $25 reward. Return to W. J. Horton, 50 Union Square.

LOST—Sunday evening, between 142d, Belasco Theatre, gold brooch, flower shape, with pearl; reward. Apt. 87, 302 Convent Av.

LOST—Silver bag, on Saturday, between 102d-80th Sts., or Broadway car; liberal reward. Stieglitz, 411 West End Av.

LOST—Gold locket; one side diamond, other monogram "A. B."; liberal reward. X 274 Times Annex.

LOST—Tuesday, bar pin, with 13 diamonds set in platinum; liberal reward. 171 West 87th St.

LOST—Watch fob, gold monogram P. B. P. N. Brinch, 200 5th Av. Phone Gram.—1852.

LOST—Gold open-faced watch and monogram fob; reward. Frey, 76 West 85th St.

LOST—Large solitaire diamond earring; liberal reward Mrs. H. M., 208 W. 137th.

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LOST—Black and white Japanese spaniel, in neighborhood 171st St. and Fort Washington Av. Liberal reward for his return or information. 255 Ft. Washington Av., Apt. 3.

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UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., where owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons desiring to secure pets should also apply. The Society conducts a free hospital for animals at the same address.

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Forty cents a line.

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I, Daniel Cameron, will not be responsible for debts other than those contracted by myself.

Apartments to Let
Furnished.
Thirty cents a line.

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A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2 AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway, references; special rates on lease.

A gentleman with an artistically and richly furnished high-class modern bachelor apartment on East 48th St., just off 5th Av., large living room, two bedrooms, and tiled bath; all light; electric light and all-night elevator; would rent part or all to a responsible party; might sell. Murray Hill 1906.

Sub-let five rooms and bath; nicely furnished; modern improvements; Claremont and 125th St.; $50. Call 206 Madison Square, or Superintendent, 604 West 125th St.

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For Rent.—Over 110 West 39th St., select furnished apartments; 3-4-5 rooms. Call office Bustanoby's.

Eight rooms and two baths, newly furnished. Apply to Superintendent, 307 West 70th St.

436 Riverside Drive, 116th St.—Delightful, small apartment; $80 month. Supt.

East Side.

APARTMENT, EAST 53D ST., NEAR PARK AV., TO SUBLEASE,
at low price; obtained through leasing while under construction; 8 rooms, 2 baths, seventh floor; unfurnished, for term of lease to October, 1915, or furnished to October, 1914. Apply Tel. 4447 Plaza.

To Sublet—Two large rooms, private bath; $45; exceptional offer; full hotel service. 35 East 27th St.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

81st St., 75 East.—Very handsomely furnished Apt., etc. Rent, $200 a month.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished
Thirty cents a line.

One or two rooms, bath, high-grade finish and furnishings, under $50, between 48th-56th, Lexington Av. and 5th Av.; bachelor. D 141 Times.

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Unfurnished.
Thirty cents a line.

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Broadway and 71st St., (The Dorilton.)—Gentleman leaving city permanently wishes to dispose of 20 months' lease 10-room, 3-bath apartment, newly decorated. Address S 140 Times.

To sublet until October, with privilege releasing, apartment, 4 rooms, bath; rent $45. Steele, Morningside Park Apartments, 40 Morningside Av., 118th St.

To Sublet.—Attractive apartment 3 rooms, kitchenette, and bath; Columbia Heights. Inquire evenings, Miss McFarland. Telephone 8440 Morningside.

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Washington Heights.—Lowest rent; 86 Wadsworth Av., corner 177th; all improvements; 5-6 rooms; $28-$42; Broadway Sub. to 181st.

524 WEST 123D ST.
Seven large, light, modern rooms; 1 flight; quiet, refined neighborhood; $40. Jedel.

98th, 166 West.—Eight rooms, just decorated; all improvements; near Subway, Central and Riverside Parks; second-floor rooms; $45.

106th, 245-247 West.—Four rooms, newly decorated; steam heated halls and closets; near Broadway and Riverside Drive; $22.

47th, 16 West.—Charming kitchenette apartment; bath, hot water; conveniences; moderate rental.

Brooklyn.

642 HIGH-CLASS END APARTMENT $42.
6 light rooms; tiled bath; parquet floors; electric lights; walking distance Subway. Golden Realty, St. James's Pl., near Fulton.

Storage.
Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2967 Bryant.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

Boarders Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Rooms, with large closets; hot, cold water; parlor dining room.

24TH ST., 117 and 119 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with board.

53D ST., 37 and 52 EAST.—Suite of two rooms and bath; references.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Single room; board optional, ideal location. Phone 6613—Lenox.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Sunny front parlor; running water; also room and bath; phone.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large, small rooms; gentlemen or families; board; telephone; references.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Small front room; excellent board; table guests accommodated; telephone.

89TH ST., 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large, small rooms; first-class references.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful room, private bath, elegant surroundings; breakfast only, if desired; private house; also smaller room.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

69TH, 111 WEST.—ELEGANT ROOMS; BACK PARLOR; TABLE GUESTS.

70TH, 30 WEST.—Large rooms; every convenience; board; best location; refined home.

72D, 306 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE SUNNY ROOMS; EXCELLENT TABLE; REFERENCES.

Boarders Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

72D, 117 WEST.—ROOMS, LARGE, SMALL; CONVENIENCES. 8966 COLUMBUS.

72D ST., 233 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room; private bath; superior home table.

73D, 142 WEST.—Refined home; handsomely furnished room; all improvements; references exchanged.

73D ST., 256 WEST.—First-class rooms; exceptional table; parlor, dining room; near Subway; reasonable.

75TH, 139 WEST.
Quiet, refined home; front, sunny rooms, with board; references.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Sunny, well-heated, double, second-story front room; also smaller room

78TH, 301 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single or en suite; excellent table; home cooking; steam heat; electricity; references.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny, 2d floor room, electricity; French cuisine; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Large, double room; private bath, and board.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST.
The House Richards—A satisfactory home for permanent, refined people; all new, high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; parlor, dining room; table guests reasonable.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Nice single rooms; newly furnished; electricity; generous table; references.

80TH ST., 140 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; single or en suite; southern exposure.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Desirable rooms; running water; excellent table; refined surroundings; moderate.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Strictly high-class rooms; private bath; French cuisine; conveniences

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; southern exposure; telephone; moderate.

81ST, 138 WEST.—Single rooms; excellent table; parlor-floor dining; telephone; references.

82D, 174 WEST.—Beautiful large room, suitable two; hall room; board optional.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites, singly; steam, electricity; excellent meals; table guests; references.

86TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive large double rooms; steam; electricity; table a specialty.

94TH ST., 14 WEST.—Large and medium rooms; parlor dining. Telephone 8371 Riverside.

94TH, 144 WEST.—Desirable rooms in refined house; good table; reasonable terms.

96TH ST., 49 WEST.—Rooms with board; Park street, near Subway and "L."

103D, 250 WEST.—Desirable accommodations; dentist, physician; attractive rooms; excellent board; refined home. 252 West—Table board that is unsurpassed.

103D, (cor. West End Av., 879.)—Bright room; excellent meals; moderate; references.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service, good company; Southerners.

113TH ST., 500 WEST.—Elegant rooms; southern exposure; suitable one, two; excellent cuisine.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Two attractive sunny corner rooms overlooking park, Morningside Heights; glorious view; celebrated restaurant; rooms, $12; references.

121ST ST., 501 WEST.—Sunny front room; suitable for two; elevator; Jewish. Apt. 44.

149TH ST., 544 West.—Near Broadway Subway and beautiful Riverside Drive; healthiest section; "The Audubon," new class private family hotel; few vacancies; large rooms, electricity, phone, and bath, $10 to $12, one; $14 to $20, two; rates include first class board; parlor dining rooms, separate tables; reception parlor; every comfort of a real home. Tel., 2757 Audubon.

150TH ST., 521 WEST.—Comfortable room with refined private family; excellent board; moderate terms.

160TH ST., WEST, (25 Fort Washington Av.)—Comfortable rooms; single or en suite.

Charming Winter Home,
Away from city and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea; cool in Summer, warm in Winter;
"THE EVERLYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

CONVENT AV., 836.—Medium sized rooms; one, $9 upward; two, $15 upward.

HAPPENWELL HOUSE,
123d St., 111 West. Inspection invited.

LIGHT front, furnished room, with two meals, in high-class elevator apartment; very central; private family; terms reasonable to a gentleman; splendid location, facing Central Park South on 59th St. Tel. 511 Columbus.

Brooklyn.

MAN and wife living alone in up-to-date house, electric light, parquet floors, excellent table and service, will share same with couple or two gentlemen appreciating such a home; best location in Flatbush, 20 minutes to New York; nominal price; references. X 269 Times Annex.

Board Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

GENTLEMAN desires room and board in private family between 42d and 72d Sts.; convenient to Subway and reasonable; give full particulars. G 8 Times.

Country Board.
Thirty cents a line.

New Jersey.

MARLBOROUGH HOTEL, EAST ORANGE, N. J.—You can secure parlor, bedroom, private bath, and unexcelled dining room service, combined with all comforts of home, for two persons, from $25 up. Take the Lackawanna to East Orange.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

57TH AV., 25.—Large front room on second floor; suitable for 2 or 3; references.

15TH ST., 105 EAST.—Attractive, sunny room, medium size, high-class elevator apartment off Union Square; moderate. Apt. 72.

17TH ST., 108 EAST.—Large front room; closet and dressing room; private bath; $8.

23D ST., 20 EAST. (Madison Square South.) Suite, two rooms and bath.

30TH, 131 EAST.—Pleasant, southern exposed large, small rooms; single, en suite; housekeeping privileges; board if desired. Madison Square 5624.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room, with private bath; single room; breakfast optional; references.

45TH, 25 EAST.—Attractively furnished rooms, with, without private baths; gentlemen; references.

40TH, 38 EAST.—COMFORTABLE ROOM; GENTLEMAN; REFINED HOUSE; REFERENCES.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,872, (90th.)—Large room; physician's residence; conveniences; reasonable.

MADISON AV., 527.—Large, small, attractive, nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; reasonable.

West Side.

97TH ST., 23 WEST.—Fine, large room; bath connected; suitable two; reference; telephone.

97TH ST., 32 WEST.—Comfortable, well heated rooms, all conveniences; private house, $4 up.

107TH, 54 WEST.—Large rooms; southern exposure; newly decorated; all conveniences; exclusive.

14TH ST., 350 WEST.—ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD; PRIVATE BATH; REASONABLE.

45TH ST., 156 WEST. — Furnished rooms; light; all conveniences; for couples or refined actors.

48TH ST., 65 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; small; in quiet residence; $4; permanent only.

51ST, 354 WEST.—Fine room, steam heated, $4 weekly; business reference required.

52D ST., 250 WEST. (Near Broadway.)—Beautiful back parlor; other nice rooms; telephone. Pierce.

53D, 62 WEST.—Newly decorated, large, sunny room; also single room; every convenience.

56TH, 365 WEST.—Hot water every room; single, double; steam; showers; telephone; Subway, "L"; $2.50-$7; restaurant connected.

56TH, 125 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor, bedroom, and bath; every convenience. 6236 Columbus.

56TH, 63 WEST.—Beautiful suite, rooms steam, hot water, private baths, telephone.

58TH ST., 15 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths; board optional; references.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

58TH, 120 WEST.—Gentleman going away, will rent handsome large rooms; single, en suite.

58TH, 128 WEST.—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM; CONVENIENCES; PRIVATE HOME.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Cozy second floor suite; two rooms and private bath; hot water, unlimited supply; location unexcelled.

68TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished sunny rooms; private bath; select, 8826 Columbus.

68TH ST., 71 WEST.—Unusually handsome, large, sunny rooms; perfectly kept house; reference.

69TH, 61 WEST.—Front parlor, nicely furnished; all conveniences; very desirable neighborhood; references.

69TH, 108 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large room; private bathroom; modern conveniences; meals optional.

69TH ST., 143 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE ROOM; EXCLUSIVE APARTMENT; SHOWER. WILDE.

70TH, 109 WEST.—Attractive, handsome, well-furnished rooms; conveniences; telephone; Subway. "L"; reasonable.

70TH, 136 WEST.—Large room; exceptionally comfortable; every convenience; also small room.

221 WEST 71ST. ST. AND 351 WEST 71ST ST.
Newly furnished throughout; 2 doors from Broadway; 1 and 2 large rooms, with kitchenette, gas, telephone, maid service, and laundry included; $3.50 to $12 weekly.

71ST ST., 222 WEST.—Medium rooms; lavatory, bathroom adjoining; modern, private house; electricity.

71ST, 308 WEST.—Neat, cozy room, adjoining bath; $3. 9987 Columbus.

72D, 268 WEST.—Large room, kitchenette; private bath; medium room; telephone; Subway.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Neatly furnished large, medium rooms; one or two; telephone; references.

73D ST., 115 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished, splendid home for refined people.

73D, 255 WEST.—Large room; private bath; continuous hot water; telephone; Subway.

75TH, 253 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; smaller room; gentlemen; telephone.

75TH, 116 WEST.—Room; southern exposure; private house; electricity, hot water heating; references.

78TH, 111 WEST.—Responsible gentleman can rent elegantly furnished room; all conveniences.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Large, newly furnished, sunny rooms; all conveniences; excellent service; phone.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Delightful small room; near Subway; home comfort; reasonable; references.

80TH, 136 WEST.—Private residence; attractive rooms, well furnished; running water; reasonable.

81ST, 167 WEST.—Suitable bachelor or couple; handsomely furnished parlor suite; convenient "L" or Subway. Kerby. Schuyler. 9922.

82D ST., 146 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room; running water; every convenience; exclusive home; gentlemen. Sherwood. Telephone, Schuyler 4794.

82D, 115 WEST.—Large and small desirably furnished rooms; modern conveniences; telephone; references.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; private house; telephone; references.

82D, 33 WEST.—Private family rent large, small rooms, newly furnished; references.

82D, 56 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; private bath; electric light; piano.

82D, 80 WEST.—Large single warm rooms, $8.50, $4; bath, telephone. Anderson.

82D, 118 WEST.—Beautiful large room; private bath; southern exposure; single room.

84TH ST., 143 WEST.—First floor; outside room; 3 windows; kitchen privilege. Craven.

91ST ST., 126 WEST.—Attractive front suite; conveniences; private family; board optional. Wheelock.

92D, 100 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; private hall; one flight; corner; one block from elevated; references. Wyatt.

93D, 103 WEST.—Large sunny front bedroom; bath; steam; piano. Rudwall.

95TH ST., 19 WEST.—Parlor floor, furnished, unfurnished; doctor, musicales, other business; also large, light room; private bath; telephone.

95TH, (Riverside Drive.)—Large, beautiful rooms; southern exposure. 3790 Riverside. Apartment 6G.

96TH ST., 127 WEST.—Large room; running water; steam heat; private. Farrell.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private house; unusually attractive, well furnished room; bath; telephone.

101ST ST., 16 WEST.—Attractive front suite; telephone, electricity; housekeeping; $700-$800. McNamara.

103D ST., 214 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, steam-heated front room; convenient Subway, "L"; small private family; telephone. Casey.

108D, 145 WEST.—Large, beautiful rooms, private house; convenient neighborhood; telephone; references.

107TH, 201 WEST.—Large room; elevator, steam; piano; electricity; very reasonable. Kirkpatrick.

107TH, 237 WEST.—Cozy, homelike outside, adjoining bath; every improvement; reasonable. Flint.

107TH ST., 236 WEST.—LARGE ROOMS; comfortably furnished; modern conveniences. Riverside 8090R.

107TH, (2,783 Broadway).—Unusually cheerful homelike front room; elevator; telephone, each. GA.

111TH ST., 611 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, sunny room; high-class elevator apartment house. Apply Murray.

112TH ST., 601 WEST.—Lady would rent large, beautiful room; breakfast; home comforts. Mathison.

112TH ST., 508 WEST.—Sunny, single, outside room; elevator; electricity; 6th floor, south.

115TH ST., 419 WEST, (Columbia University.)—Light outside single and double rooms; bath; shower; electricity; elevator; telephone. Lyman.

118TH, 405 WEST.—Attractive rooms; elevator, telephone, shower; reasonable. Apt. 41.

119TH ST., 121 WEST.—Double room; large closet; dressing room; running water; desirable neighborhood.

121ST, 119 WEST.—LARGE ROOM; LAVATORY; PRIVATE FAMILY; GENTLEMEN.

122D, 135 WEST.—Large, attractive double room; adjoining bath; sunny; private house; reasonable.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Large, homelike corner rooms. Telephone, Morningside 4880. Apartment 51.

124TH, 510 WEST.—Front suite rooms; nicely furnished; modern apartment; kitchen privileges. Worrell.

124TH ST., 542 West.—Cheerful room to refined lady, $2.50. Apartment 43.

126TH(160 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, $7-$15 weekly, including Turkish bath.

127TH, 145 WEST.—Newly furnished large, small outside rooms, with closets; steam, electricity; phone; elevator; reasonable. Unverzagt, Apartment 14.

127TH ST., 213 WEST.—Elegant large and small rooms; shower; telephone; conveniences; Subway, "L."

130TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large and small rooms, southern exposure. Owner, on premises.

143D ST., 501 WEST.—Elegant front room; handsomely furnished; gentlemen; telephone; conveniences. Apt. 27.

178D ST., 562 WEST.—Sunny, outside rooms; ladies, couple; Subway; telephone. Apt. 2.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54, (116th.)—Beautiful room; park view; adjoining bath. Apartment 53.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Attractive room; private family, near Grant Tomb; high-class apartment near Subway. 'Phone 9576 W—Morningside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583.—Single, connecting rooms, overlooking Hudson; hotel service. Apt. 24.

THE LUDINGTON,
205 WEST 101ST ST.
Two doors from Broadway, in high-class elevator apartment, newly furnished throughout; one and two large rooms with kitchenette, gas, telephone, maid service, laundry included, $4.50 to $14 weekly. All-night service. Transients accommodated.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 88.—Attractive sunny room; private apartment; modern conveniences; refined surroundings.

WEST END AV., 790, (98th St.)—Large front room, adjoining bath; three windows.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished
Twenty cents a line.

YOUNG GENTLEMAN desires a nice room on the west side; terms must be moderate; references if required. R 3 Times.

Machinery.
Thirty cents a line.

Electric motors, lighting and plating dynamos, bought, sold; also rented. GEO. BENDER, 122 Centre St., N. Y. City.

"Exceptionally Efficient."

The Proprietor of "Getzler's Transportation Rates" writes:

"From among the applicants responding to our advertisement in The New York Times and other newspapers we engaged several solicitors. It soon became apparent that the men secured through The Times were exceptionally efficient, and they have continued to be excellent producers."

The advertisement:

INTELLIGENT SOLICITORS.—The publishers of "GETZLER'S TRANSPORTATION RATES" desire a few additional solicitors. This modern annual will revolutionize the present method of ascertaining transportation costs. Subscribers can ascertain the cost of Freight, Express, Parcel Post and Passenger Transportation at a glance. 1st edition of 5,000 subscribed for in 5 days; commission basis. National Rate Book Co., 96 Warren St.

Telephone advertisements to The Times, 1000 BRYANT.

Help Wanted Female
Fifteen cents a line.

A WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN, over 25, for outside position, requiring more than ordinary tact and ability, but pays accordingly; must be self-supporting; good income (salary) guaranteed to suitable person. Ask for manager, Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

BONWIT, TELLER & CO.,
5TH AV. AT 38TH ST.
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
EXPERIENCED
MILLINERS AND IMPROVERS.
ALSO APPRENTICES.
(Paid while learning.)
APPLY SUPT.'S OFFICE, 38TH ST. ENTRANCE.

FOLDER.—Experienced; permanent position for one who can make herself useful in office. Baer, 251 5th Av.

MILLINERS.—Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of first-class millinery. Apply at Trimmed Millinery Workrooms, Sixth Floor.

SALESLADIES.—Two young ladies between 25 and 30 years of age to learn our business as salesladies; must be of good education and address, honest, and energetic; guarantee and commission. Ryan, 156 5th Av.

SCHOOL TEACHERS employed can add $10 to $25 weekly commission to their incomes by little effort. Adirondack, S 146 Times.

A YOUNG GIRL wanted to take charge of baby. Call to-morrow, before 9, Hotel Endicott, Room 658.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, AEOLIAN HALL, 33 WEST 42D ST. SECRETARIAL COURSES ONLY; STENOGRAPHY, SECRETARIAL, ENGLISH, ACCOUNTANCY, AND SOCIAL AMENITIES. V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES at a reliable school. Registered and Inspected by the Regents of the University of the State of New York. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

MISS CONKLIN'S SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 7 West 42d St., opp. the Library. STENOGRAPHY, TYPEWRITING, SECRETARIAL WORK, ENGLISH.

Help Wanted, Male
Fifteen cents a line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.
PORTER—Require a porter to do cleaning and dusting. Apply to Superintendent of Buildings, Subway Floor, Central Building.

ACCOUNTANT (senior) for temporary, possibly permanent, work; thoroughly experienced; apply by letter only, giving 'phone number. Davis, 170 5th Av.

AN energetic man may earn $100 monthly profits in the mail order business; spare time at first; send for particulars. Dept. E, Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, competent to take charge of office. Apply by letter only, stating full experience, and salary. Max Mayer, 352 4th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, energetic, 6 years' experience, desires good connection 3 years last employer; references. R 335 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, familiar with cost accounting in printing offices. The H. W. Wilson Company, White Plains.

BOY wanted, bright, about 17 years old; reference; no others need apply. D. C., Box 105 Times.

CASH CLERK, thoroughly familiar with the printing business and accounting. Apply by letter, giving full particulars in regard to experience, age, and salary expected. M., 1,408 St. Nicholas Av.

CHOIR BOYS.—Four intelligent choir boys with good voices, between the ages of 10 and 12, wanted at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. Apply immediately by letter to T. Tertius Noble, 1 West 53d St.

DESIGNER for Axminster carpets; must be first-class. Fauser, 373 4th Av.

FIFTY HUSTLERS; commission and free trip, including board for year and transportation to Arizona, for those making sales aggregating $1,000. R 273 Times Downtown.

INSURANCE MEN, experienced, clean records, solicit health, accident; monthly, weekly payment policies; no salary, but advances. Apply National Casualty Company, 100 William St., N. Y. C., between 9 and 12.

MACHINIST. EXPERIENCED WILCOX & GIBBS STRAW SEWING MACHINE; STEADY POSITION. ADDRESS X 272 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN and wife of intelligence and tact under 40 years of age to take charge of a group of 30 boys in a Jewish institution near New York City; $70 per month and board; advancement for the right people. Address School, X 277 Times Annex.

OFFICE boy wanted; one who is bright, quick, and has had some experience; answer in own handwriting, giving references, salary. G 4 Times.

SALESMEN of proven ability will be interested in our new combinations to be issued shortly; men now concentrating on present combinations, including Henry, Kipling, London, Balzac; selling features that get the orders; highest rate commissions. Review of Reviews, 30 Irving Place. Mr. Mansfield. Afternoons only.

SALESMEN wanted; experience unnecessary; easy work, big pay. Write (or call) for particulars and large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 1,001-C, Candler Building, Times Square, New York.

SALESMAN.—Man wanted, thoroughly acquainted with factory practice and cost accounting to sell cost keeping device; commission. Address the Past-i-meter System, 88 Fairfield Av., Bridgeport, Conn.

SALESMEN.—$50 per week upward for hustlers on commission basis; special offer on new, classy specialty sold direct from manufacturer to business men, stores, and homes. Chest Co., 722 Broadway.

SALESMAN and WINDOW TRIMMER; must have fair knowledge of merchant tailoring business; state salary desired and references in confidence. D 143 Times.

SALESMAN.—A Connecticut corporation marketing an improved specialty requires high-grade salesman to work up city business; commission. Call Room 9, 206 Broadway.

SALESMAN, calling on notion departments, to carry rubberized specialty line on commission, side line, for the Middle West. Address L 19 Times Annex.

SALESMAN having following in the jewelry trade, city and Eastern States, to handle jewelry box line; state salary expected and where last employed. Address K, 1,921 3d Av.

SALESMAN, calling on notion departments, to carry rubberized specialty on commission, side line for the East. Address L 20 Times Annex.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Help Wanted, Male
Fifteen cents a line.

SALESMAN, calling on notion departments, to carry rubberized specialty line on commission, side line, for the South. Address L 21 Times Annex.

SALESMAN acquainted with highway contractors and builders for special work; commission. Address A. W., 88 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, experienced hosiery, underwear trade in city and vicinity. A. Lubasch, 64 Canal St., N. Y.; salary and commission.

SUSPENDER SALESMAN.—Acquainted with resident buyers; liberal commissions. S 129 Times.

WATCHMAN.—Reliable and energetic young man as night watchman in a school near New York City; $20 per month with board and washing; advancement for a good man. Address with references, Watchman, X 278 Times Annex.

WE ARE ORGANIZING A PERMANENT SELLING FORCE TO MAKE LARGE CITIES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER; UNMARRIED MEN OF GOOD CHARACTER AND HABITS, WHO ARE A NO. 1 AND EXPERIENCED IN SELLING SMALL MACHINES, SUCH AS CASH REGISTERS AND THE LIKE, TO MERCHANTS, WILL WORK IN GROUPS OF FIVE OR TEN; FIXED SALARY; ALL EXPENSES PAID. TO BE CONSIDERED APPLICANT MUST GIVE FULL INFORMATION REGARDING EXPERIENCE, AGE, SALARY EXPECTED, AND REFERENCES; ONLY EARNEST WORKERS AND MEN OF ABILITY CONSIDERED. ALL COMMUNICATIONS CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS BOX X 276 TIMES ANNEX.

YOUNG MEN, ATTENTION! — National Guard Pay Bill about to pass; enlisted men to receive $45 to $200 per year for one drill per week; we have a few vacancies in a mounted regiment for able-bodied young men of good habits; everything is free, uniforms, shirts, hats, shoes, spurs, and pistols, including horses, where a member can drop in day or evening and take a ride free of charge; we have lounging parlors, shower baths, reading rooms, etc. For further particulars address Sargent, Box A 171 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 18 years, wanted by well-known downtown financial office; must write rapid, legible hand, be well-mannered, and reside uptown with parents, convenient to west side Subway preferred; $8 to start; good chance for advancement. State in own handwriting age, residence, and experience, if any. Address Financial, Box 10 Times Downtown.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

MEN.—Earn while learning; learn mechanical dentistry; clean, well-paying professional trade; enormous demand for mechanical dentists; positions guaranteed; taught thoroughly in few months; morning, afternoon, and evening sessions; $15 monthly. Call, write, or telephone. Bodee's Dental Trade School, 489 5th Av., near 42d St.

Wanted.—Men, women to coach for outside city position; salary $1,200 year; examination called soon by City Civil Service; instructions by expert holding high position; terms $15. Expert, S 87 Times.

Situations Wanted
Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, audited, written up, kept part time. D 101 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, two and a half years' experience; thorough knowledge of managing passementerie manufacturing plant; capable; highest reference. B, Projansky, 189 Henry St.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry; typist; five years' experience; trial balance; statement rendered; legible penman; $15. Bookkeeper, R 275 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; bright, industrious, punctual, accurate; small salary. B., 1,701 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660 East New York.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Several years' experience; A1 references; reasonable salary. R 298 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert; capable manager; correspondent; modern methods; $12. Miss Marshall, R 344 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, and General Office Assistant.—References; $12. R 300 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Middle-aged widow, refined, for small family; no washing. G 18 Times.

DAY'S WORK.—Respectable colored woman wants a few hours' work daily; references. Coleman, 437 West 52d St.

DAY'S WORK, French girl, washing, ironing, cleaning, out. Wuojarri, 2,174 Lexington Av.

ELLIOT-FISHER BILLING CLERK.—Knowledge of bookkeeping. Anna Wolf, 1,449 Boston Road, Bronx.

EXPERIENCED CHILD'S NURSE or attendant to invalid; cheerful, kind disposition; city reference. Phone Morningside 2879M, 1-3.

GOVERNESS.—Radcliffe student, experienced, in caring for children, desires Summer position with family intending to travel. Address M 173 Times.

LAUNDRESS wants family hamper, home; children's, ladies' wear specialty; first-class work; prompt delivery. Tel. Flushing 1113J.

MASSEUSE.—Face and scalp massage, manicuring at ladies' residences. Voegtlin, River 368.

NURSES.—Two Danish-Americans wish positions; competent nurses; refined; best references. S 149 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Some knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting; willing to start moderately. A. B., 111 East Houston St. Tel. 8276 Orchard.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Familiar typewriting, filing, and office routine; $8. R 327 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Competent young women as social or business secretary; whole or part time; would adapt herself to office work with professional man. S 66 Times.

SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER, long commercial experience; wants responsible position; salary, $18. S 121 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Adaptable, competent; A1 references; $18. R 290 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Young lady, (23,) living with parents, high school education, good grammarian, speller, competent to assist on double entry books, familiar with switchboard and filing, several years' clerical experience, desires permanent position; $10. S. C., 708 Lexington Av. Tel. 1927 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, confidential assistant; seven years' real estate brokerage experience; conversant office details; references; $15. R 316 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience commercial, technical lines; thoroughly familiar with office details; willing, accurate, rapid. Worker, E 219 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, assistant bookkeeper; capable; American girl; beginner; two years high school; excellent penman; $8. R 282 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, telephone operator; legible penman; high school graduate; neat appearing; conscientious worker; $8; references. Ambitious, R 311 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' engineering, advertising experience; high school graduate; spell, punctuate intelligently; $12. R 315 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Clean cut, intelligent; 5 years' machinery, lumber, architectural experience; high school graduate; $12. Daley, 270 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, FLUENT correspondent, ORIGINAL THINKER, accurate, rapid transcriber; highest credentials; $10. R 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, BOOKkeeping.—Several years' experience manufacturing lines; references. R 300 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, neat, and accurate; 2½ years' experience; best of references; salary, $9. Miss F., 487 Manhattan Av. Apt. 53.

Situations Wanted
Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

STENOGRAPHER.—Exceptional, wide awake; age 18, neat, high school graduate; no clock watcher; $6; references. R 276 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert stenographer, typist, seeks daily two-hour engagement, doctor or club woman, mornings, 9 to 11. Address K, 708 Columbus Av.

STENOGRAPHER, eight months' experience; high school graduate; assistant bookkeeper; neat; $6; references. Evelyn, R 310 Times Downtown.

STENOG

BROTHERS CONFESS TO 100 BURGLARIES

Went Into "Business for Themselves," They Say, When Tutor Got Arrested.

RESTED ONLY ON SUNDAYS

When They Went to Church—Refused to Pawn Cross on Religious Principles.

Detectives Patton and Carroll of the Stagg Street Station, Williamsburg, had their attention attracted by two young men yesterday afternoon, whom they saw wandering from apartment house to apartment house, ringing the bells in hallways. They trailed the men to Central Avenue and Starr Street, where they remained in so long that the detectives crept up to observe them more closely. The larger of the two was just opening the door of a flat with a pass key when he saw Detective Carroll approach. He drew a revolver, but before he could shoot Detective Patton had hit him over the head with a billy and knocked him unconscious. The other young man surrendered.

At the station house the young men said they were brothers, Charles and Gustave Reeke, 21 and 18 years old, of 52 Georgia Avenue. Charles said he had been an inmate of Elmira Reformatory, and that later he and his brother had been pupils of "Red" Gallo in the art of burglary.

In the last six months, the Reekes said they had been in "business for themselves," following Gallo's arrest. In that time they said they had committed more than 100 burglaries, never missing a night, except Sundays, when they said they refrained from work on account of religious scruples and attended a Lutheran Church on Harrison Avenue, between Middleton and Lorimer Streets. They also said that they never pawned any religious articles of jewelry they stole, also on conscientious grounds.

Their practice as they outlined it to the police was to steal jewelry and destroy the pawn tickets. They said they had $10,000 in cash hidden away as the proceeds of their six months of "business for themselves," but refused to tell where it was.

The police asked them to tell where they had committed their burglaries and Charles said:

"I can't tell you the places. I don't even know the names of lots of the streets. Take us out for an auto ride and I'll show you some of them."

The detectives got a motor car and took the Reekes out. In an hour's ride the burglars pointed out fourteen places, many of which had not been reported. One of these places was the flat of Mrs. Frank Krause, 41 Bushwick Place. The detectives asked her if she had had a burglary, and she told them that last week she had lost $750 in jewelry. When they told her the burglars were below she rushed out and demanded: "Where is my big gold cross?"

"The big gold cross with the four big diamonds?" queried Charles Reeke, leaning back in the cushion.

"Yes," responded Mrs. Krause, breathless with impatience.

"We threw that away. It was against our principles to pawn crosses or rosaries."

Mrs. Krause fainted and had to be attended by a physician.

The burglars will be arraigned this morning.

MRS. WOOD SUES BARNARD.

She Asks $25,000 Damages from Fidelity Trust Co. Official.

A suit for $25,000 damages for breach of contract was begun in the Supreme Court yesterday by Mrs. Gertrude A. Wood, divorced wife of William W. Wood, of Philadelphia, against William H. Barnard, Vice President of the Fidelity Trust Company. In her complaint the plaintiff alleges that Mr. Barnard is responsible for her marital troubles, and that he contracted, as amends, to support her for the rest of her life.

While visiting in New York in 1910, according to the statements in her papers, Mr. Barnard introduced himself to her as a friend of her husband, and as such not only insisted on calling on her frequently but also made advances which at that time she repulsed. Mr. Barnard, then, the complaint continues, visited her in Philadelphia, and there poisoned her mind against her husband. It was because of misrepresentations about Mr. Wood, Mrs. Wood says, that she left her home "of luxury, peace and comfort in Philadelphia," and fell under the influence of the defendant. When her husband brought suit for divorce, Mrs. Wood requested Mr. Barnard to testify in her behalf. This, according to her statement, he refused to do, but agreed to make a financial settlement with her. The terms of this, she says, called for a cash payment of $20,000, a $5,000 annuity, and an allowance of $1,200 a year for the rental of an apartment in New York.

All these allegations are denied by Mr. Barnard through his attorney, J. J. Hurley. Mr. Barnard lives at 347 West 89th Street.

WOMAN HELD FOR MURDER.

Emotional Insanity Likely to be the Defense of Rose Pressman.

Rose Pressman, the twenty-four-year-old stenographer who shot and killed Nathan Chase, a salesman in the employ of her uncle, Nathan Chase, a clothing manufacturer, pleaded not guilty to a charge of murder in the first degree when she was arraigned before Judge Wadhams in General Sessions yesterday. It is probable that the defense will be emotional insanity.

Miss Pressman has given no explanation of the shooting. It is understood that she was infatuated with Chase, and that her feelings were not reciprocated. Emory R. Buckner has been assigned by the court as her counsel.

Returns $400 Stolen Goods.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 3.—A guilty conscience and the thought of a jail term led one of the thieves, who broke into the drug store of William Spaar, in Main Avenue, on Sunday night, to call Mr. Spaar on the phone last night and tell him that he would leave his part of the booty at the Spaar home if he would tell the police not to look for the guilty ones. Spaar promised nothing. This morning when he left his home he stumbled over a package on the front door step. It contained about $400 worth of the stolen goods. The total value of the goods taken is estimated at $600.

Wilson Nominates Haight.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—President Wilson sent to the Senate to-day the nomination of Thomas G. Haight of Jersey City, N. J., for United States Judge for the district of New Jersey.

ATTENTION OF HOTEL and RESTAURANT MEN

THE lease of a prominent year-round Long Island Hotel, 40 minutes from N. Y., on the ocean, with an exceptional dance-hall clientele, may be purchased at this time at a very favorable price. The circumstances which necessitate the present management abandoning this business will be fully explained to those interested. This is one of the few rarely fine chances for a "get there" hotel and restaurant man to make big money on a small investment. Address A. B., 125 Times.

YOSHIDA PRAISES SCHOOLS.

Our Methods of Training Teachers Appeal to Japanese Educator.

Dr. Kumaji Yoshida, the Japanese educator who is making a world tour, made an inspection of the Tombs yesterday. He went later to the Criminal Court Building and watched the progress of several trials. Dr. Yoshida declined to give his views of our judicial procedure, but had this to say about our schools:

"From my investigations here, covering four months, I believe this country leads the world in its preparation of its teachers to instruct the young. I am convinced that the United States is also ahead of Germany in the technical and commercial training which it offers to young people. I obtained my technical education in Germany, spending about eight years there, and as I am a teacher of pedagogy, I find a greater advance made in America in those lines than in Germany, which is noted for its technical training. I hope to take with me to Japan a great many of your ideas in this line.

"Nowhere abroad is a specialty made of the science of preparing men and women to educate the children of the country. There are in Japan four normal colleges for the training of teachers, two for each sex. While they are good, they are not so scientific as those you have here.

"This country is also doing a great work in the advancement of social centres and playgrounds for children. Here, again, you are far in advance of other nations."

FAST EXPRESS NEAR WRECK.

Freight Is Derailed Just in Time to Stay Accident at Metuchen.

Special to The New York Times.

METUCHEN, N. J., Feb. 3.—A fast Pennsylvania Railroad express train, bound for New York, had a narrow escape from wreck here this evening. The train left Philadelphia at 7 o'clock and was due in New York at 9:18 o'clock.

As the train approached the town at a high speed a freight train swept around a curve of a branch line, bound for the main tracks. Engineer Byrne saw the signal set against him, but he was on a heavy down grade, and although he applied the breaks, they had little effect.

At that moment a derailing switch on the branch line was thrown open and the locomotive of the freight train left the rails, dragging three of the freight cars after it, to the bring of a twenty-foot embankment.

A danger signal also was set against the express train and the engineer applied the brakes, bringing his train to a sudden halt.

MINERS DEMAND INCREASE.

Five Cents More a Ton to be Proposed at Conference with Operators.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 3.—A flat increase of 5 cents a ton on a mine run basis, a 10 per cent. increase on all dead work, yardage, and day labor, and a half holiday on Saturdays were the principal recommendations of the Scale Committee submitted to the convention of the United Mine Workers of America to-day.

The report is the basis for work of the joint conference of miners and operators of the Central Competitive field, which meets in Philadelphia next Tuesday. This field includes Illinois, Ohio, Indiana, and Western Pennsylvania.

The Scale Committee approved the suggestion of President White that there be no suspension of work in the mines in case the negotiations for a new contract had not been completed by April 1 next, when the present agreement expires.

ARROW
Madras
COLLARS

Granton—made of a fine quality self striped Madras. A collar that has the character and individuality that always accompany correct styles. *2 for 25c*

CLUETT, PEABODY & Co., INC., TROY, N. Y.
Makers of ARROW SHIRTS

Carnegie Hall, To-m'r'w (Thurs.,) Aft. at 3
CARL
FLESCH
VIOLINIST.
Tickets 50 cts. to $2. Mgment. Haensel & Jones.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Feb. 14, at 2:30
2d Violin Recital—MISCHA
ELMAN
Tickets 75c. to $2.00. Now at Box Office. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau. Steinway Piano.

CENTURY OPERA HOUSE | CENTRAL PARK WEST 62D ST.
Matinee to-day at 2. Prices, 25 to $1.
This Week & Next Mon. Night. "RIGOLETTO."
Wk. Beg. Next Tues., "CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA" and "HANSEL AND GRETEL," with INTERNATIONAL BALLET.

THE CHARITY BALL
for the N. Y. Nursery and Child's Hospital will take place on Thursday evening, February 5th, at the
WALDORF-ASTORIA.
Boxes to be had at 20 West 11th St.
Tickets at 117 East 79th St.,
527 West 76th St., 16 West 11th St.
THE GUARANTY TRUST CO., 5th Ave. & 42d St.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S NEW THEATRE
West 125th St. Mat. Daily. Smoking Permitted. Burlesque De Luxe. Harry Hasting's Big Show.

REPUBLIC 42d St. W. of B'way. Daily 2-4-7-9 P. M. ADM. 25c
Universal Film Co. presents TRAFFIC IN SOULS

UNION SQ. B'way & 14th St. 15 & 25c.
5 Times Daily. 10, 2, 4, 6 & 8. TRAFFIC in SOULS

BIJOU B'WAY, 30TH ST. At 9:30, 11, 12:30, 2, 3:30, 5, 6:30, 8, 9:30. ADM. 15-25c.
THE HOUSE OF BONDAGE Photo Drama Sensation

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque Mat. To-day.
QUEENS OF PARIS

HAMMERSTEIN'S—18 Big Acts.
Curtain at 1:45 & 7:45 Sharp.
A. Baldwin Sloane & Grace Field, Bud Fisher, Laddie Cluff, 3 Beautiful Types, etc.

Park Theatre, 59th St. Col. Circle. KINEMACOLOR'S
ROBIN HOOD & other Feature Films
Daily, 2 to 11 P. M. Adm. 25 & 50c

IRVING PLACE THEATRE
Wed., Thur. Ev., Prof. BERNHARDI; Fri. Ev., (1st Time) & Sat. Mat., Sat. Ev., MAJOLIKA.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. 55 West 23d St. Proprietor, Magic. CINEMATOGRAPH. America's Heroes. People Talked Of.

MURRAY HILL Evgs. 8:15. Burlesque Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. THE GAY WHITE WAY To-day.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

IMPORTANT TO THEATRE-GOERS!
THESE THEATRES AND ATTRACTIONS HAVE NO DEALINGS WHATEVER WITH THE TYSON CO., AND NO TICKETS WILL BE FOUND ON SALE AT ANY OF THEIR AGENCIES OR HOTEL STANDS. THE BEST SEATS FOR ALL PERFORMANCES AT THESE THEATRES CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE BOX OFFICES AT THE REGULAR BOX OFFICE PRICES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day, Sat. & Feb. 12.
MAUDE ADAMS
in J. M. BARRIE'S comedy, only for those who have ever had a nother.
THE LEGEND OF LEONORA
By the author of "THE LITTLE MINISTER."

LYCEUM 45th St., near B'way Evs. 8:20. Mats. T'm'w & Sat., 2:20.
"Miss Burke has never captured a New York audience more thoroughly."—Sun.
MISS BILLIE BURKE
in W. S. Maugham's Greatest Success.
THE LAND OF PROMISE

GARRICK 35 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day, Sat. & Feb. 12.
"BE WISE; SEE THE DEAR FOOL."—*Eve. Journal.*
EVA MOORE & H. V. ESMOND
with the London Criterion Co. in THE DEAR FOOL

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:20.
TO-DAY MAT., POPULAR, 50c. TO $1.50.
MABEL AND EDITH
TALIAFERRO
in RACHEL CROTHERS' New Comedy,
YOUNG WISDOM

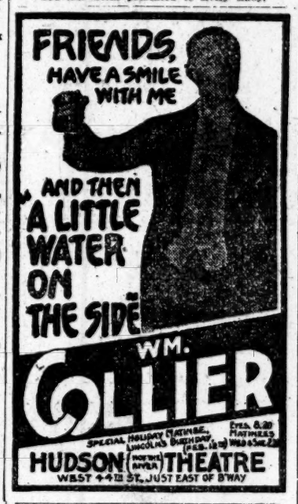
BELASCO 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Mats. T'm'w & Sat., 2:20.
50TH TIME WED. EVE. | "The play of the year. Frances Starr a revelation."—*Eve. World.*
Frances Starr
in HENRI BERNSTEIN'S THE SECRET

MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2:30.
QUEEN OF THE MOVIES
GLOBE THEATRE Broadway and 46th St.
HANDSOMEST CHORUS IN THE WORLD
TUNES AND LAUGHS AT TOP SPEED

LYCEUM THEATRE.....SPECIAL
NEXT TUESDAY AFTERNOON AT 3:30.
BEATRICE HERFORD
IN HER ORIGINAL MONOLOGUES.

HUDSON THEA., Feb. 5, at 3:30. P.M.
For a Good Laugh See
Frank Speaight
"The Man Who Makes Dickens Live."
in *Pickwick*
from Dickens' "Pickwick Papers."
"In no happier way can the modern reader, who complains that he has no time for Dickens' long-drawn-out books, familiarize himself with characters that have become parts of everyday speech."
—*Munsey's Magazine.*
Single Tickets $1.50, $1.00, 75c., 50c.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evs. 8:10. Mats. To-day & Sat.
Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Comedy,
The Little Cafe
by Ivan Caryll & C. S. McLellan.
150th Time Wed. Mat., Feb. 11th—Beautiful Souvenir Stein presented to Every Lady.



WM. COLLIER
HUDSON THEATRE
WEST 44TH ST. JUST EAST OF B'WAY

LIBERTY 42 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:20.
The International Operetta Sensation,
SARI
SETS THE HEART TO SINGING THE FEET TO SWINGING

GEO. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
POPULAR 50c. TO $1.50 MAT. TO-DAY.
Potash & Perlmutter

HARRIS 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Mats. To-m'w & Sat., 2:20.
LAST 2 WEEKS
BIGGEST and BEST OF ALL MUSICAL HITS.
ADELE

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:20.
Popular Matinee To-day, 50c. to $1.50.
CYRIL MAUDE the famous English actor
in the tremendously successful comedy drama, "GRUMPY"

GRAND 23 St., 8 Av. Mat. T'day, 25&50c
Chauncey OLCOTT—"Shameen Dhu."

THE MISLEADING LADY

Evngs 8:30
Mats Wed & Sat 2:20
FULTON THEATRE NOW

THE MUSICAL COMEDY WITH A PUNCH
"A Tango mania with every song a good one and the cast excellent."—ALAN DALE.
"Complete was the success."—SUN.
"More pretty girls than is common even in these Broadway peach orchards."—TIMES.
"It's a joy."—HERALD.
CHARLES FROHMAN presents
THE LATEST AND GREATEST OF ALL MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESSES.
The Laughing Husband
STILL RUNNING IN LONDON AND IN VIENNA.
"Music of the happiest sort."—EVE. WORLD
"You can't get away from it."—EVENING TELEGRAM.
"Wins out."—EVENING SUN.
"Enough pretty music and graceful dancing to make his trip from Vienna worth while."—EVENING POST.
THE LAUGHING HUSBAND GIVES THE LAUGH TO EVERY OTHER MUSICAL COMEDY
KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE
BROADWAY & 38 ST. EVENING AT 8 SHARP.
MATINEES WED., SAT., & LINCOLN'S DAY.
First Matinee To-day

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-night, 8:15. Girl of the Golden West. Destinn; Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Didur. Cond., Polacco.
Thurs. at 1:30. Walkuere. Gadski, Fremstad, Ober; Berger (debut); Braun, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. at 8. Madeleine. Aida; Althouse, Segurola. Cond., Polacco. Don Pasquale. Bori; Cristalli, Scotti, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. at 8. Koenigskinder. Farrar, Robeson; Jorn, Goritz, Reiss, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. at 2. Amore del Tre Re. Bori; Ferrari-Fontana, Amato, Didur. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. at 8. Pop. Prices. Aida. Gadski, Ober; Martin, Gilly, Rothler. Cond., Polacco.
Next Mon at 1:30. Meistersinger. Destinn, Matfield; Berger, Well, Goritz, Reiss, Braun, Schlegel. Cond., Toscanini.
Tues. at 8. Phila.-Ch'go Opera Co. Louise. Garden, Berat; Dalmores, Dufranne, Warnery, Huberdeau. Conductor, Campanini.
Wed. at 8. Rosenkavalier. Ober, Hempel, Case; Goritz, Well, Althouse, Reiss. Cond., Hertz.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

CARNEGIE HALL. To-night at 8:15
LAST APPEARANCE THE MIGHTY TRIO
Ysaye Godowsky Gerardy
Mozart, Saint-Saens, Schubert & Beethoven.
Prices $1.00 to $2.50; Boxes $15 & $18, at Box Office. Mgt. R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

HARRIS THEATRE To-day at 2:45.
DON'T MISS YORSKA
in the first French Drama Society Mercredi Matinees.

Princess Thea., Next Sun. Aft., 3. Piano Recital.
SAPIRSTEIN

SYMPHONY
Society of New York
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
BEETHOVEN FESTIVAL
On the following evenings: Feb'y 18, 20, 22, March 4, 7. SOLOISTS.
MR. ZIMBALIST, MME. JOMELLI, MISS MILLER, MR. MIDDLETON. | MR. KREISLER, MME. CULP, MR. SEAGLE, MR. MILLER.
THE KNEISEL QUARTET.
Oratorio Society, Louis Koemmenich, Cond. Subscription Room 1201. Aeolian Hall.

SYMPHONY
Society of New York
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
NEXT SUNDAY AFTERNOON AT 3.
A highly original French Program, including: D'INDY'S FAMOUS SYMPHONY No. 1, with Piano Obligato by Clarence Adler. Pleasant Variations on a serious theme, DUCASSE, with harp obligato by Mlle. Ada Sassoli. Also numbers by CHABRIER and WIDOR.
Seats at Box Office, Aeolian Hall.

SYMPHONY CONCERTS
FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.
Saturday Aft., Feb'y 7, at 2:30
N. Y. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
WALTER DAMROSCH.....Conductor
Soloist, Mr. HAROLD BAUER
Beethoven, Wagner, Schumann, Mendelssohn, Tschaikowsky.
Tkts. at Office, 1 W. 34th St., & Carnegie Hall.

PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR.
Next Friday Aft., 2:30, Carnegie Hall.
BIZET. DEBUSSY. BERLIOZ. GOLDMARK.
Tickets at Box Office, Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

OPERA THEATRE TICKETS | All Amusements. Box Office, B'way & 38 St. Gregg 4113.

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. 1,000 People. Carnival of Sports. 20 Fire Thrills.
A—M—E—R—I—C—A
Suffragette Parade. Plunging Auto. Court of Honor. First Steamer Through Panama Canal.
NOW! ALL NEW! Circus
ACTS. Greatest Show ever seen anywhere. under a Roof.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8 sharp.
MATINEE TO-MORROW AT 2. Best Seats $1.50.
GREATEST OF ALL WINTER GARDEN SHOWS. THE WHIRL OF THE WORLD LYDIA KYASHT
Lew Fields .....Proprietor

44TH ST. THEATRE, W. of B'WAY.
Phone Bryant 7292.
Evs. at 8 sharp. Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2 sharp.
MATINEE TO-DAY. BEST SEATS $1.50.
Sensational Success of the London Gaiety Theatre Co. and Production
THE GIRL ON THE FILM

Folies Marigny ATOP 44TH ST. THEA.
11 to Closing Time. Adm. $1. Variete, Dancing. Restaurant. DOROTHY TOYE, Oy-Ra and Dorma Leigh. Marvel's Art Studies. Afternoons 4 to 6, The Dansant—Besita Mantilla. Next Sun. Night: "Professional" Night. Dancing Contest.

39th St. THEA., n'r B'way. Evs. 8:20. $1.50. Matinee Today, 2:20.
BLANCHE RING
In When Claudia Smiles
Supported by Harry Conor
"MISS RING SETS FIRST NIGHTERS SINGING."—*Herald.*
MAKES BROADWAY MELODY MAD
"Blanche Ring gets ovation."—*Sun.*

SHUBERT THEA., 44th, W. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mat. 2 P. M. T'day. $1.50
A THOUSAND YEARS AGO

Little THEATRE 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:30.
Bernard Shaw's Amazing Success THE PHILANDERER

BOOTH THEA., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mts. T'm'w & Sat., 2:30.
Joe Weber & Walter Hast present CHANGE
THE WELSH PLAYERS in
Next Week—POST in OMAR the Tentmaker.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'y. Ev. 8:30. Mats. T'day & Sat., 2:30.
Popular Matinee To-day, 50c. to $1.50.
THE THINGS THAT COUNT
Extra Mats. Frl., Feb. 6, & Frl., Feb. 13.

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee T'day, 2:15.
GUY BATES POST in OMAR the Tentmaker.
Moves Feb. 9th to Booth Theatre.

NEXT WEEK Mail Orders Now | Seats To-morrow.
William Faversham
Presents a cast of distinguished stars.
MR. FAVERSHAM, CONSTANCE COLLIER, CECILIA LOFTUS, R. D. MACLEAN, JULIE OPP
In a spectacular production of Shakespeare's OTHELLO

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Reg. Mat. Sat. at 2:15. Pop. Price Mat. Every Tues.
"Love, Laughter, an' wee, wee tears!"
KITTY MACKAY

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.30 Mat. To-day, 2:15.
HIGH JINKS

PRINCESS THEATRE OF THRILLS
39th, near B'way. Evenings 8:30.
Pop. Price Mat. To-day, 2:30. Reg. Mat. Sat.
FIVE INSTANTANEOUS AND SENSATIONAL HITS! "The Fountain," "The Neglected Lady," "The Hard Man," "The Kiss in the Dark," "It Can Be Done."
Sunday at 3. Concert. Sapiretzki, Pianist.

48TH ST. THEA. Evs. 8:20. Mat. 2:20.
SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS. TO-DAY $1.50 Matinee To-morrow at 2:20.

Manhattan OPERA HOUSE, 34th & 8 Av. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Tdy. & Sat. 2:15.
Last 2 Weeks WITHIN the LAW with JANE COWL.

WEST END 4 Performances Daily, 2, 4, 7 & 9 P. M.
THE HOUSE OF BONDAGE The Photo Drama Sensation.

Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Matinees To-day & Sat., 2:20. Laurette Taylor in "Peg o' My Heart."

Royal 1 block from 149th St. & 3d Av. Evs. 8:15. Mat. T'day 25 & 50c. AT BAY with Guy Standing, Chrystal Herne.

JARDIN DE DANSE 8:30 TO CLOSING
Matinee Teas 3:30 to 6:30
TO-NIGHT—FIRST TIME IN AMERICA "FURLANA"—Dance Approved by Pops. & OTHER STARS
ADELAIDE

MOTOR BOAT SHOW Madison Square Garden Jan 31-Feb 7 Inclusive ADMISSION 50c

Academy—14th St. & Irving Place. Mat. Daily, 10-20-30c. "THE PRICE"

Hotel Breslin
Broadway at 29th St.
"Dixie Room"
No cabaret or dancing, but refined and excellent music.
EXCELLENT COOKING AND SERVICE.
SOUTHERN SPECIALTIES in the Dixie Room.
Business men's Luncheon, 11 to 3, 65c. Dinner 6:30 to 8:30 o'clock.
An Exceptional Table d'Hote Dinner, $1
AFTER THEATRE SUPPERS.

HOTEL GERARD
WEST 44TH STREET

Between BROADWAY and SIXTH AVE.
Within one block of Ten Theatres.
SINGLE ROOMS, $1.00 per day up.
ROOM AND BATH (2 Persons), $2.50 per day up.
RESTAURANT
Table d'hote Lunch 50c
Table d'Hote Dinner 75c
MUSIC.
"The Scotch House" Also A LA CARTE.

"FROM FARM TO KITCHEN"
CRAFTSMAN RESTAURANT
Supplied direct from Craftsman Farms. Sunny, Large, Well Ventilated Kitchen. Open Wood Fire in Dining Room.—Music.
SPECIAL DINNERS PLANNED
Phone Murray Hill 6071.
LUNCHEON, TEA, DINNER
CRAFTSMAN BUILDING
6 East 39th Street, NEAR FIFTH AVENUE

HOTEL GRENOBLE
56TH ST. & 7TH AV.
Under New Management.
Refurnished and renovated; exclusive family transient hotel. The Restaurant, Cafe and Grill are of the finest in the city and are noted for the excellence of their cuisine and service.
A Few Desirable Suites at Special Winter Rates.
Room, with use of bath, $1.50; Room, with private bath, $2; Parlor, Bedroom, bath, $3 per day up. Combination breakfasts.
B. C. MUIRHEID, Manager.

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